

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

ABN 11 005 357 522

Full Year 30 September 2011

Consolidated Financial Report

Dividend Announcement and

Appendix 4E

Name of Company: Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

ABN 11 005 357 522

Report for the full year ended 30 September 2011

Report for the full year ended 30 Sep	tember 2011		
Operating Results ¹			A\$ million
Operating income	û 8%	to	16,932
Net statutory profit attributable to shareholders	企 19%	to	5,355
Underlying profit ²	⇧ 12%	to	5,652

	Dividends	Cents Per Share	Franked amount ³ per share
	Proposed final dividend	76	100%
	Interim dividend	64	100%
9	Record date for determining entitlements to the proposed final dividend		16 November 2011
	Payment date for the proposed final dividend		16 December 2011
C			

Dividend Reinvestment Plan and Bonus Option Plan

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ANZ) has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the 2011 final dividend. For the 2011 final dividend, ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The 'Acquisition Price' to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated by reference to the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average sale price of fully paid ANZ ordinary shares sold on the ASX during the seven trading days commencing on 18 November 2011 less a 1.5% discount, and then rounded to the nearest whole cent. Shares provided under the DRP and BOP will rank equally in all respects with existing fully paid ANZ ordinary shares. Election notices from shareholders wanting to commence, cease or vary their participation in the DRP or BOP for the 2011 final dividend must be received by ANZ's Share Registrar by 5.00 pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 16 November 2011. Subject to receiving effective contrary instructions from the shareholder, dividends payable to shareholders with a registered address in Great Britain (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) or New Zealand will be converted to pounds sterling and New Zealand dollars respectively at an exchange rate calculated at 5.00 pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 48 November 2011. There is no foreign conduit income attributed to the dividend.

Compared to 30 September 2010

Adjusted to exclude non-core items and to reflect the result for the ongoing business activities of the Group. Refer pages 80 to 82 of the ANZ Condensed Consolidated Financial Report, Dividend Announcement and Appendix 4E for the full year 30 September 2011 for further details

^{30%} tax rate

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT, DIVIDEND ANNOUNCEMENT and APPENDIX 4E

Full year ended 30 September 2011

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This Results Announcement has been prepared for Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (the "Company") together with its subsidiaries which are variously described as "ANZ", "Group", "ANZ Group", "us", "we" or "our".

All amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated. The information on which the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are based has been audited by the Group's auditors, KPMG. The Company has a formally constituted Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. The signing of this preliminary report was approved by resolution of a Committee of the Board of Directors on 2 November 2011.

When used in this Results Announcement the words "estimate", "project", "intend", "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "should" and similar expressions, as they relate to ANZ and its management, are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. ANZ does not undertake any obligation to publicly release the result of any revisions to these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

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Media Release

For Release: 3 November 2011



ANZ 2011 Full Year Result

Result driven by solid underlying business performance; accelerating execution of the super regional strategy

ANZ today announced statutory profit of \$5.36 billion and underlying profit of \$5.65 billion for the financial year ended 30 September 2011 up 19% and 12% respectively on the previous year (YOY).

The proposed final dividend of 76 cents per share fully franked brings the total dividend for the year to \$1.40 per share, 11% higher than for 2010.

Group Balance Sheet & Profit Key Points1

- Underlying profit increased 12% with income up 7% despite a 31% decline in second half Institutional Global Markets income. Profit before provisions (PBP) excluding Global Markets increased 8%.
- The Group net interest margin excluding Global Markets grew 7 bps with asset re-pricing and funding mix changes largely offset by increases in the cost of funding in particular for deposits.
- ANZ has continued to invest for growth, pacing investment to market conditions. This approach was reflected in modest cost growth in the second half (up 2%).
- Loans and advances increased 8% and customer deposits grew 16%.
- ANZ has steadily improved the diversity of its funding base, reducing reliance on offshore wholesale funding by \$12 billion during the past three years. Customer funding now sits at 61%.
- The Group is strongly capitalised with Tier 1 capital at 10.9%.
- Return on Equity increased to 16%.
- Gross impaired assets reduced 15% with new impaired loans down 30%. The provision charge reduced 33% however total provision coverage² remains strong at 1.96% of credit risk weighted assets (CRWA) and the collective provision ratio at 1.28% of CRWA.

ANZ Chief Executive Officer Mike Smith said: "This result is in line with the key trends that we outlined at our August trading update.

"Our key customer franchises in Australia, New Zealand and Asia Pacific have produced solid performances; we have continued to make progress with our super regional strategy; and we have delivered value for our customers.

We have a strong financial and capital position. Our focus on the growth markets of Asia and their connectivity with our key domestic franchises means we are in the right place, with the right strategy at the right time.

"In the second half though, the global economic situation saw trading conditions for our Markets business deteriorate significantly. This more difficult operating environment - characterised by ongoing economic volatility, cautious consumer and business behaviour, and higher funding and capital costs for banks globally - is likely to be with us for some time.

With the changed game in global banking, our strategy and our financial strength will give us even more choices - choices which are open to very few banks in the world right now.

"This is providing another window for us to take advantage of growth opportunities, to expand the support we provide to customers, to build scale and create value for our shareholders.

¹ All figures are on an underlying basis, refers to the ongoing operations of the Group, unless otherwise stated. Reported profit is adjusted to exclude non-cash and significant items to arrive at underlying profit.

² Total provision coverage ratio is the individual provision plus the collective provision as a proportion of credit risk weighted assets. Collective provision ratio is the CP as a proportion of CRWA.

"We will continue to focus on the four consistent themes of our super regional strategy: investing in our super regional footprint and capability to deliver differentiated revenue growth over the medium term; building our customer franchises in Australia and Asia while maintaining our strong position in New Zealand; leveraging our capital position for organic and strategic growth; and continuing to transform our productivity performance.

"We can't take this for granted though. We will continue to step up the pace in executing our strategy but we will also respond to the environment with a stronger emphasis on generating on-going efficiencies given the more constrained domestic conditions.

The bottom line is that we see 2012 as a year of opportunity and I am confident we can continue delivering on our promises to shareholders, customers and the community," Mr Smith said.

Divisional and Business Overview³

- Australia Division increased profit 2% for the year. Pre-provision profit grew 5% with strong cost management delivering positive revenue/expense jaws for both the year and the second half. A stronger second half for Commercial saw profit for the year up 5%. Retail continues to perform well up 6%, while tough financial market conditions coupled with increased insurance costs arising from extreme weather events saw Wealth PAT down 16%.
 - Asia Pacific Europe & America (APEA) Division USD profit increased 20% despite more challenging market conditions in the second half for the Global Markets business. PBP grew 17% with Retail improving its contribution and completing a well-managed transition of the businesses acquired from RBS. The Partnerships contribution rose 4%.
- New Zealand Division NZD profit increased 55% driven by good performances by all business lines, strong cost management and much lower provisions. Retail profit increased 44% YOY while Commercial was up 61% YOY but declined slightly HOH impacted by lower credit demand.
 - Institutional profit increased 9% with strong results delivered by Transaction Banking (+10%) and Global Loans (+67%). Global Markets profit declined 28%. While Global Markets customer sales income grew to record levels, up 13%, volatile market conditions coupled with ANZ's decision to minimise risk positions in a highly unpredictable market, saw both Trading and Balance Sheet incomes decline significantly HOH.

PERFORMANCE BY DIVISION4

AUSTRALIA (all figures pro forma)

Strategic Focus and Progress

The Australia Division is focused on delivering a service-based customer proposition through more efficient business processes and platforms, and improved products and customer-facing technology including offerings like the "GoMoney" iPhone application which now represents almost a third of all online transactions.

- We have tailored customer segment propositions which include offers aligned with the Group's super regional strategy, such as Asia Pacific arrivals to Australia.
- All priority segments have improved customer satisfaction ratings.
- We are delivering growth through a better customer experience in Commercial driven by more efficient customer coverage and better leverage of our Asian footprint.
- We are improving our Wealth proposition and enabling greater presence for the Wealth Management and Insurance offerings within bank branches and online (e.g. EasyProtect, 50+ Life).
- The Division's balance sheet strategy is focused on continual funding base improvement loan to deposit ratio has reduced from 180% to 156% in three years.

⁴ All comparisons use pro forma profit.

³ All comparisons are YOY and pro forma unless otherwise stated.

Divisional Results

- Profit grew 2% YOY (+8% HOH) with PBP growth of 5% YOY (+2% HOH) reflecting good cost control, particularly in the second half despite tougher revenue conditions.
- Lending increased 6% YOY (+3% HOH) with customer deposits up 14% YOY (1.5 x system) and 6% HOH. Retail lending rose 7% YOY (Mortgages up 7%, 1.2 x system⁵)) and deposits increased 13%. Commercial lending grew 5% with Business Bank up 10% and Small Business Banking up ('SME') up 12%. Regional Commercial lending was flat YOY reflecting strong seasonal cash flows and subsequent loan pay down. Deposits increased 18% YOY with good growth across Business Bank, SME and Regional Commercial.
- Retail performed well once again with profit up 6% YOY and HOH and income up 6% YOY (+2% HOH) with 2% positive revenue/expense jaws YOY (neutral HOH).
- A significantly improved performance from the Commercial business with profit up 5% YOY (+22% HOH) reflecting good income growth +6% YOY (+4% HOH), tighter expense control in the second half (-2% HOH) and a 44% HOH reduction in provisions.
- Profit after tax in Wealth was 16% lower YOY (-15% HOH) reflecting volatile market conditions, negative investor sentiment due to volatile equity markets and increased insurance costs caused by catastrophic weather events coupled with higher levels of investment in strategic projects. Strong new business growth in the insurance business was somewhat offset by adverse general insurance claims and life lapse rate experience.
 - Credit quality continues to be carefully managed. The 90-day delinquencies in the mortgage book were lower at the end of the second half than for the first half with 30 day mortgage delinquency numbers improving significantly, down 50 bps HOH.

ASIA PACIFIC EUROPE & AMERICA (all figures pro forma and USD)

Strategic Focus and Progress

The APEA division is building a leading Asia Pacific regional bank with connectivity as a key competitive differentiator. The primarily organic strategy seeks to deliver an integrated, sustainable franchise supporting the Group aspiration for APEA derived revenue to drive 25-30% of Group NPAT by 2017.

- After several years of rapid expansion across geographies, segments and products, APEA is now deepening its reach in key franchise markets and within target customer segments as well as building a more balanced asset portfolio between our Institutional, Commercial and Retail and Wealth segments. In Asia, 'active' customers in the Institutional and Commercial business grew 25% YOY.
- Connectivity is a key competitive differentiator for ANZ. Over and above revenue booked in APEA, 4% of Australia and New Zealand revenue was APEA derived.
 - The Division continued to pace investment in the franchise with \$50 million of investment spend in 2011. The Mumbai branch was opened in June and the Chongqing branch in March deepening access to our core strategic markets and customers. New investment for IT and operations infrastructure focused on major programs such as Transactive Asia (cash management), the core banking system and Global Markets sale distribution platforms. The extension of the ANZ brand campaign into Asia for the first time has generated strong awareness in our target markets and segments.

The successful integration of the businesses acquired from RBS has supported the strong performance of Retail and Wealth. The repositioning of the businesses toward the affluent and emerging affluent segments is also now complete. The business has expanded its product capability, customer numbers and revenues (+18% YOY) through focused management, including strong control on costs, through the year.

- The total investment value of ANZ's share of our Asian Partnerships continues to grow with ANZ continuing to add value through the infusion of ANZ talent and skills.
- The Division has taken a rigorous and conservative approach to balance sheet management and has a loan to deposit ratio of 60%. The quality of our deposit base continues to improve and we are managing our assets to maintain flexibility during periods of market uncertainty.

⁵ Mortgages relative to system number based on APRA Banks data and RBA data.

Divisional Results

- Underlying momentum was strong despite the volatile macro environment with profit up 20% YOY (-9% HOH) with solid growth YOY in Retail. The Institutional business grew profit 18% YOY but was significantly impacted in the second half (-25%) by challenging Global Markets trading conditions.
- Expenses grew 26% YOY (+9% HOH) as ANZ continued to build out the business. Greater scale
 and focused investment will drive greater cost-efficiency over time. Employee numbers
 (including contractors) have reduced by circa 250 from November last year as various
 enablement projects reached completion including the successful integration of the RBS
 businesses.
- Lending grew 44% YOY (+18% HOH) and customer deposits increased 40% YOY (+16% HOH) with growth strong in both Retail and Institutional. While volumes were strong margins were impacted in the second half by pricing competition.
 - Institutional revenues increased 29% YOY but were down 2% HOH. Despite more challenging market conditions Global Markets sales income increased 41% YOY and trading income grew 10% YOY. Institutional expenses increased 38% YOY (+20% HOH) reflecting investment in people, products and systems.
- Retail and Wealth revenue grew 18% YOY with the Wealth contribution to Retail growing from 14% to 22%. Expenditure up 15% YOY (+6% HOH) with savings from the RBS transition being reinvested to grow revenue. The cost to income ratio for this business will continue to improve having declined from 81% to 79% during 2011.
- Partnerships profit grew 4% YOY (+18% HOH) with the largest contributions from AMMB and SRCB.
- Provision charges decreased 35% YOY. The APEA business has, over the past year, improved the general quality of the loan portfolio in particular within the old RBS loan book.

NEW ZEALAND (all figures in NZD pro forma)

Strategic Focus and Progress

The New Zealand business is focused on delivering a lower cost structure through a simplification and efficiency program which is progressing well.

- The management structure has been changed, costs have reduced and process and product simplification is in train as is the move to one IT system.
- The new regional management approach simplifies decision-making across all businesses and increased frontline time with customers is being delivered through re-engineered processes.
 - Customer satisfaction and staff engagement scores have improved reflecting the careful management of the comprehensive change program.
 - Core system testing is progressing with migration to a single platform in late 2012 expected to assist productivity gains in 2013.
- The product portfolio continues to be simplified and to date products in the Retail business have been reduced from 140 to under 100.
- The management of the New Zealand business reflects the muted revenue environment the productivity focus aims to deliver the lowest cost to income ratio in the market, our margin focus will deliver profitable growth albeit we expect continued low levels of credit demand and revenue, and our risk settings have been adjusted to prudently manage the changed economic outlook.

Divisional Results

Profit increased 55% YOY (flat HOH). PBP growth of 13% YOY (+2% HOH) reflecting muted HOH income trends and strong cost control (expenses down 2% YOY, flat HOH).

- Lending decreased 2% YOY and HOH largely reflecting customer deleveraging in both Retail and Commercial. Deposits grew 4% YOY with Commercial deposits up 6%.
- Retail profit increased 44% YOY (+14% HOH) driven by income growth of 4% YOY and HOH, cost management (flat YOY, -2% HOH) and much lower provisions YOY.
- Commercial profit increased 61% for the year but was slightly down in the second half (-1% HOH). Income grew 6% however a tougher second half operating environment saw income flat HOH. Expenses were well controlled (-3% YOY and HOH). Provisions declined 62% YOY.
- Wealth profit grew 38% YOY (+23% HOH) with strong income results (+15% YOY +17% HOH) coupled with good expense control (down 2% YOY).
- The provision charge decreased 58% YOY.

INSTITUTIONAL (all figures pro forma and FX adjusted)

Strategic Focus and Progress

The Institutional business is focused on executing to a clearly articulated strategy to build the world's best bank for customers driven by trade and capital flows in the Asia Pacific region, particularly in resources, agribusiness and infrastructure.

- The Divisional strategy aims to drive more diversified earnings by product, customer and geography, and growth in our client base. At the same time we are improving the risk profile of the business.
- Institutional is managed as a global business providing the opportunity to focus its efforts on geographies, products and capabilities that can deliver growth at any given point in time.
- The super regional focus is driving a changing geographic distribution of profit with APEA revenues up 30% to represent 26% of Institutional revenue compared to 20% in 2010. Trade finance revenue increased 29% YOY with 58% growth in Asia. Customer driven revenues have steadily increased, particularly in our key competency areas of resources, agribusiness and infrastructure where revenues grew 19%.
- 1,300 new relationships were acquired during the year with client numbers up 8% (Asia Pacific client base up 15% YOY).
 - Investment in the Transactive cash management platform is delivering growth with payments and cash management revenue up 13% YOY. The system is in place in Australia and New Zealand with Hong Kong and Singapore to be implemented in November 2011 and the remaining nine key Asian markets online by the end of 2012.
- Revenues continue to grow in our priority products including trade, cash, foreign exchange and commodities. Investment in improved FX capability has been reflected in increased sales with FX revenues up 22% to represent just over half of total Global Markets sales revenues.
- Productivity initiatives, which are ongoing, kept the cost run rate in the mid single digits through FY11 and a flatter run rate continued into FY12. Customer service is being improved through centralising, standardising and automating back office processes.

Divisional Results

- Profit increased YOY up 9% however a significant second half fall in Trading and Balance Sheet Income in the Global Markets business drove a 15% HOH decline in PAT.
- Customer deposits grew 20% YOY with lending up 16% YOY. APEA lending, which is weighted toward trade lending, grew 23% and now represents 34% of the loan portfolio.
- Operating expense growth while 17% YOY was 5% HOH with 2011 cost growth in large part reflecting the full year impact of investment in people and in systems in 2010. Cost growth slowed in the second half to reflect the changed revenue environment and there are a series of productivity initiatives in place to maintain a lower cost run rate into FY12.
- Transaction Banking performed well with profit up 10% YOY (+22% HOH) and Global Loans profit increased 67% YOY (+11% HOH).

- Global Markets profit declined 28% YOY. While customer sales revenues grew to record levels, up 13% YOY, total Global Markets revenues declined 11% YOY. Volatile market conditions in the second half coupled with ANZ's decision to minimise risk positions in a highly unpredictable market, saw both Trading and Balance Sheet incomes decline significantly. Notwithstanding this trend, the Global Markets business was profitable in each quarter.
- There is an improving trend in impaired assets with net impaired assets down 27% YOY. The individual provision charge has declined materially (down 72% YOY) and weighted average credit scores have continued to improve.

BALANCE SHEET, CAPITAL AND FUNDING

ANZ remains strongly capitalised with a Tier 1 ratio as at 30 September 2011 of 10.9% and a Common Equity Tier 1 ratio of 8.5% (equating to 9.5% on a Basel III fully harmonised basis).

The Group has continued to strengthen its funding profile with an increasing weighting to customer funding which now represent 61% of total funding. Since 2008, customer deposit growth has exceeded loan growth by circa \$49 billion, significantly reducing ANZ's reliance on wholesale debt.

The term debt issuance for FY11, including pre-funding, was \$18 billion; in addition to which ANZ raised \$1.34 billion in hybrid capital. A similar target will apply in FY12. This will include issuance under Australia's recently implemented covered bond legislation which will further diversify ANZ's debt investor base. Despite challenging global funding market conditions our New Zealand business, ANZ National, successfully executed its first covered bond transaction in October.

Reliance on offshore short-term wholesale debt remains low and ANZ's liquidity position has been further strengthened. Notably, the liquidity portfolio and supplementary assets exceed total offshore wholesale debt (short and long-term) placing ANZ in a strong position in the current volatile global environment.

CREDIT QUALITY

Credit quality has improved throughout the year. Total gross impaired assets declined 15% largely reflecting a 23% decrease in impaired loans (-11% HOH). New impaired loans and NPCCDs⁶ decreased 32% (-3% HOH) while new impaired assets declined 21% (-24% HOH).

The total provision charge declined HOH as the first half charge included an amount for natural disasters which was partially released in the second half, along with higher recoveries in the Institutional business. The collective provision balance has remained stable HOH.

ANZ has continued to take a prudent approach to provisioning throughout the global financial crisis and remains appropriately provided for at this point of the economic cycle. The Group's coverage ratios reflect this, with the total provision coverage ratio at 1.96% and the collective provision ratio 1.28%.

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⁶ NPCCDs – non performing commitments, contingencies and derivatives

⁷ Total provision coverage is the individual provision plus the collective provision as a percentage of credit risk weighted assets (CRWA). Collective Provision ratio is the collective provisions as a percentage of CRWA.

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Profit

	Half Year			F		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%
Other operating income	2,490	2,959	-16%	5,449	4,823	13%
Operating income	8,327	8,605	-3%	16,932	15,692	8%
Operating expenses	(3,997)	(4,026)	-1%	(8,023)	(7,304)	10%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,330	4,579	-5%	8,909	8,388	6%
Provision for credit impairment	(562)	(675)	-17%	(1,237)	(1,787)	-31%
Profit before income tax	3,768	3,904	-3%	7,672	6,601	16%
Income tax expense	(1,074)	(1,235)	-13%	(2,309)	(2,096)	10%
Non-controlling interests	(3)	(5)	-40%	(8)	(4)	100%
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%

Underlying profit

Profit has been adjusted to exclude non-core items to arrive at underlying profit, the result for the ongoing business activities of the Group. These adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis with those made in prior periods. The adjustments made in arriving at underlying earnings are included in statutory profit, and are therefore subject to audit within the context of the Group statutory audit opinion. The external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments are based on the guidelines released by the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA), and consistent with prior period adjustments. Refer pages 80 to 82 for further details regarding the definition of underlying profit and an explanation of adjustments. Throughout this document, figures and ratios that are calculated on an 'underlying' basis have been shaded to distinguish them from figures calculated on a statutory basis. Pro forma results (refer page 9) have also been provided and have been shaded in a lighter colour.

	H	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%

	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
	ŀ	Half Year		F	ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	5,839	5,642	3%	11,481	10,862	6%
Other operating income	2,543	2,788	-9%	5,331	4,920	8%
Operating income	8,382	8,430	-1%	16,812	15,782	7%
Operating expenses	(3,897)	(3,821)	2%	(7,718)	(6,971)	11%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,485	4,609	-3%	9,094	8,811	3%
Provision for credit impairment	(551)	(660)	-17%	(1,211)	(1,820)	-33%
Profit before income tax	3,934	3,949	0%	7,883	6,991	13%
Income tax expense	(1,096)	(1,126)	-3%	(2,222)	(1,960)	13%
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%

Pro forma profit excluding exchange rate movements

Pro forma results have been prepared on the assumption that the acquisitions which occurred during 2010 took effect from 1 October 2009, effectively restating the Group's underlying profit for the 2010 year. The pro forma results have also been adjusted for exchange rate movements which have impacted the current year results. This analysis enables readers to understand the estimated growth rates of the ongoing business performance of the Group, adjusted for the financial impact of exchange rates and acquisitions.

For numbers expressed in Australian Dollars, the September 2011 half year and the March 2011 half year do not sum to the September 2011 full year total due to:

- The March 2011 half year results are restated at the September 2011 half year average exchange rates; and
- The September 2010 full year results are restated at the September 2011 full year average exchange rates.

Refer pages 80 to 83 for further details of pro forma adjustments and exchange rate movements.

		ŀ	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
\leq	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	(52)	n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	41	-100%
	Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%

	I	Half Year		ı	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	(52)	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	41	-100%
Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%
		Half Year		ı	- ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	5,839	5,638	4%	11,481	10,869	6%
Other operating income	2,543	2,811	-10%	5,331	5,105	4%
Operating income	8,382	8,449	-1%	16,812	15,974	5%
Operating expenses	(3,897)	(3,807)	2%	(7,718)	(7,132)	8%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,485	4,642	-3%	9,094	8,842	3%
Provision for credit impairment	(551)	(659)	-16%	(1,211)	(1,845)	-34%
Profit before income tax	3,934	3,983	-1%	7,883	6,997	13%
Income tax expense	(1,096)	(1,140)	-4%	(2,222)	(1,977)	12%
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%

Financial ratios - Profit and Loss

Earnings per ordinary share (cents)		F	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
	Reference Page	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt	Sep 11	Sep 10	Movt
Basic	110	104.0	104.2	0%	208.2	178.9	16%
Diluted	110	99.3	101.2	-2%	198.8	174.6	14%
Underlying ¹	29	108.8	109.6	-1%	218.4	198.7	10%

		_	Half Year		Full Year	
Ordina	ary share dividends (cents)	Reference Page	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 11	Sep 10
	Interim - 100% franked (Mar 2010: 100% franked)	30	n/a	64	64	52
	Final - 100% franked (Sep 2010: 100% franked)	30	76	n/a	76	74
	Total - 100% franked	30	76	64	140	126
	Ordinary share dividend payout ratio ²	30	74.5%	62.5%	68.5%	71.6%
	Underlying ordinary share dividend payout ratio ^{1,2}	30	70.7%	59.1%	64.9%	64.1%
Prefer	rence share dividend (\$M)					
	Dividend paid ³		6	6	12	11
Profita	ability ratios					
20	Return on:					
(U/J)	Average ordinary shareholders' equity ⁴		14.9%	15.8%	15.3%	13.9%
	Average ordinary shareholders' equity		15.7%	16.7%	16.2%	15.5%
	(underlying) ^{1,4}					13.370
	Average assets		0.93%	0.97%	0.95%	0.86%
	Average assets (underlying) ¹		0.98%	1.02%	1.00%	0.96%
	Total income		15.0%	14.8%	14.9%	14.3%
GR	Net interest margin	16	2.44%	2.47%	2.46%	2.47%
(C(U))	Net interest margin (excluding Global Markets)	16	2.80%	2.81%	2.81%	2.74%
	Underlying profit per average FTE (\$)		59,307	60,930	120,204	116,999
Efficie	ency ratios					
	Operating expenses to operating income		48.0%	46.8%	47.4%	46.5%
	Operating expenses to average assets		1.38%	1.45%	1.42%	1.39%
	Operating expenses to operating income (underlying) ¹		46.5%	45.3%	45.9%	44.2%
00	Operating expenses to average assets (underlying) ¹		1.35%	1.38%	1.37%	1.33%
(U/)	Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma) ⁵		46.5%	45.1%	45.9%	44.6%
Credit	impairment provisioning					
	Collective provision charge (\$M)	23	(58)	65	7	(4)
\bigcirc	Individual provision charge (\$M)	22	620	610	1,230	1,791
	Total provision charge (\$M)	22	562	675	1,237	1,787
	Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances ⁶		0.32%	0.32%	0.32%	0.51%
	Total provision charge as a % of average net advances ⁶		0.29%	0.35%	0.32%	0.50%
	Underlying collective provision charge (\$M)	23	(58)	66	8	(4)
	Underlying individual provision charge (\$M)	22	609	594	1,203	1,824
	Total underlying provision charge (\$M)	22	551	660	1,211	1,820
	Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances ⁶		0.31%	0.32%	0.31%	0.52%
	Total provision charge as a % of average net advances ⁶		0.28%	0.35%	0.32%	0.50%
	Credit risk on derivatives - credit intermediation trade related (loss) / gain (\$M)	24	(51)	55	4	69

Adjusted to reflect results for the ongoing business activities of the Group. Refer pages 80 to 82 for an explanation of adjustments

Dividend payout ratio is calculated using the 31 March 2010 interim, 30 September 2010 final and the 31 March 2011 interim dividends, and the proposed 30 September 2011 final dividend

Represents dividends paid on Euro Trust Securities issued on 13 December 2004

Average ordinary shareholders' equity excludes non-controlling interests and preference shares

^{5.} Adjusted for the impact of acquisitions and exchange rate movements. Refer page 83 for explanation of adjustments

^{6. 2010} has been adjusted to include average bill acceptances (\$5.4 billion), previously included as trading securities

Financial ratios - Balance Sheet

			As at			Movement	
	Reference Page	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
Capital adequacy ratio (%)							
Common Equity Tier 1	36	8.5%	8.5%	8.0%			
Tier 1	36	10.9%	10.5%	10.1%			
Tier 2	36	1.2%	1.6%	1.8%			
Total capital ratio	36	12.1%	12.1%	11.9%			
Credit risk weighted assets (\$B)	41	248.8	233.2	233.5	7%	7%	
Total risk weighted assets (\$B)	41	280.0	264.2	264.2	6%	6%	
Balance Sheet: Key I tems Net loans and advances including acceptances (\$B) ¹		397.3	379.4	369.4	5%	8%	
Total assets (\$B)		594.5	537.4	531.7	11%	12%	
Customer deposits (\$B)		296.8	267.1	256.9	11%	16%	
Total equity (\$B)		38.0	35.1	34.2	8%	11%	
)		00.0	00.1	01.2	070	1170	
Impaired assets							
Individual provision (\$M)	112	1,697	1,717	1,875	-1%	-9%	
Individual provision as a % of gross impaired assets		30.4%	27.6%	28.6%	10%	6%	
Collective provision (\$M)	112	3,176	3,177	3,153	0%	1%	
Collective provision as a % of credit risk weighted assets		1.28%	1.36%	1.35%	-6%	-5%	
Gross impaired assets (\$M)	26	5,581	6,221	6,561	-10%	-15%	
Net impaired assets (\$M)	26	3,884	4,504	4,686	-14%	-17%	
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances		0.98%	1.19%	1.27%	-18%	-23%	
Net impaired assets as a % of shareholders' equity ²		10.2%	12.8%	13.7%	-20%	-26%	
Net Assets							
Net tangible assets per ordinary share (\$) ³		11.44	10.61	10.38	8%	10%	
Net tangible assets attributable to ordinary shareholders (\$B) ³		30.1	27.6	26.6	9%	13%	
Other information		40.000	40.470	47.000	10/	40/	
Full time equivalent staff (FTE)		48,938	48,460	47,099	1%	4%	
Assets per FTE (\$M)		12.1	11.1	11.3	9%	7%	
Share price							
- high		\$25.96	\$25.96	\$26.23			
- low		\$17.63	\$22.05	\$19.95			
- closing		\$19.52	\$23.81	\$23.68			
Market capitalisation of ordinary shares (\$B) ⁴		51.3	61.8	60.6	-17%	-15%	

2010 comparative has been adjusted to include bill acceptances (Sep 2010: \$6.0 billion) previously included as trading securities

^{2.} Includes non-controlling interests

Equals shareholders' equity less preference share capital, non-controlling interests, goodwill and other intangibles

As at period end

Divisional performance

	F	Half Year		Full Year			
Profit after tax	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Australia	1,445	1,332	8%	2,777	2,717	2%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	334	374	-11%	721	623	16%	
Institutional	867	1,024	-15%	1,895	1,733	9%	
New Zealand	348	350	-1%	692	449	54%	
Group Centre	3	(14)	large	(36)	(164)	-78%	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(163)	(228)	-29%	(397)	(344)	15%	
Pro forma profit after tax	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%	
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	(20)	n/a	n/a	52	n/a	
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(41)	-100%	
Underlying profit after tax	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(143)	(154)	-7%	(297)	(524)	-43%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%	

Institutional		867	1,024	-15%	1,895	1,733	9%
New Zealand		348	350	-1%	692	449	54%
Group Centre		3	(14)	large	(36)	(164)	-78%
Less: Institution	nal Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(163)	(228)	-29%	(397)	(344)	15%
Pro forma profi	t after tax	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%
Foreign exchan	ge adjustments	n/a	(20)	n/a	n/a	52	n/a
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Profit attribut	able to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
			Α	s at (\$B)		Mover	ment
20		=	<u> </u>	•		Sep 11	Sep 11
(0)2)	dvances including acceptances		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	v. Mar 11	-
Australia			231.2	224.9	217.9	3%	6%
Asia Pacific, Eu	rope & America		38.8	30.9	27.1	25%	43%
Institutional			91.2	83.7	78.7	9%	16%
New Zealand			68.2	65.1	67.2	5%	1%
_	nal Asia Pacific, Europe & America	 	(32.1)	(25.2)	(21.5)	28%	49%
Net loans & a	dvances including acceptances by division		397.3	379.4	369.4	5%	8%
(G(U))							
Customer dep	osits						
Australia			128.5	120.9	112.2	6%	14%
Asia Pacific, Eu	rope & America		64.8	52.8	46.6	23%	39%
Institutional			117.4	98.7	97.7	19%	20%
New Zealand			39.5	37.6	36.8	5%	7%
Group Centre ¹			(3.2)	(2.6)	(2.4)	25%	35%
$(\cup)\cup$	nal Asia Pacific, Europe & America	 	(50.2)	(40.3)	(34.0)	25%	48%
Customer dep	osits by division		296.8	267.1	256.9	11%	16%
	foreign exchange movements						
Net Ioans & a	dvances including acceptances		231.2	224.9	217.9	3%	6%
(())	rope & America		38.8	32.8	27.2	18%	42%
Institutional	Tope & America		91.2	85.6	78.9	7%	16%
New Zealand			68.2	69.5	69.4	-2%	-2%
	nal Asia Pacific, Europe & America		(32.1)	(26.8)	(21.5)	20%	49%
	dvances including acceptances by division	· · ·	397.3	386.0	371.9	3%	7%
(())							
Customer dep	nsits						
Australia	05115		128.5	120.9	112.2	6%	14%
Asia Pacific, Eu	rope & America		64.8	56.6	47.2	14%	37%
Institutional	•		117.4	102.1	98.2	15%	20%
New Zealand			39.5	40.1	38.1	-2%	4%
Group Centre ¹			(3.2)	(2.4)	(2.5)	33%	30%
•	nal Asia Pacific, Europe & America		(50.2)	(43.2)	(34.1)	16%	47%
-	osits by division	 	296.8	274.1	259.1	8%	15%
<u> </u>	-						

Includes elimination of OnePath Australia investments in ANZ deposit products

CONTENTS

Section 3 - Review of Operating Results

Review of Group results

Income and expenses

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Impact of exchange rate movements/revenue hedges

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Economic Profit

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Software capitalisation

Review of Group results

Profit

	F	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%	
Other operating income	2,490	2,959	-16%	5,449	4,823	13%	
Operating income	8,327	8,605	-3%	16,932	15,692	8%	
Operating expenses	(3,997)	(4,026)	-1%	(8,023)	(7,304)	10%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,330	4,579	-5%	8,909	8,388	6%	
Provision for credit impairment	(562)	(675)	-17%	(1,237)	(1,787)	-31%	
Profit before income tax	3,768	3,904	-3%	7,672	6,601	16%	
Income tax expense	(1,074)	(1,235)	-13%	(2,309)	(2,096)	10%	
Non-controlling interests	(3)	(5)	-40%	(8)	(4)	100%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%	

Underlying profit

This result includes a number of non-core items which sit outside the ongoing business activities of the Group and has been provided to assist readers to understand the Group's underlying performance. The adjustments made in arriving at underlying earnings are included in statutory profit, and are therefore subject to audit within the context of the Group statutory audit opinion. The external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments are based on the guidelines released by the AICD and FINSIA, and consistent with prior period adjustments. Refer pages 80 to 82 for further details regarding the definition of underlying profit and an explanation of adjustments.

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%	
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%	
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	

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Refer pages 84 to 87 within Profit Reconciliation for a detailed reconciliation of statutory profit to underlying profit.

Underlying profit

)	_	F	lalf Year	Full Year			
_		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Net interest income	5,839	5,642	3%	11,481	10,862	6%
	Other operating income	2,543	2,788	-9%	5,331	4,920	8%
	Operating income	8,382	8,430	-1%	16,812	15,782	7%
	Operating expenses	(3,897)	(3,821)	2%	(7,718)	(6,971)	11%
)	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,485	4,609	-3%	9,094	8,811	3%
	Provision for credit impairment	(551)	(660)	-17%	(1,211)	(1,820)	-33%
	Profit before income tax	3,934	3,949	0%	7,883	6,991	13%
	Income tax expense	(1,096)	(1,126)	-3%	(2,222)	(1,960)	13%
	Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
1	Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%

Pro forma profit excluding exchange rate movements

To enhance the understanding and comparability of financial information between reporting periods, 'Pro forma' information is presented below. The pro forma adjustments are based on underlying profit and assume the increase in ownership in OnePath Australia and New Zealand acquisitions from 49% to 100% and the Landmark and RBS acquisitions took effect from 1 October 2009, effectively restating the Group's underlying profit for the 2010 full year. This analysis provides the estimated growth rates of the ongoing business performance of the Group including recent acquisitions. The pro forma results below are also adjusted to exclude the impact of exchange rate movements. Details of the impact of exchange rate movements are on page 28 and details on the pro forma adjustments are on page 83.

Pro forma adjustments

П		Half Year			Full Year			
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	(52)	n/a	
1	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	41	-100%	
	Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%	

Pro forma adjustments	F	lalf Year		Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	(52)	n/a	
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	41	-100%	
Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%	
D 6							
Pro forma profit	F	lalf Year		F	ull Year		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	5,839	5,638	4%	11,481	10,869	6%	
Other operating income	2,543	2,811	-10%	5,331	5,105	4%	
Operating income	8,382	8,449	-1%	16,812	15,974	5%	
Operating expenses	(3,897)	(3,807)	2%	(7,718)	(7,132)	8%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	4,485	4,642	-3%	9,094	8,842	3%	
Provision for credit impairment	(551)	(659)	-16%	(1,211)	(1,845)	-34%	
Profit before income tax	3,934	3,983	-1%	7,883	6,997	13%	
Income tax expense	(1,096)	(1,140)	-4%	(2,222)	(1,977)	12%	
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%	

September 2011 v September 2010

An increase in net interest margin (excluding Global Markets) of 7 basis points reflecting the re-pricing of the asset books in Australia, New Zealand and Institutional, and growth in average interest earning assets and average deposits and other borrowings of 7% and 11% respectively drove most of the growth in the Group's income. However the growth in income was negatively impacted by lower trading and balance sheet revenue in Global Markets reflecting difficult market conditions in the September 2011 half.

Operating expenses increased 8% principally from 17% growth in Institutional, and 22% growth in Asia Pacific, Europe & America (APEA) driven by investment in capability build and a new cash management platform. Costs in Australia Division were more constrained at 4%. Costs reduced in New Zealand reflecting the productivity gains from simplifying the business. Jaws were negative for the Group due to the income performance in Global Markets.

The provision for credit impairment decreased 34% with improvements across the New Zealand, Institutional and APEA portfolios. New Zealand provisions would have improved further had it not been for the impact of the Christchurch earthquake. An increase in the Australian Retail and Commercial books reflects provisioning for the impact of flooding in Queensland and Victoria and the impact of a higher Australian dollar.

September 2011 v March 2011

A reduction of 1% in Operating income reflected a \$283 million reduction in Global Markets income. A 3% growth in average interest earning assets and an increase in average deposits of 7% was partly offset by a 1 basis point reduction in margins (excluding

Operating expenses increased 2% with growth primarily in Institutional business in APEA as a result of ongoing investment in key strategic initiatives, infrastructure and system enhancements to support future growth coupled with central technology and hubs projects.

The decrease in provision for credit impairment was mainly due to the first half including provisions for Queensland and Victorian floods, and higher recoveries and writebacks in Institutional.

Income and expenses

Net interest income

	1	Half Year		Full Year			
Net interest income reconciliation	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Pro forma net interest income	5,839	5,638	4%	11,481	10,869	6%	
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	4	n/a	n/a	166	n/a	
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(173)	-100%	
Underlying net interest income	5,839	5,642	3%	11,481	10,862	6%	
Adjustments between statutory and underlying net interest income	(2)	4	large	2	7	-71%	
Net interest income	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%	
Group							
Net interest income	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%	
Average interest earning assets	476,814	458,029	4%	467,447	439,277	6%	
Net interest margin (%)	2.44	2.47	-1%	2.46	2.47	0%	
Group (excluding Global Markets)							
Net interest income	5,546	5,377	3%	10,923	10,012	9%	
Average interest earning assets	394,582	383,832	3%	389,222	365,441	7%	
Net interest margin (%)	2.80	2.81	0%	2.81	2.74	3%	

September 2011 v September 2010

The major contributors to the growth in average interest earnings assets and average deposits and other borrowings include:

Average interest earning assets

Movement		
+\$21.3b	7%	Australia geography
+\$15.5b	10%	Mortgages – growth in net advances reflecting continuing customer demand for variable rate lending
+\$5.8b	4%	Other including Global Markets due to an increase in reverse repo balances and short term AFS assets in
		the Liquidity Portfolio and Commercial following growth in customer lending
+\$15.8b	33%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography
+\$3.8b	38%	Singapore – increase in trade loans, as well as launch of the mortgage lending business in Retail
+\$5.8b	90%	Hong Kong / Taiwan – growth in net advances from RBS business acquisition and organic growth
+\$2.2b	86%	China – higher lending and investment of surplus cash
+\$4.0b	14%	Other including India – with the launch of the India branch, onshore lending business grew
-\$0.4b	-1%	New Zealand geography – decline in Agri and Institutional lending
-\$8.4b	-2%	Foreign exchange rate movements
+\$28.2b	6%	Movement in total average interest earning assets (incl. exchange rate movement)

Average deposits and other borrowings

Mover	ment	
+\$27.8b	14%	Australia geography
+\$8.6b	14%	Deposits - uplift from core customer deposits
+\$8.2b	20%	Treasury - higher Certificates of Deposit due to change in funding mix following decision to stop re-discounting customer acceptances
+\$7.8b	16%	Markets & Transaction Banking – higher customer deposits in part reflecting system growth
+\$3.2b	10%	Other including Commercial due to growth in customer deposits
+\$14.1b	30%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography
+\$13.7b	29%	Higher deposits in Asia through business expansion and RBS acquisition, as well as deposit raising strategies in UK/Europe.
+\$0.4b		Other
-\$2.0b	-4%	New Zealand geography – decline in Commercial Paper issuance due to reduced funding requirements
-\$7.3b	-2%	Foreign exchange rate movements
+\$32.6b	11%	Movement in total average deposits and other borrowings (incl. exchange rate movement)

Net interest income, cont'd

September 2011 v September 2010, cont'd

The main drivers of the movement in net interest margin include:

Movement	
+16bps	Asset margin – flow through of pricing decisions in retail and commercial businesses in Australia and New Zealand,
	increase in fee income in Institutional and benefit from a change in the lending mix
+3bps	Funding & Asset mix – benefit from lower reliance on wholesale funding as growth in customer deposits meets
	ongoing funding requirements
☐ -8bps	Deposit costs – effects of strong competition (-5bps), continued customer migration to lower margin deposits
	(-2bps) and lower returns from the replicating portfolio (-1bp)
-3bps	Funding costs – increase in wholesale funding costs
1bp	Other – various minor impacts
+7bps	Group excluding Global Markets
-8bps	Global Markets – lower earnings from managing balance sheet risk (-4bps), lower earnings from other lending and
	investment activities (-2bps), higher funding costs associated with unrealised gains on derivatives (-1bp) and the
	balance sheet dilution impact (-1bp)
-1bp	Movement in Group

September 2011 v March 2011

The major contributors to the growth in average interest earning assets and average deposits and other borrowings include

Average interest earning assets

Movem	ent	
+\$7.7b	2%	Australia geography
+\$4.8b	3%	Mortgages – growth in net advances reflecting continuing customer demand for variable rate lending
+\$2.4b	6%	Markets – growth in trading securities and reverse repo balances
+\$0.5b		Other
+\$12.5b	22%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography
+\$3.1b	26%	Singapore – higher short term assets from surplus funds generated during deposits campaign
+\$2.4b	40%	America – increase in deposits placed with Federal Reserve due to higher available liquidity
+\$2.1b	32%	Hong Kong – growth in lending assets with Institutional customers
+\$1.7b	46%	China – growth in lending and investment of surplus funds
+\$3.2b	11%	Other
-\$0.3b	0%	New Zealand geography – growth in small business lending offset by decline in Agri lending
-\$1.1b	0%	Foreign exchange rate movements
+\$18.8b	4%	Movement in total average interest earning assets (incl. exchange rate movement)

Average deposits and other borrowings

Movem	nent	
+\$14.9b	7%	Australia geography
+\$4.4b	6%	Deposits - uplift in customer deposits
+\$3.8b	8%	Treasury - shift in funding mix to Commercial Paper away from longer term loan capital
+\$2.7b	8%	Transaction Banking - growth in customer deposits
+\$2.7b	8%	Commercial - growth in customer deposits
+\$1.2b	6%	Markets – continuous customer deposit growth
+\$9.1b	17%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography
+\$7.6b	34%	Institutional - customer deposits increased in Singapore, Japan and Hong Kong
+\$2.3b	12%	Other including America due to continued growth in customer deposits
-\$0.6b	-1%	New Zealand geography – reduction in Treasury offset by increase in Retail
-\$1.7b	-1%	Foreign exchange rate movements
+\$21.7b	7%	Movement in total average deposits and other borrowings (incl. exchange rate movement)

The main drive	ers of the movement in net interest margin include:
Movement	
+4bps	Funding & Asset mix – benefit from lower reliance on wholesale funding as growth in customer deposits and other lower cost items meet ongoing funding requirements
+2bps	Asset margin – flow through of pricing decisions in retail and commercial businesses in Australia and New Zealance and benefit from a change in the lending mix to higher margin products
-4bps	Funding costs – increase in wholesale funding costs and lower earnings on capital
-3bps	Deposit costs – effects of strong competition to attract customer deposits (-2bps) and lower returns from the replicating portfolio (-1bp)
0bps	Other – various minor impacts
-1bp	Group excluding Global Markets
- 1	Global Markets –higher funding costs associated with unrealised gains on derivatives (-1bp), higher earnings from managing balance sheet risk and other lending activities (+2 bps) and the balance sheet dilution impact (-3bps)
-3bps	Movement in Group

Other operating income

		Half Year				Full Year			
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
	Fee income ¹	1,180	1,129	5%	2,314	2,285	1%		
	Foreign exchange earnings ¹	180	159	13%	299	254	18%		
	Net income from wealth management	554	592	-6%	1,146	1,102	4%		
\geq	Other ¹	283	279	2%	569	544	5%		
	Global Markets pro forma other operating income	346	652	-47%	1,003	920	9%		
	Pro forma other operating income	2,543	2,811	-10%	5,331	5,105	4%		
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	(23)	n/a	n/a	52	n/a		
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(237)	-100%		
	Underlying other operating income	2,543	2,788	-9%	5,331	4,920	8%		
	Adjustments between statutory and underlying results	(53)	171	large	118	(97)	large		
	Other operating income	2,490	2,959	-16%	5,449	4,823	13%		

[.] Excluding Global Markets

Global Markets pro forma income

Net interest income	291	267	9%	560	832	-33%
Other operating income	346	652	-47%	1,003	920	9%
Pro forma Global Markets income	637	919	-31%	1,563	1,752	-11%

September 2011 v September 2010

The following explanations relate to pro forma underlying other operating income:

Fee Income

Move	ment	
+\$66m	+17%	Transaction Banking – driven mainly by volume growth
+\$26m	+7%	Cards and Unsecured Lending Australia – driven by volume growth
-\$26m	-10%	Deposits Australia – due to lower exception fees and reduction in volumes
-\$12m	-5%	New Zealand – due to lower exception fees and reduction in volumes
-\$12m	-6%	Other Retail Products – reflecting a reduction in fee income from the Merchants business
-\$9m	-9%	Mortgages Australia – driven mainly by lower exception fees
-\$9m	-5%	Global Loans – reflecting tighter pricing
+\$5m		Other
+\$29m	+1%	Movement in fee income

Foreign Exchange

 Movement		
+\$25m +24% Transaction Banking – due to higher volumes and pricing initiatives		Transaction Banking – due to higher volumes and pricing initiatives
+\$13m Larg		Retail & Wealth Asia – driven by higher volumes
+\$7m		Other
+\$45m +18%		Movement in foreign exchange income

Net income from wealth management

Move	ment	
+\$23m	+2%	Wealth Australia – increased capital investment earnings largely due to the recovery from the impacts of the Global Financial Crisis. This was partially offset by a reduction in funds management net income
+\$18m +\$3m		due to a combination of margin squeeze and lower average funds under management. New Zealand Wealth – mainly driven by an increase in insurance income from OnePath New Zealand Other
+\$44m +49		Movement in net income from wealth management

Other operating income, cont'd

September 2011 v September 2010, cont'd

Other income

	Move	ment	
	+\$25m large		Retail & Wealth Asia – 2011 includes a \$19 million gain on sale of the Taiwan credit card portfolio
	+\$21m	large	Global Services & Operations – due to the \$19 million profit on sale of 20 Martin Place in Sydney
D	+\$16m +49		Asia Partnerships – equity accounted earnings increased \$88 million due to higher earnings in Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank (SRCB) offset by lower earnings in Bank of Tianjin (BoT) and Saigon Securities Inc (SSI). This was further offset by the \$35 million impairment charge relating to the carrying value of our investment in Sacombank in 2011 compared to a separate \$25 million gain in 2010, reversing an earlier writedown of the investment in SSI
	-\$14m	-17%	E*Trade – driven mainly by lower brokerage income and impairment of an investment in associate
	-\$9m	-48%	New Zealand – due mainly to the de-consolidation of a previously owned controlled entity
	-\$8m	-72%	Global Loans – reduction in income from loan restructuring activities
	-\$6m		Other
	+\$25m +5%		Movement in other income

Total **Global Markets** income is affected by mix impacts between the categories within other operating income and net interest income. Total Global Markets income decreased \$189 million or 11%. Trading and balance sheet income within Global Markets businesses has fallen 36% reflecting the impact of a number of significant global events that have impacted the stability of financial markets. Despite the difficult trading conditions Global Markets continues to diversify the product and geographic mix of its revenue streams and client base. Markets sales were up 13% and FX revenues increased 3% with FX sales revenues now representing 52% of total Global Markets sales revenues (2010: 48%). Refer page 65 for further information.

September 2011 v March 2011

The following explanations relate to pro forma underlying other operating income:

Fee Income

Move	ment	
+\$27m	+13%	Transaction Banking – driven mainly by volume growth
+\$22m	+30%	Other Retail Products – reflecting an increase in fee income from the Merchants business largely driven by higher volumes and pricing initiatives and a GST charge in the March 2011 half as a result of a change in the GST recovery rate
+\$2m		Other
+\$51m	+5%	Movement in fee income

Foreign Exchange

Movement		
+\$10m	+17%	Transaction Banking – driven by higher volumes and pricing initiatives
+\$6m +35%		Cards and Unsecured Lending Australia – driven by seasonality of the ANZ Travel Card
+\$5m		Other
+\$21m	+13%	Movement in foreign exchange income

Net income from wealth management

Movement		
-\$31m -69		Wealth Australia – primarily due to lower net insurance income from adverse claims and lapse
		experience partially offset by strong new business growth.
-\$7m		Other
-\$38m	-6%	Movement in net income from wealth management

Other income

Move	ement	
+\$20m Large		Global Services & Operations – due to the \$19 million profit on sale of 20 Martin Place in Sydney
+\$8m	+27%	Mortgages – driven mainly by increased insurance premium income
+\$5m +39		Asia Partnerships – March 2011 half included the \$35 million write-down of the investment in Sacombank. Equity accounted earnings decreased \$31 million in the second half of 2011 mainly due to
-\$19m	-77%	lower earnings from SRCB Retail & Wealth Asia – March 2011 included a \$19 million gain on sale of the Taiwan credit card portfolio
-\$8m		E*Trade – due mainly to impairment of an investment in associate
-\$2m		Other
+\$4m	+2%	Movement in other income

Total **Global Markets** income is affected by mix impacts between the categories within other operating income and net interest income. Total Global Markets income decreased \$282 million. Trading and balance sheet income within Global Markets businesses has fallen 70% reflecting the impact of a number of significant global events that have impacted the stability of financial markets. Despite the difficult trading conditions Global Markets continues to diversify the product and geographic mix of its revenue streams and client base. Markets sales revenues were up 3% (or 11% excluding Capital Markets where securitisation portfolio volumes and margins were down in line with the market), reflecting our investment in FX capabilities. Refer page 65 for further information.

Expenses

	H	lalf Year	ı			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Personnel expenses	2,365	2,340	1%	4,720	4,275	10%
Premises expenses	340	339	0%	681	658	3%
Computer expenses	524	496	6%	1,022	865	18%
Other expenses	668	632	6%	1,295	1,334	-3%
Pro forma operating expenses	3,897	3,807	2%	7,718	7,132	8%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	14	n/a	n/a	139	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(300)	-100%
Underlying operating expenses	3,897	3,821	2%	7,718	6,971	11%
Adjustments between statutory and underlying results	100	205	-51%	305	333	-8%
Total operating expenses	3,997	4,026	-1%	8,023	7,304	10%
Total employees	48,938	48,460	1%	48,938	47,099	4%

September 2011 v September 2010

The following explanations relate to pro forma underlying operating expenses:

Pro forma operating expenses

Mover	nent	
+\$145m	4%	Australia
-\$20m	-2%	New Zealand
+\$264m	22%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
+\$284m	17%	Institutional
+\$86m	28%	Group Centre
+\$173m	34%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America
+\$586m	8%	Movement in total operating expenses

APEA cost growth was up 22% from the build out of the franchise, largely in Institutional, and compared with 18% revenue growth. Institutional cost growth was up 17% driven by higher personnel costs from investment to build out capabilities in APEA and investment in cash management and FX capability. The Australia division cost growth of 4% was largely due to annual salary increases and a 2% increase in staff numbers. New Zealand costs were down 2%, reflecting productivity gains from simplifying the business. Group Centre cost growth was up 28% largely from increased investment in our Chengdu and Manila Hubs and increased technology investment.

- Personnel expenses increased \$445 million (10%) as a result of annual salary increases and the continued build out of the
 Institutional franchise in APEA. Inflationary increases in New Zealand were partly offset by a 2% reduction in staff numbers
 from simplifying the business. Staff numbers increased in Group Centre as a result of the build out of the offshore Hubs and
 investment in technology.
- Premises expenses increased \$23 million (3%) reflecting higher staff numbers, inflationary increases and an increased cost associated with reducing our carbon footprint.
- Computer expenses increased \$157 million (18%) due to a \$51 million increase in depreciation and amortisation and an increase in computer contractors' costs from our significant investment in technology.
- Other expenses reduced \$39 million (-3%) due to a strong focus on constraining discretionary costs, lower non-lending losses in 2011 and lower project related expenses which are offset by increases in personnel and computer expenses.

September 2011 v March 2011

The following explanations relate to pro forma underlying operating expenses:

Pro forma operating expenses

Moven	nent	
+\$14m	1%	Australia
+\$2m	О	New Zealand
+\$42m	6%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
+\$51m	5%	Institutional
+\$39m	22%	Group Centre
+\$58m	19%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America
+\$90m	2%	Movement in total operating expenses

Expenses, cont'd

September 2011 v March 2011, cont'd

APEA costs were up 6% due to continued investment expanding distribution and building front line capability. Institutional cost growth was up 5% driven by continued investment in strategic capabilities. Australia division was up 1% and New Zealand division flat. Group Centre costs increased 22% due to project related technology expenditure and investment in offshore Hubs.

- Personnel expenses were up \$25 million (1%) mainly due to continued investment in the Institutional franchise in APEA.
 Group Centre costs increased as a result of the build out of the offshore Hubs and investment in technology.
 - Premises expenses increased \$1 million with a \$5 million reduction in Australia division offset by small increases across the other divisions.
- Computer expenses increased \$28 million with an increase in project related expenses in Institutional and Group Centre.
- Other expenses increased \$36 million mainly due to a GST credit received by Australia division in March half and increased marketing spend in APEA.

Provision for credit impairment charge

	ı	Half Year		Full Year		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Australia	297	414	-28%	711	598	19%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	67	41	63%	110	177	-38%
Institutional ¹	104	152	-32%	258	742	-65%
New Zealand	92	75	23%	166	395	-58%
Group Centre	38	2	large	40	10	large
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	(47)	(25)	88%	(74)	(77)	-4%
Pro forma provision for credit impairment charge	551	659	-16%	1,211	1,845	-34%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	1	n/a	n/a	25	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(50)	-100%
Underlying provision for credit impairment charge	551	660	-17%	1,211	1,820	-33%
Adjustments between statutory and underlying results	11	15	-27%	26	(33)	large
Provision for credit impairment charge	562	675	-17%	1,237	1,787	-31%
1. Includes impairment on AFS assets 1 Individual provision charge	!	Half Year		F	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Australia	371	298	24%	669	594	13%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	76	50	52%	128	166	-23%
Institutional ¹	75	148	-49%	224	797	-72%
New Zealand	134	123	9%	255	348	-27%
Group Centre	-	-	n/a	-	10	-100%
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	(47)	(25)	88%	(73)	(76)	-4%

)		Half Year			Full Year			
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Australia	371	298	24%	669	594	13%	
_	Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	76	50	52%	128	166	-23%	
	Institutional ¹	75	148	-49%	224	797	-72%	
	New Zealand	134	123	9%	255	348	-27%	
	Group Centre	-	-	n/a	-	10	-100%	
	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America ¹	(47)	(25)	88%	(73)	(76)	-4%	
	Pro forma individual provision charge	609	594	3%	1,203	1,839	-35%	
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	-	n/a	n/a	26	n/a	
\leq	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(41)	-100%	
	Total underlying individual provision charge	609	594	3%	1,203	1,824	-34%	
2	Adjustments between statutory and underlying results	11	16	-31%	27	(33)	large	
	Total individual provision charge	620	610	2%	1,230	1,791	-31%	

Includes impairment on AFS assets of \$37 million (Sep 10 full year: \$21 million; Sep 11 half: \$21 million; Mar 11 half: \$16 million)

The pro forma individual provision charge decreased \$636 million over the year, due mainly to reductions in Institutional. The decrease in Institutional of \$573 million reflects improved portfolio quality, recoveries and a reduction in new impaired assets. The decreases in New Zealand and APEA of \$93 million and \$38 million respectively reflects slowly improving economies in New Zealand and Asia. Australia saw a \$75 million increase reflecting the impact of the natural disasters, and weakness in the rural sector.

Individual Provision Charge, cont'd

	F	Half Year		Full Year			
Underlying new and increased provisions	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Australia	503	437	15%	940	844	11%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	144	107	35%	251	191	31%	
Institutional	254	252	1%	506	921	-45%	
New Zealand	237	221	7%	458	533	-14%	
Group Centre	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(77)	(38)	large	(115)	(94)	22%	
New and increased provisions for loans and advances	1,061	979	8%	2,040	2,395	-15%	
Underlying recoveries and writebacks Australia	(132)	(139)	-5%	(271)	(267)	1%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(68)	(55)	24%	(123)	(38)	large	
Institutional	(179)	(103)	74%	(282)	(121)	large	
New Zealand	(103)	(100)	3%	(203)	(172)	18%	
Group Centre	-	-	n/a	-	10	-100%	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	30	12	large	42	17	large	
Recoveries and writebacks	(452)	(385)	17%	(837)	(571)	47%	

Collective provision charge

	H	Half Year		ı	ull Year	
Collective provision charge by source	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Lending growth	74	56	32%	130	61	large
Risk profile	(56)	(35)	60%	(91)	(68)	34%
Portfolio mix	(4)	(16)	-75%	(20)	(26)	-23%
Economic cycle and concentration risk adjustment	(72)	60	large	(12)	29	large
Collective provision charge	(58)	65	large	7	(4)	large
Pro Forma collective provision charge by division Australia Asia Pacific, Europe & America Institutional New Zealand Group Centre	(74) (9) 29 (42) 38	116 (9) 4 (48) 2	large 0% large -13% large	42 (18) 34 (89) 40	4 11 (55) 47	large large large large n/a
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America		-	n/a	(1)	(1)	0%
Pro forma collective provision charge	(58)	65	large	8	6	33%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	1	n/a	n/a	(1)	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(9)	-100%
Underlying collective provision charge	(58)	66	large	8	(4)	large
Non continuing businesses	-	(1)	-100%	(1)	-	n/a
Collective provision charge	(58)	65	large	7	(4)	large

The pro forma **collective provision charge** increased by \$2 million during the year with increases in Australia, Institutional and Group Centre offset by decreases in New Zealand and APEA. The \$38 million increase in Australia is primarily driven by growth and an upward trend in delinquencies in the retail portfolio, floods and writebacks in the prior year. The APEA decrease reflects underlying credit improvement offset partially by growth driven by Asia. The Institutional division charge of \$34 million is mainly driven by growth in Global Loans. The New Zealand reduction was driven by releases to the economic cycle adjustment as a result of the earthquake impacted exposures migrating to impaired, coupled with some improvement in credit quality. Part of the flood provision release was used to fund an additional central economic cycle adjustment of \$40 million due to ongoing global uncertainty.

Expected loss

Management believe that disclosure of modelled expected loss data for individual provisions will assist in assessing the longer term expected loss rates on the lending portfolio as it removes the volatility in reported earnings created by the use of IFRS credit loss provisioning. The expected loss methodology is used internally for return on equity analysis and economic profit reporting. The expected loss on the current portfolio as at the end of the period was \$1,789 million, an increase of \$69 million over 2010.

	% of Group	As at			
Expected loss as a percentage of exposure at default	exposure at default	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	
Australia	44%	0.31%	0.33%	0.31%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	17%	0.28%	0.33%	0.36%	
Institutional	40%	0.22%	0.24%	0.25%	
New Zealand	13%	0.25%	0.28%	0.30%	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-14%	-0.16%	-0.19%	-0.21%	
Total	100%	0.29%	0.31%	0.31%	
Annual expected loss (\$million)		1,789	1,752	1,720	
<u>as</u>	% of		As at		
Expected loss as a percentage of gross lending assets	Group gross lending assets	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	
Australia	58%	0.37%	0.39%	0.37%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	10%	0.75%	0.82%	0.99%	
Institutional	23%	0.59%	0.58%	0.67%	

5	% of		As at	
Expected loss as a percentage of gross lending assets	Group gross lending assets	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10
Australia	58%	0.37%	0.39%	0.37%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	10%	0.75%	0.82%	0.99%
Institutional	23%	0.59%	0.58%	0.67%
New Zealand	17%	0.29%	0.33%	0.34%
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-8%	-0.44%	-0.48%	-0.59%
Total	100%	0.44%	0.45%	0.46%

Credit risk (gain)/loss on derivatives

ANZ recognised a gain of \$21 million on credit risk on structured credit intermediation trades and impaired derivatives transacted with corporate customers during the year ended 30 September 2011.

	H	Half Year			Full Year			
Credit risk on derivatives	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
Credit intermediation trade related ¹	51	(55)	large	(4)	(69)	-94%		
Credit risk on impaired derivatives	(2)	(15)	-87%	(17)	34	large		
Credit risk on derivatives (gain)/loss	49	(70)	large	(21)	(35)	-40%		

ANZ hedges, in part, the foreign currency exposure relating to structured credit intermediation trades. The 2010 full year result includes a \$14 million loss on foreign currency hedges

Structured credit intermediation trades

ANZ entered into a series of structured credit intermediation trades from 2004 to 2007. The underlying structures involve credit default swaps (CDS) over synthetic collateralised debt obligations (CDOs), portfolios of external collateralised loan obligations (CLOs) or specific bonds/floating rate notes (FRNs). ANZ sold protection using credit default swaps over these structures and then to mitigate risk, purchased protection via credit default swaps over the same structures from eight US financial guarantors.

Being derivatives, both the sold protection and purchased protection are marked-to-market. Prior to the commencement of the global credit crisis, movements in valuations of these positions were not significant and largely offset each other in income. Following the onset of the credit crisis, the purchased protection has provided only a partial offset against movements in valuation of the sold protection because:

- one of the counterparties to the purchased protection defaulted and many of the remaining were downgraded; and
- a credit valuation adjustment is applied to the remaining counterparties to the purchased protection counterparties reflective of changes to their credit worthiness.

ANZ is actively monitoring this portfolio with a view to reducing the exposure via termination and restructuring of both the bought and sold protection if and when ANZ deems it cost effective relative to the perceived risk associated with a specific trade or counterparty. Costs were incurred in prior periods managing these positions. The notional amount on the outstanding sold trades at September 2011 was US\$8.3 billion (Mar 2011: US\$8.4 billion; Sep 2010: US\$8.4 billion).

	As at (\$M)		Movement		
Financial impacts on credit intermediation trades Mark-to-market exposure to financial guarantors	Sep 11 803	Mar 11 443	Sep 10 641	Sep 11 v. Mar 11 81%	Sep 11 v. Sep 10 25%
Cumulative costs relating to financial guarantors					
Credit valuation adjustment for outstanding transactions	197	143	195	38%	1%
Realised close out and hedge costs	314	317	320	-1%	-2%
Cumulative life to date costs	511	460	515	11%	-1%

The cumulative costs include realised losses relating to restructuring of trades in order to reduce risks and realised losses on termination of sold protection trades. It also includes foreign exchange hedging losses.

The credit risk expense on structured credit derivatives remains volatile reflecting the impact of market movements in credit spreads and AUD/USD rates. It is likely there will continue to be volatility in this market value.

Gross impaired assets

Gross impaired assets at \$5,581 million represent a 15% decrease since 30 September 2010, driven by portfolio improvement and asset realisations within the Institutional portfolio.

Net impaired assets

Net impaired assets at \$3,884 million represent a 17% decrease since 30 September 2010. The Group has an individual provision coverage ratio of 30%, reflecting a prevalence of well secured exposures within impaired assets.

	As at (\$M)				Movement		
Gross impaired assets	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10		
Impaired loans	4,650	5,203	6,075	-11%	-23%		
Restructured items	700	704	141	-1%	large		
Non-performing commitments and contingencies	231	314	345	-26%	-33%		
Gross impaired assets	5,581	6,221	6,561	-10%	-15%		
Individual provisions							
Impaired loans	(1,687)	(1,700)	(1,849)	-1%	-9%		
Non-performing commitments and contingencies	(10)	(17)	(26)	-41%	-62%		
Net impaired assets	3,884	4,504	4,686	-14%	-17%		

	7	Half Year			Full Year			
	New impaired assets ¹	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Impaired loans	1,755	1,814	-3%	3,569	5,063	-30%	
	Restructured items	75	613	-88%	688	171	large	
_	Non-performing commitments and contingencies	12	10	20%	22	211	-90%	
	Total new impaired assets	1,842	2,437	-24%	4,279	5,445	-21%	

²⁰¹⁰ excludes impaired assets from acquisitions of \$423 million

		H	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
	New impaired assets by division	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Australia	857	797	8%	1,654	1,396	18%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	162	146	11%	308	505	-39%
7	Institutional	358	925	-61%	1,283	2,263	-43%
	New Zealand	511	657	-22%	1,168	1,651	-29%
_	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(64)	(89)	-28%	(153)	(381)	-60%
	Underlying new impaired assets	1,824	2,436	-25%	4,260	5,434	-22%
	Adjustments between statutory and underlying	18	1	large	19	11	73%
	Total new impaired assets	1,842	2,437	-24%	4,279	5,445	-21%

	Α	Movement			
impaired and Restructured I tems by size of exposure	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Less than \$10 million	2,490	2,407	2,461	3%	1%
\$10 million to \$100 million	2,123	2,561	2,365	-17%	-10%
Greater than \$100 million	968	1,253	1,735	-23%	-44%
Gross impaired assets ¹	5,581	6,221	6,561	-10%	-15%
Less: Individually assessed provisions for impairment	(1,697)	(1,717)	(1,875)	-1%	-9%
Net impaired assets	3,884	4,504	4,686	-14%	-17%

Includes \$700 million restructured items (Mar 2011: \$704 million; Sep 2010: \$141 million)

	A	s at (\$M)		Mover	nent
Ageing analysis of net advances that are past due but not impaired	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
1-5 days	3,028	2,868	2,547	6%	19%
6-29 days	4,540	6,222	5,494	-27%	-17%
30-59 days	1,584	2,509	1,669	-37%	-5%
60-89 days	865	1,309	878	-34%	-1%
>90 days	1,834	1,955	1,555	-6%	18%
Total	11,851	14,863	12,143	-20%	-2%

6-29 days		4,540	6,222	5,494	-27%	-17%
30-59 days		1,584	2,509	1,669	-37%	-5%
60-89 days		865	1,309	878	-34%	-1%
>90 days		1,834	1,955	1,555	-6%	18%
Total		11,851	14,863	12,143	-20%	-2%
Income tax expense	ŀ	lalf Year		,	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Income tax expense charged in the income statement	1,074	1,235	-13%	2,309	2,096	10%
Effective tax rate	28.5%	31.6%		30.1%	31.8%	
Income tax expense on pro forma underlying profit ¹	1,096	1,140	-4%	2,222	1,977	12%
Effective tax rate (pro forma underlying profit)	27.9%	28.6%		28.2%	28.3%	
Income tax expense on underlying profit ¹	1,096	1,126	-3%	2,222	1,960	13%
Effective tax rate (underlying profit)	27.9%	28.5%		28.2%	28.0%	

September 2011 v September 2010

The pro forma underlying effective tax rate decreased 0.1%.

September 2011 v March 2011

The pro forma underlying effective tax rate decreased 0.7% due to a release of withholding tax provisions no longer required.

Impact of exchange rate movements/revenue hedges

The Group uses derivative instruments to economically hedge against the adverse impact on future offshore revenue streams from exchange rate movements.

Movements in average exchange rates, net of associated revenue hedges, resulted in a decrease of \$52 million in the Group's underlying profit after tax for the full year, principally due to losses in translation from foreign currencies in the Asia Pacific and New Zealand regions partly offset by gains from the associated USD and NZD revenue hedges which are booked in Australia as foreign exchange earnings. NZD earnings were translated at effective exchange rates of 1.2681 (September 2011) and 1.2214 (September 2010). USD earnings were translated at effective exchange rates of 0.9902 (September 2011) and 0.8990 (September 2010). This included the impact on earnings (underlying basis) from associated revenue hedges, which increased by \$60 million (before tax) over the full year (September 2011 half: increase of \$43 million). Hedge revenue is booked in the Group Centre.

		Half Year Sep 2011 v. Half Year Mar 2011			Full Year Sep 2011 v. Full Year Sep 2010			
)		FX unadjusted I % growth	X adjusted % growth	FX Impact \$M	FX unadjusted F % growth	-	FX Impact \$M	
	Net interest income	3%	4%	(4)	6%	7%	(166)	
	Other operating income	-9%	-10%	23	8%	10%	(52)	
	Operating income	-1%	-1%	19	7%	8%	(218)	
	Operating expenses	2%	2%	14	11%	13%	139	
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	-3%	-3%	33	3%	4%	(79)	
	Provision for credit impairment	-17%	-16%	1	-33%	-33%	25	
	Profit before income tax	0%	-1%	34	13%	14%	(54)	
1	Income tax expense	-3%	-4%	(14)	13%	13%	2	
	Non-controlling interests	-20%	-20%	-	50%	50%	-	
	Underlying profit	1%	0%	20	12%	14%	(52)	

Revenue related hedges

The Group has taken out economic hedges against New Zealand Dollar and US Dollar revenue streams. New Zealand Dollar exposure is the most significant, covering the New Zealand geography (refer page 77) and the debt component of New Zealand Dollar intragroup funding of this business, which amounted to NZD1.77 billion at 30 September 2011. Details of revenue hedges are set out below.

		Half Y	ear	Full Ye	ear
	NZD Economic hedges	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M
Z	Net open NZD position (notional principal) ¹	788	302	788	369
	Amount taken to income (pre tax) ²	(20)	17	(3)	53
_	Amount taken to income (pre tax underlying basis) 3	20	20	40	31
	USD Economic hedges				
\leq	Net open USD position (notional principal) ¹	1,068	1,022	1,068	100
	Amount taken to income (pre tax) ²	(29)	48	19	13
	Amount taken to income (pre tax underlying basis) 3	47	4	51	-

Value in AUD at original contract rate

Realised revenue from closed out hedges

In the September 2011 full year:

- NZD0.6 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised gain of \$40 million (pre-tax) was booked to the income statement.
- NZD1.0 billion of economic hedges are in place at a forward rate of approximately NZD1.28/AUD partially hedging 2012 & 2013 earnings.
- USD0.3 billion of economic hedges matured and a realised gain of \$51 million (pre-tax) was booked to the income statement.
- USD1.0 billion of economic hedges are in place at a forward rate of approximately USD0.96/AUD partially hedging 2012 & 2013 earnings.
- An unrealised loss of \$27 million (pre-tax) on the outstanding NZD1.0 billion and USD1.0 billion of economic hedges was booked
 to the income statement and has been treated as an adjustment to statutory profit as these are hedges of future years' NZD and
 USD revenues.

Unrealised valuation movement plus realised revenue from closed out hedges

Earnings per share (cents)¹

g- p ()	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt	Sep 11	Sep 10	Movt
Basic	104.0	104.2	0%	208.2	178.9	16%
Diluted	99.3	101.2	-2%	198.8	174.6	14%
Number of fully paid ordinary shares on issue (M) Weighted average number of ordinary shares (M) ²	2,629.0	2,596.4	1%	2,629.0	2,559.7	3%
Statutory	2,581.5	2,550.1	1%	2,565.9	2,509.3	2%
Underlying ²	2,598.8	2,566.7	1%	2,582.8	2,523.2	2%
Adjusted weighted average number of shares - diluted (M)	2,824.8	2,748.3	3%	2,809.6	2,697.0	4%
Underlying earnings per share						
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (\$M)	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Less: Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit (\$M)	(143)	(154)	-7%	(297)	(524)	-43%
Underlying profit (\$M)	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
Preference share dividends (\$M) ³	(6)	(6)	0%	(12)	(11)	9%
Underlying profit less preference share dividends (\$M)	2,828	2,812	1%	5,640	5,014	12%
Underlying earnings per share (cents)	108.8	109.6	-1%	218.4	198.7	10%

Refer page 110 for full calculation

Includes Treasury shares held in OnePath Australia

The earnings per share calculation excludes the Euro Hybrid preference shares

September 2011 v September 2010

Basic earnings per share (EPS) were up 16% (29.3 cents) on full year September 2010. Underlying EPS for the Group increased 10% (19.7 cents) on the September 2010 full year. The main drivers of the increase in Underlying EPS on the September 2010 year were an increase in profit before credit impairment (after tax) which contributed 4%, an after tax decrease in credit impairment charge which contributed 8% and a dilution from an increase in the weighted average number of shares (3%).

September 2011 v March 2011

September 2011 half year **Basic earnings per share (EPS)** decreased slightly (0.2 cents) to 104.0 cents. **Underlying EPS** for the Group decreased 1% (0.8 cents). The main drivers of the decrease in Underlying EPS on the September 2011 half were a decrease in profit before credit impairment (after tax) which contributed (4%), an after tax decrease in credit impairment charge which contributed 4% and a dilution from an increase in the weighted average number of shares (1%).

Dividends

	Half Year			Full Year		
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt	Sep 11	Sep 10	Movt
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)						
Interim (fully franked)	n/a	64	n/a	64	52	23%
Final (fully franked)	76	n/a	n/a	76	74	3%
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (%) ¹	74.5%	62.5%		68.5%	71.6%	
Ordinary share dividends used in payout ratio (\$M) ¹	1,999	1,662	20%	3,661	3,213	14%
Profit after tax (\$M)	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Less: Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit (\$M)	(143)	(154)	-7%	(297)	(524)	-43%
Underlying profit (\$M)	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
Less: Preference share dividends paid	(6)	(6)	0%	(12)	(11)	9%
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (underlying basis) ¹	70.7%	59.1%		64.9%	64.1%	

Dividend payout ratio calculated using proposed 2011 final dividend of \$1,999 million, which is based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2011 half year and September 2010 year calculated using gross dividend of \$1,662 million and \$1,895 million respectively. Dividend payout ratio calculated by adjusting profit attributable to shareholders of the company by the amount of preference shares dividends paid.

The Directors propose that a **final dividend** of 76 cents be paid on 16 December 2011 on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share. The proposed 2011 final dividend will be fully franked for Australian tax purposes.

ANZ has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the 2011 final dividend and ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The "Acquisition Price" to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated in accordance with the DRP and BOP Terms and Conditions using a 1.5% discount. Refer Note 6 of the Notes to the Condensed Financial Statements for further details regarding the calculation of the "Acquisition Price" and the operation of the DRP and BOP.

Economic profit

	H	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Profit attributable to shareholders of the company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Less: Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(143)	(154)	-7%	(297)	(524)	-43%
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
Economic credit cost adjustment	(261)	(167)	56%	(428)	59	large
Imputation credits	515	575	-10%	1,090	1,132	-4%
Economic return	3,088	3,226	-4%	6,314	6,216	2%
Cost of capital	(1,998)	(1,857)	8%	(3,855)	(3,565)	8%
Economic profit	1,090	1,369	-20%	2,459	2,651	-7%

Economic profit is a risk adjusted profit measure used to evaluate business unit performance.

Economic profit is calculated via a series of adjustments to underlying profit. The Economic credit cost adjustment replaces the actual credit loss charge with expected loss based on the average loss per annum on the portfolio over an economic cycle. The benefit of imputation credits is recognised, measured at 70% of Australian tax. The cost of capital is a major component of Economic profit. At an ANZ Group level, this is calculated using ordinary shareholders' equity, multiplied by the cost of capital rate (currently 11%) plus the dividend on preference shares. At a business unit level, capital is allocated based on economic capital, whereby higher risk businesses attract higher levels of capital. This method is designed to help drive appropriate risk management and ensure business returns align with the relevant risk. Key risks covered include credit risk, operating risk, market risk and various other risks.

Economic profit declined half on half primarily due to weak trading income in Global Markets, compared to flat underlying profit. This difference was driven by:

- Negative economic credit cost adjustment impact, as actual credit losses were below the average expected loss on the portfolio;
- · Lower imputation credits as a greater proportion of credit adjusted profit is generated from non-Australian sources; and
- · Higher cost of capital charge in line with growth in shareholder's equity.

Condensed balance sheet

	Д	As at (\$B)			Movement		
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10		
Assets							
Liquid assets	24.9	19.3	18.9	29%	31%		
Due from other financial institutions	8.8	7.5	5.5	18%	61%		
Trading and available-for-sale assets ¹	58.3	47.3	48.2	23%	21%		
Derivative financial instruments	54.1	29.6	37.8	83%	43%		
Net loans and advances including acceptances ¹	397.3	379.4	369.4	5%	8%		
Investments relating to insurance business	29.9	32.9	32.2	-9%	-7%		
Other	21.2	21.4	19.7	-1%	8%		
Total assets	594.5	537.4	531.7	11%	12%		
Liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions	23.0	22.0	21.6	5%	6%		
Customer deposits	296.8	267.1	256.9	11%	16%		
Other deposits and other borrowings	72.0	64.7	53.5	11%	35%		
Deposits and other borrowings	368.7	331.8	310.4	11%	19%		
Derivative financial instruments	50.1	29.8	37.2	68%	35%		
Liability for acceptances	1.0	0.6	11.5	68%	-92%		
Bonds and notes	56.6	58.5	59.7	-3%	-5%		
Insurance policy liabilities/external unitholder liabilities	32.5	35.2	34.4	-8%	-6%		
Other	24.6	24.4	22.7	1%	8%		
otal liabilities	556.5	502.3	497.5	11%	12%		
Total equity	38.0	35.1	34.2	8%	11%		

2010 comparatives have been adjusted to include bill acceptances (Sep 2010: \$6.0 billion) as net loans and advances rather than trading securities

September 2011 v September 2010

Major movements in the balance sheet categories include:

				FX	
Ξ.	Assets	Move	ment	impact	Comments excluding FX impact
	Liquid assets	\$6.0b	31%	Nil	Driven primarily from an increase of central bank deposits in Japan and America of \$9.0 billion partially offset by a reduction in bank certificate of deposits of \$1.3 billion in Singapore and a reduction in repurchase agreements of \$1.8 billion.
7 2	Trading & available- for-sale assets	\$10.1b	21%	Nil	Driven by increase of \$5.9 billion in investment in government securities by Singapore and New Zealand and an increase of \$4.1 billion in Institutional Australia due to increased commodity holdings and government securities.
9	Derivative financial instruments	\$16.3b	43%	\$0.3b	Growth was attributable to a depreciation in the AUD against other currencies late in the second half of 2011 and volatility in the foreign exchange and interest rate markets.
	Net loans and advances including acceptances	\$27.9b	8%	\$2.5b	Primarily driven by above system Australian housing lending growth of \$10.9 billion (7%) and APEA growth of \$11.1 billion (40%) across all business lines.
Ξ.	Liabilities				
	Deposits and other borrowings	\$58.3b	19%	\$2.2b	Growth in customer deposits of \$39.4 billion (15%) was concentrated in the second half, and reflected growth in Retail, Commercial and Institutional in Australia of \$18.9 billion (12%) as consumers and corporates deleverage and growth in APEA of \$17.7 billion (37%) driven by strong momentum across the region.
					Other deposits and borrowings increased \$16.7 billion (30%) mainly due to an increase in Certificate of Deposits issued by Treasury in Australia, following a switch in products used for funding purposes from liability for acceptances to certificate of deposits.
	Derivative financial instruments	\$12.9b	35%	\$0.3 b	Growth was attributable to a depreciation in the AUD against other currencies late in the second half of 2011 and volatility in the foreign exchange and interest rate markets.
	Liability for acceptances	(\$10.5b)	-92%	Nil	Cessation of re-discounting of commercial bills.

Condensed balance sheet, cont'd

September 2011 v March 2011¹

Assets	Mover	ment	FX impact	Comments excluding FX impact
Net loans and advances including acceptances Liabilities	\$17.9b	5%	\$6.7b	Primarily driven by above system, albeit slower than first half, Australian housing lending growth of \$4.8 billion (3%) and APEA growth of \$5.7 billion (17%) across all business lines.
Deposits and other borrowings	\$36.9b	11%	\$7.6b	Customer deposits increased \$24.2 billion (9%) due to growth Australia of \$15.4 billion (9%) and APEA of \$8.2 billion (14%). Other deposits and borrowings increased by \$5.1 billion mainly in Australia.

 $^{^{1.}}$ Where movement and explanation is the same as the September 2011 v September 2010, balance sheet item is not repeated

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations as they fall due, including repaying depositors or maturing wholesale debt, or that the Group has insufficient capacity to fund increases in assets. The timing mismatch of cash flows and the related liquidity risk is inherent in all banking operations and is closely monitored by the Group. The Group maintains a portfolio of liquid assets to manage potential stresses in funding sources. The minimum level of liquidity portfolio assets to hold is based on a range of ANZ specific and general market liquidity stress scenarios such that potential cash flow obligations can be met over the short to medium term.

The Group's approach to liquidity risk management incorporates the following key components:

Scenario Modelling of funding sources

The Global financial crisis highlighted the importance of differentiating between stressed and normal market conditions in a namespecific crisis and the different behaviour that offshore and domestic wholesale funding markets can exhibit during market stress events. ANZ's liquidity scenario modelling stresses site and total bank cash flow projections against multiple 'survival horizons' over which period the Group is required to remain cash flow positive. Scenarios modelled are either prudential requirements, i.e. a 'going-concern' scenario, or 'name crisis' scenario; or Board mandated scenarios including 'Name-specific' stresses and 'Funding Market' events. Under these scenarios, customer and wholesale balance sheet asset/liability flows are stressed.

Liquidity portfolio

The Group holds a diversified portfolio of cash and high credit quality securities that may be sold or pledged to provide same-day liquidity. This portfolio helps protect the Group's liquidity position by providing cash in a severely stressed environment. All assets held in this portfolio are securities eligible for repurchase under agreements with the applicable central bank (i.e. 'repo eligible').

The liquidity portfolio is well diversified by counterparty, currency, and tenor. Under the liquidity policy framework, securities purchased for ANZ's liquidity portfolio must be of a similar or better credit quality to ANZ's external long-term or short-term credit ratings and continue to be repo eligible.

Supplementing the prime liquid asset portfolio, the Group held:

- additional central bank deposits with the US Federal Reserve and Bank of Japan of \$10.3 billion,
- secondary sources of liquidity including Australian Government securities, Australian State Government securities and gold of \$9.6 billion, and,
- additional cash and other securities to satisfy local country regulatory liquidity requirements.

secondary sources of I\$9.6 billion, and,	iquidity including Australian Government	securities, Australian State Gove	ernment securities	and gold of
 additional cash and other 	her securities to satisfy local country reg	ulatory liquidity requirements.		
These other assets are not	included in the prime liquidity portfolio o	outlined below:		
			As at	
Prime liquidity portfolio (Mark	ket Values) ¹	Sep 11 AUD \$B	Mar 11 AUD \$B	Sep 10 AUD \$B
Australia		20.8	24.9	21.0
New Zealand		9.1	8.5	7.5
United States		1.4	1.2	1.3
United Kingdom		2.7	2.2	2.2
Asia		6.7	2.0	4.2
Internal Residential Mortgage Bad	cked Securities (Australia)	26.8	24.6	26.7
Internal Residential Mortgage Bad	cked Securities (New Zealand)	3.9	3.7	3.8
Total		71.4	67.1	66.7
Long term counterparty/security Credit Rating ²	Market Value AUD \$B ¹			
AAA	52.7			
AA+	10.0			
AA	7.3			
AA-	0.9			
A+	0.3			
A	0.2			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Long term counterparty/security Credit Rating ²	Market Value AUD \$B ¹
AAA	52.7
AA+	10.0
AA	7.3
AA-	0.9
A+	0.3
Α	0.2
Total	71.4

- Market value is post the repo discount applied by the applicable central bank
- Where available, based on Standard & Poor's long-term credit ratings

Liquidity risk, cont'd

Regulatory Change

Following the publication of earlier discussion papers relating to liquidity prudential requirements, APRA and the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision have both made further announcements on this topic. These proposals include enhancements to governance and other qualitative requirements, including the requirement for a clear risk appetite statement on liquidity risk from the Board. Many of these aspects have been integrated into ANZ's liquidity management framework for some time. The proposed changes to the quantitative requirements, including changes to scenario stress tests and structural liquidity metrics, are more significant. While ANZ has an existing stress scenario framework and structural liquidity risk metrics and limits in place, the requirements proposed are in general more onerous. These changes will impact the future composition and size of ANZ's liquidity portfolio as well as the size and composition of the Bank's funding base. APRA is expected to release details on the prudential changes shortly, with compliance against the new liquidity coverage ratio commencing in 2015.

Fundina

ANZ manages its funding profile using a range of funding metrics and balance sheet disciplines. This approach is designed to ensure that an appropriate proportion of the Group's assets are funded by stable funding sources including core customer deposits, longer-dated wholesale funding (with a remaining term exceeding one year) and equity. This includes targeting a diversified funding base, avoiding undue concentrations by investor type, maturity, market source and currency.

Customer deposits and other funding liabilities increased by 16% to \$308.2 billion and now represents 61% of all funding, an increase of 3% from 30 September 2010.

\$18.0 billion of term wholesale debt (with a remaining term greater than one year), including \$2.4 billion of pre-funding executed during full year 2010, was issued during the 2011 financial year. In addition, ANZ raised \$1.34 billion in hybrid capital, taking the total term debt and hybrid issuance for the 2011 financial year to \$19.4 billion. As at 30 September 2011, term wholesale funding represented 12% of total funding, a decrease from 16% as at 30 September 2010 (partly due to 2011 financial year pre-funding completed during 2010 financial year as funding was replaced with customer deposits and Tier 1 capital).

- ANZ maintained access to all major global wholesale funding markets during 2011.
- Over 70% of term funding requirements were completed during the first half, before market conditions began to deteriorate.
 Benchmark term debt issues were completed in AUD, USD, JPY, CHF, CAD and NZD.
- All short-term wholesale funding needs were comfortably met, despite an increase in volatility in offshore markets and a general shortening of tenor preference from US money market investors.
 - The weighted average tenor of new term debt issuance was 4.7 years (unchanged year-on-year).
 - The weighted average cost of new term debt issuance during 2011 declined marginally (4 bps) relative to 2010. Average portfolio costs remain substantially above pre-crisis levels and continue to increase as maturing term wholesale funding is replaced at higher spreads.

Over the past year strong customer deposit growth and stable term debt issuance has allowed ANZ to maintain a low reliance on short-term wholesale funding markets. The proportion of total funding sourced from short-term wholesale funding markets was unchanged at 12% between 30 September 2010 and 30 September 2011.

The tables on the following page show the Group's funding composition.

Liquidity risk, cont'd

	As at (\$M)			Movement		
Customer denosite and other liabilities ¹	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
Customer deposits and other liabilities ¹ Australia	128,490	120,907	112,248	6%	14%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	64,824	52,795	46,604	23%	39%	
Institutional	117,434	98,747	97,681	19%	20%	
New Zealand	39,471	37,572	36,797	5%	7%	
Group Centre	(3,241)	(2,595)	(2,500)	25%	30%	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(50,224)	(40,322)	(33,958)	25%	48%	
Underlying customer deposits	296,753	267,102	256,872	11%	16%	
Adjustments between statutory and underlying	1	4	3	-75%	-67%	
Total customer deposits	296,754	267,106	256,875	11%	16%	
Other ²	11,450	11,755	9,113	-3%	26%	
Total customer deposits and other liabilities (funding)	308,204	278,861	265,988	11%	16%	
Wholesale funding Bonds and notes	E4 EE1	E0 E24	EO 714	30/	EO	
	56,551	58,526	59,714	-3%	-5%	
Loan capital	11,993	11,634	12,280	3%	-2%	
Certificates of deposit	55,554	51,513	39,530	8%	41%	
Liability for acceptances ³	970	577	11,495	68%	-92%	
Commercial paper issued	14,333	10,769	11,641	33%	23%	
Due to other financial institutions	23,012	22,014	21,610	5%	6%	
Other wholesale borrowings ⁴	(1,128)	2,735	2,140	large	large	
Total wholesale funding	161,285	157,768	158,410	2%	2%	
Shareholders' equity (excl preference shares)	37,083	34,258	33,284	8%	11%	
Total funding	506,572	470,887	457,682	8%	11%	
Wholesale funding⁵						
Short term wholesale funding	63,333	54,601	54,078	16%	17%	
Long term wholesale funding						
- Less than 1 year residual maturity	27,883	26,736	26,779	4%	4%	
- Greater than 1 year residual maturity	63,293	71,052	72,065	-11%	-12%	
Hybrid capital including preference shares	6,776	5,379	5,488	26%	23%	
total wholesale funding and preference share capital excluding shareholders' equity	161,285	157,768	158,410	2%	2%	
Total funding maturity						
Short term wholesale funding	12%	12%	12%			
Long term wholesale funding						
- Less than 1 year residual maturity	6%	6%	6%			
- Greater than 1 year residual maturity	12%	15%	16%			
Total customer liabilities (funding)	61%	59%	58%			
Shareholders' equity and hybrid debt	9%	8%	8%			
Total funding and shareholders' equity	100%	100%	100%			

^{1.} Includes term deposits, other deposits excluding securitisation deposits and an adjustment to eliminate OnePath Australia investments in ANZ deposit products

Includes interest accruals, payables and other liabilities, provisions and net tax provisions, excluding other liabilities in OnePath

The decrease in liability for acceptances is due to a switch in products used for funding purpose

Includes net derivative balances, special purpose vehicles, other borrowings and preference share capital Euro hybrids

^{5.} Long term wholesale funding amounts are stated at original hedged exchange rates. Movements due to currency fluctuations in actual amounts borrowed are classified as short term wholesale funding

Capital Management

		As at			
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10		
Common Equity Tier 1 ¹	8.5%	8.5%	8.0%		
Tier 1	10.9%	10.5%	10.1%		
Tier 2	1.2%	1.6%	1.8%		
Total capital	12.1%	12.1%	11.9%		
Risk weighted assets \$M	279,964	264,236	264,242		

Common Equity Tier 1 is Tier 1 excluding hybrid Tier 1 capital instruments

Further details of the components of capital and the capital adequacy calculation are set out on pages 39 to 42

The Basel II Accord principles took effect from 1 January 2008. For calculation of minimum capital requirements under Pillar 1 (Capital Requirements) of the Basel II Accord, ANZ has been accredited by Australian Prudential Regulation Authority (APRA) to use Advanced Internal Ratings Based (AIRB) methodology for credit risk weighted assets and Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) for the operational risk weighted asset equivalent.

Common Equity Tier 1 Ratio

The Common Equity Tier 1 ratio at September 2011 of 8.5% represents an increase from September 2010 of 47 basis points and an increase from March 2011 of 3 basis points. The key contributors to the increase were:

//)]	Half Year	Full Year
90 - Table 1988 -	Sep 11 vs Mar 11	Sep 11 vs Sep 10
Common Equity Tier 1		
Underlying profit after preference share dividends	+107bps (\$2.8B)	+213bps (\$5.6B)
Ordinary share dividends net of reinvestment	-46bps (\$1.2B)	-83bps (\$2.2B)
Risk weighted assets (excluding FX impact)		
Portfolio growth and mix	-43bps	-51bps
Risk migration and Expected Losses in excess of Eligible Provisions	+7bps	+7bps
Portfolio data review	+2bps	+2bps
Non-credit risk	0bps	-1bps
Profit retention in insurance businesses and associates	-9bps	-15bps
Non-underlying profit items	-5bps	-11bps
Capitalised software expense	-9bps	-14bps
Other items	-1bps	+7bps
Net organic	+3bps	+54bps
Net organic Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank	+3bps Obps	+54bps -5bps
// 1	•	
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank	Obps	-5bps
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank Bank of Tianjin	Obps Obps	-5bps -2bps
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank Bank of Tianjin Investments	Obps Obps Obps	-5bps -2bps -7bps
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank Bank of Tianjin Investments Total Common Equity Tier 1 movement	Obps Obps Obps	-5bps -2bps -7bps
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank Bank of Tianjin Investments Total Common Equity Tier 1 movement Tier 1 (in addition to Common Equity Tier 1 above)	Obps Obps Obps +3bps	-5bps -2bps -7bps +47bps

Hybrid Tier 1 Capital

ANZ raises hybrid Tier 1 capital to further strengthen the Group's capital base and supplement its Common Equity Tier 1 capital position, ensuring compliance with APRA's prudential capital requirements and meeting Group operating targets for Tier 1. The total amount of qualifying hybrid Tier 1 capital is known as Residual Tier 1 capital which is limited to 25% of Tier 1 capital. Innovative Tier 1 capital, a sub category of Residual Tier 1 capital, is limited to 15% of Tier 1 capital. As at 30 September 2011, ANZ's hybrid Tier 1 capital usage and instrument details were as follows:

Instrument	\$M	% of Net Tier 1 capital	Limit	Amount in issue currency	Accounting classification	Interest rate
		пет г сарпат		issue currency	Ciassification	Tate
UK Stapled Securities	721			GBP450 million	Debt	Coupon 6.54%
ANZ Convertible Preference Shares (CPS1)	1,081			AUD1,081 million	Debt	90 day BBSW + 2.50% (gross pay equivalent)
ANZ Convertible Preference Shares (CPS2)	1,969			AUD1,969 million	Debt	90 day BBSW + 3.10% (gross pay equivalent)
ANZ Convertible Preference Shares (CPS3)	1,340			AUD1,340 million	Debt	180 day BBSW + 3.10% (gross pay equivalent)
Non-innovative instruments	5,111					
Euro Trust Securities	871			EURO500 million	Equity	Euribor (3 month) + 0.66%
US Trust Securities	770			USD750 million	Debt	Coupon: 5.36%
Innovative instruments	1,641	5.4%	15%		·	
Residual Tier 1 capital	6,752	22.1%	25%			

Regulatory change

Following on from the December 2010 Basel Committee paper on prudential capital reforms, on 6 September 2011 APRA released a discussion paper detailing the implementation of their proposed Basel III capital reforms in Australia.

The discussion paper proposes to adopt the Basel III reforms with increased capital deductions from Common Equity Tier 1 capital, higher capital targets with prescribed minimum capital buffers; and tighter requirements around hybrid Tier 1 and Tier 2 securities. In addition to higher risk weightings for counterparty credit risk proposed by the December 2010 Basel Committee paper, the adjustments to ANZ's capital ratios proposed by the discussion paper are set out below and APRA is proposing that these become effective from January 2013. The APRA proposals generally adopt a more conservative approach than the December 2010 Basel committee paper and ANZ believes full alignment to Basel III would be more appropriate.

The Basel Committee is still to release final proposals for contingent capital and measures to address systematic and inter-connected risks – these are expected in 2012.

The following table reconciles the September 2011 APRA Basel II capital ratios to the pro-forma APRA Basel III ratios, based on our current interpretation of APRA's 6 September 2011 discussion paper methodology. This is then fully aligned to the Basel Committee's framework including the December 2010 consultation paper.

		Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	Tier 1 Capital	Total Capital
APRA Se	otember 2011 Basel II	8.5%	10.9%	12.1%
Plus: Divi	dend not provided for (net of DRP)	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Less: Tier	2 capital deductions moved to Common Equity Tier 1			
Inves	tment in ADIs and overseas equivalents	(0.4%)	(0.4%)	-
Inves	tment in ANZ insurance subsidiaries including OnePath	(0.4%)	(0.4%)	_
	ted losses in excess of eligible provisions	(0.2%)	(0.2%)	_
Other	- '	(0.1%)	(0.1%)	(0.1%)
	5 reduction of existing hybrid Tier 1 and Tier 2 securities ¹	-	(0.2%)	(0.4%)
(()		7.9%	10.1%	12.1%
Less: esti	mated increase in RWA ²	(0.4%)	(0.5%)	(0.6%)
	a ratio - should the APRA Basel III proposals be adopted	7.5%	9.6%	11.5%
	stments to fully align to Basel III	7.570	7.670	11.570
	allowance for investments in insurance subsidiaries			
	nd ADIs including overseas equivalents	0.8%	0.7%	0.6%
((//)) Up to	5% allowance for deferred tax assets ³	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
Other	capital items	0.2%	0.2%	0.3%
Pro form	a Basel III (fully aligned capital)	8.7%	10.7%	12.6%
	tional APRA Basel II conservative RWA methodologies			
	age 20% LGD floor and others	0.6%	0.7%	0.7%
_	B RWA (APRA Pillar 1 approach)	0.2%	0.3%	0.4%
	a Basel III fully aligned	9.5%	11.7%	13.7%
impacts	es additional RWA for Market Risk and Securitisation applicable to APRA enhance is arising from APRA's yet to be released Basel III liquidity reforms ng alignment of deferred tax asset associated with Expected Losses in excess of		•	,

From 1 January 2013 transitional treatment for existing securities on issue will apply. The maximum that can be included in the respective capital base is 90% of the volume of eligible transitional Tier 1 and Tier 2 securities on issue at 31 December 2012. The cap will reduce by 10 percentage points each year until 1 January 2022

Excludes additional RWA for Market Risk and Securitisation applicable to APRA enhancements to the Basel II framework effective 1 January 2012 and potential impacts arising from APRA's yet to be released Basel III liquidity reforms

Including alignment of deferred tax asset associated with Expected Losses in excess of Eligible Provisions calculation to Basel III methodology

REVIEW OF OPERATING RESULTS

			As at (\$M)	Movement		
Qualifying Capital Tier 1		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 1 ² v. Sep 10
Shareholders' equity and non-controlling interests		37,954	35,129	34,155	8%	11%
Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity	Table 1	(3,479)	(2,637)	(2,840)	32%	23%
Fundamental Tier 1 capital		34,475	32,492	31,315	6%	10%
Deductions	Table 2	(10,611)	(10,070)	(10,057)	5%	6%
Common Equity Tier 1 capital		23,864	22,422	21,258	6%	12%
Non-innovative Tier 1 capital instruments	Table on p37	5,111	3,751	3,787	36%	35%
Innovative Tier 1 capital instruments	Table on p37	1,641	1,597	1,646	3%	0%
Tier 1 capital		30,616	27,770	26,691	10%	15%
Tier 2						
Upper Tier 2 capital	Table 3	1,228	1,166	1,223	5%	0%
Subordinated notes	Table 4	5,017	6,176	6,619	-19%	-24%
Deductions	Table 2	(3,071)	(3,055)	(3,026)	1%	1%
Tier 2 capital		3,174	4,287	4,816	-26%	-34%
Total qualifying capital		33,790	32,057	31,507	5%	7%
Capital adequacy ratios						
Common Equity Tier 1		8.5%	8.5%	8.0%		
Tier 1		10.9%	10.5%	10.1%		
Tier 2		1.2%	1.6%	1.8%		
Total		12.1%	12.1%	11.9%		
Risk weighted assets	Table 5	279,964	264,236	264,242	6%	6%
))						

		As at (\$M)			Movement		
		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
Table 1: Prudential adjustments to shareholders' equity		050	050	050	004	004	
Treasury shares attributable to OnePath policy holders		358	359	358	0%	0%	
Reclassification of preference share capital		(871)	(871)	(871)	0%	0%	
Accumulated retained profits and reserves of insurance, funds management and securitisation entities and associates		(1,686)	(1,274)	(1,312)	32%	29%	
Deferred fee revenue including fees deferred as part of loan yields		414	398	402	4%	3%	
Hedging reserve		(169)	(29)	(11)	large	large	
Available-for-sale reserve		(126)	(57)	(80)	large	58%	
Dividend not provided for		(1,999)	(1,662)	(1,895)	20%	5%	
Accrual for Dividend Reinvestment Plans		600	499	569	20%	5%	
Total		(3,479)	(2,637)	(2,840)	32%	23%	
☐ Table 2: Deductions from Tier 1 capital							
Unamortised goodwill & other intangibles (excluding OnePath Australia and New Zealand)		(3,027)	(2,855)	(2,952)	6%	3%	
Intangible component of investments in OnePath Australia and New Zealand ¹		(2,071)	(2,059)	(2,043)	1%	1%	
Capitalised software		(1,490)	(1,263)	(1,127)	18%	32%	
Capitalised expenses including loan and lease origination fees		(688)	(666)	(655)	3%	5%	
Applicable deferred tax assets (excluding the component relating to the general reserve for impairment of financial assets)		(136)	(154)	(235)	-12%	-42%	
Mark-to-market impact of own credit spread		(128)	(18)	(19)	large	large	
Sub-total		(7,540)	(7,015)	(7,031)	7%	7%	
Deductions taken 50% from Tier 1 and 50% from Tier 2	Gross	50%	50%	50%			
Investment in ANZ insurance subsidiaries	(399)	(200)	(200)	(198)	0%	1%	
Investment in funds management entities	(57)	(29)	(29)	(36)	0%	-19%	
Investment in OnePath Australia and New Zealand	(1,813)	(906)	(901)	(845)	1%	7%	
Investment in other Authorised Deposit Taking Institutions and overseas equivalents	(2,302)	(1,151)	(1,162)	(988)	-1%	16%	
Expected losses in excess of eligible provisions	(951)	(475)	(473)	(560)	0%	-15%	
Investment in other commercial operations	(4)	(2)	(8)	(21)	-75%	-90%	
Other deductions	(617)	(308)	(282)	(378)	9%	-19%	
Şub-total	(6,143)	(3,071)	(3,055)	(3,026)	1%	1%	
Total		(10,611)	(10,070)	(10,057)	5%	6%	
Table 3: Upper Tier 2 capital							
Perpetual subordinated notes		962	902	943	7%	2%	
General reserve for impairment of financial assets net of attributable deferred tax asset ²		266	264	280	1%	-5%	

Table 4: Subordinated notes³

For capital adequacy calculation purposes, subordinated note issues are reduced by 20% of the original amount over the last four years to maturity and are limited to 50% of Tier 1 capital.

^{1.} Calculation based on prudential requirements

Under Basel II, this consists of the surplus of the general reserve for impairment of financial assets, net of tax and/or the provisions attributable to the standardised portfolio

The fair value adjustment is excluded for prudential purposes as the prudential standard only permits inclusion of cash received and makes no allowance for hedging

	As at (\$M)			Movement		
Table 5: Risk weighted assets	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
On balance sheet	183,039	175,661	173,035	4%	6%	
Commitments	43,041	37,619	39,835	14%	8%	
Contingents	9,536	9,621	10,084	-1%	-5%	
Derivatives	13,212	10,345	10,563	28%	25%	
Total credit risk	248,828	233,246	233,517	7%	7%	
Market risk - Traded	3,046	2,547	5,652	20%	-46%	
Market risk - IRRBB	8,439	10,112	7,690	-17%	10%	
Operational risk	19,651	18,331	17,383	7%	13%	
Total risk weighted assets	279,964	264,236	264,242	6%	6%	

Commitments	43,041	37,619	39,835	14%	8%
Contingents	9,536	9,621	10,084	-1%	-5%
Derivatives	13,212	10,345	10,563	28%	25%
Total credit risk	248,828	233,246	233,517	7%	7%
Market risk - Traded	3,046	2,547	5,652	20%	-46%
Market risk - IRRBB	8,439	10,112	7,690	-17%	10%
Operational risk	19,651	18,331	17,383	7%	13%
Total risk weighted assets	279,964	264,236	264,242	6%	6%
		As at (\$M)		Mover	ment
Table 6: Credit risk weighted assets by Basel asset class	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Subject to Advanced IRB approach					
Corporate	106,120	98,393	101,940	8%	4%
Sovereign	•		2,720		60%
Bank	4,365 9,456	3,217 6,958	6,135	36% 36%	54%
))	•			2%	
Residential mortgage Qualifying revolving retail (credit cards)	41,041 7,468	40,126 7,552	38,708 7,205	-1%	6% 4%
Other retail	19,240	18,485	17,899	4%	7%
Credit risk weighted assets	-	10,403	<u> </u>		
subject to Advanced IRB approach	187,690	174,731	174,607	7%	7%
Credit risk specialised lending exposures subject to slotting criteria	27,757	26,799	26,605	4%	4%
Subject to Standardised approach					
Corporate	22,484	20,680	20,560	9%	9%
Residential mortgage	845	406	567	large	49%
Qualifying revolving retail (credit cards)	2,344	2,207	2,279	6%	3%
Other retail	1,650	1,710	1,396	-4%	18%
Credit risk weighted assets subject to Standardised approach	27,323	25,003	24,802	9%	10%
\bigcirc					
Credit risk weighted assets relating to securitisation exposures	1,136	1,209	2,091	-6%	-46%
Credit risk weighted assets relating to equity exposures	1,399	1,635	1,577	-14%	-11%
Other assets	3,523	3,869	3,835	-9%	-8%
Total credit risk weighted assets	248,828	233,246	233,517	7%	7%
Π	<u> </u>	•	·		
		Collective I	Provision	Regulatory Los	-
(())		As at		As at	
Table 7: Collective provision and regulatory expected loss by division	•	Sep 11	Sep 10	Sep 11	Sep 10
Australia		1,062	1,021	1,891	1,749
Asia Pacific, Europe & America		501	519	148	134

	Collective F	Regulatory Expected Loss			
Table 7: Collective provision and regulatory expected loss by	As at (\$M)	As at (\$M)		
division		Sep 10	Sep 11	Sep 10	
Australia	1,062	1,021	1,891	1,749	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	501	519	148	134	
Institutional	1,383	1,342	1,429	1,773	
New Zealand	456	537	904	1,002	
Group Centre	40	-	-	-	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(269)	(270)	(127)	(121)	
Underlying collective provision and regulatory expected loss	3,173	3,149	4,245	4,537	
Adjustments between statutory and underlying	3	4	16	18	
Collective provision and regulatory expected loss	3,176	3,153	4,261	4,555	

	A	s at (\$M)		Mover	nent
Table 8: Expected loss in excess of eligible provisions	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Basel expected loss					
Defaulted	1,975	2,018	2,225	-2%	-11%
Non-defaulted	2,286	2,285	2,330	0%	-2%
	4,261	4,303	4,555	-1%	-6%
Less: Qualifying collective provision after tax					
Collective provision	(3,176)	(3,177)	(3,153)	0%	1%
Non-qualifying collective provision	375	271	234	38%	60%
Standardised collective provision	340	378	399	-10%	-15%
Deferred tax asset	730	719	725	2%	1%
	(1,731)	(1,809)	(1,795)	-4%	-4%
Less: Qualifying individual provision after tax					
Individual provision	(1,697)	(1,717)	(1,875)	-1%	-9%
Standardised individual provision	477	429	458	11%	4%
Collective provision on advanced defaulted	(359)	(259)	(224)	39%	60%
7	(1,579)	(1,547)	(1,641)	2%	-4%
Gross deduction	951	947	1,119	0%	-15%
50/50 deduction (refer table 2)					
307 30 deduction (Ferentable 2)	475	473	559	0%	-15%
SOV 30 deduction (refer table 2)	475	473		559	559 0%

Deferred acquisition costs and deferred income

The Group recognises deferred acquisition costs relating to the acquisition of interest earning assets as assets and nets acquisition costs relating to debt against the relevant liability. The Group also recognised deferred income that is integral to the yield of an originated financial instrument, net of any direct incremental costs. This income is deferred and recognised as net interest income over the expected life of the financial instrument under AASB 139: 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. Deferred acquisition costs relating to OnePath Australia are excluded from this analysis.

The balances of deferred acquisition costs and deferred income were:

	Deferred A	Acquisition C	Costs ¹	Deferred Income			
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Australia	597	583	556	86	95	109	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-	-	1	86	57	51	
Institutional	-	-	-	284	261	252	
New Zealand	32	32	42	28	27	25	
Group Centre	59	51	56	-	-	-	
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-	-	-	(70)	(42)	(35)	
Total	688	666	655	414	398	402	

Deferred acquisition costs largely include the amounts of brokerage capitalised and amortised in Australia and New Zealand. Deferred acquisition costs also include capitalised debt raising expenses

Deferred acquisition costs analysis:

7	Full Year Sep	2011	Full Year Sep	2010
	Amortisation Charge	Capitalised Costs ¹	Amortisation Charge	Capitalised Costs ¹
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Australia	314	355	278	340
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1	-	2	-
Institutional	-	-	-	-
New Zealand	31	21	40	18
Group Centre	19	25	15	29
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-	-	-	-
Total	365	401	335	387

Institutional	-	-		-		-
New Zealand	31	21		40		18
Group Centre	19	25		15		29
Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	-	-		-		-
Total	365	401		335		387
Software capitalisation At 30 September 2011, the Group's intangibles included \$1,5		on to costs i	ncurred in a	acquiring and	developing	
software. Details are set out in the table below:						
	<u>_</u>	Half Year		F	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Half Year Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Full Year Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Balance at start of period	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt 11%	Sep 11	Sep 10	Movt 43%
Balance at start of period Software capitalised during the period	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M		Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	
·	Sep 11 \$M 1,349	Mar 11 \$M 1,217	11%	Sep 11 \$M 1,217	Sep 10 \$M 849	43%
Software capitalised during the period	Sep 11 \$M 1,349 368	Mar 11 \$M 1,217 277	11% 33%	Sep 11 \$M 1,217 645	Sep 10 \$M 849 592	43% 9%
Software capitalised during the period Amortisation during the period	Sep 11 \$M 1,349 368 (127)	Mar 11 \$M 1,217 277 (122)	11% 33% 4%	Sep 11 \$M 1,217 645 (249)	Sep 10 \$M 849 592 (207)	43% 9% 20%
Software capitalised during the period Amortisation during the period Software impaired/written-off	Sep 11 \$M 1,349 368 (127) (21)	Mar 11 \$M 1,217 277 (122)	11% 33% 4% -9%	Sep 11 \$M 1,217 645 (249) (44)	Sep 10 \$M 849 592 (207)	43% 9% 20% large
Software capitalised during the period Amortisation during the period Software impaired/written-off Foreign exchange differences	Sep 11 \$M 1,349 368 (127) (21) 3	Mar 11 \$M 1,217 277 (122) (23)	11% 33% 4% -9% n/a	Sep 11 \$M 1,217 645 (249) (44) 3	Sep 10 \$M 849 592 (207) (17)	43% 9% 20% large n/a

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CONTENTS

Section 4 - Segment Review

Segment performance

Australia

Australia

Wealth

Asia Pacific, Europe & America

Institutional

New Zealand

Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America

Group Centre

Segment Performance

The Group operates on a divisional structure with Australia, Asia Pacific, Europe & America (APEA), Institutional and New Zealand being the major operating divisions. The Group manages Institutional APEA on a matrix structure. Accordingly, the divisional analysis on the following pages reflects this matrix reporting structure.

September 2011 Full Year

AUD M	Australia	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Institutional	New Zealand	Group Centre	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Group
Net interest income	5,821	1,130	3,092	1,693	381	(636)	11,481
Other external operating income	2,358	1,364	1,814	466	(35)	(636)	5,331
Operating income	8,179	2,494	4,906	2,159	346	(1,272)	16,812
Operating expenses	(3,506)	(1,488)	(2,001)	(1,015)	(388)	680	(7,718)
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	4,673	1,006	2,905	1,144	(42)	(592)	9,094
Provision for credit impairment	(711)	(110)	(258)	(166)	(40)	74	(1,211)
Profit before income tax	3,962	896	2,647	978	(82)	(518)	7,883
Income tax expense	(1,185)	(166)	(750)	(286)	46	119	(2,222)
Non-controlling interests	-	(9)	(2)	-	-	2	(9)
Pro forma profit	2,777	721	1,895	692	(36)	(397)	5,652
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Underlying profit	2,777	721	1,895	692	(36)	(397)	5,652

September 2010 Full Year

	7		Asia Pacific, Europe &			Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	
	AUD M	Australia	America	Institutional	New Zealand	Centre	America	Group
	Net interest income	5,426	1,010	3,178	1,579	219	(543)	10,869
1616	Other external operating income	2,366	1,103	1,684	472	(48)	(472)	5,105
7	Operating income	7,792	2,113	4,862	2,051	171	(1,015)	15,974
	Operating expenses	(3,361)	(1,224)	(1,717)	(1,035)	(302)	507	(7,132)
7	Profit before credit impair't and income tax	4,431	889	3,145	1,016	(131)	(508)	8,842
	Provision for credit impairment	(598)	(177)	(742)	(395)	(10)	77	(1,845)
	Profit before income tax	3,833	712	2,403	621	(141)	(431)	6,997
	Income tax expense	(1,116)	(83)	(670)	(172)	(23)	87	(1,977)
	Non-controlling interests	-	(6)	-	-	-	-	(6)
(2/1	Pro forma profit	2,717	623	1,733	449	(164)	(344)	5,014
U	Foreign exchange adjustments	-	62	49	16	(36)	(39)	52
(7	Pro forma adjustments	(43)	(9)	(4)	(2)	13	4	(41)
	Underlying profit	2,674	676	1,778	463	(187)	(379)	5,025
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe	, -		1,778	463	(187) Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	5,025
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe	r 2010 Full Australia	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Institutional	463 New Zealand	Group Centre	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Group
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe % Net interest income	r 2010 Full Australia 7%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12%	Institutional	New Zealand 7%	Group Centre 74%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17%	Group 6%
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe	r 2010 Full Australia 7% 0%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24%	Institutional -3% 8%	New Zealand 7% -1%	Group Centre	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35%	Group 6% 4%
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe % Net interest income	r 2010 Full Australia 7%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12%	Institutional	New Zealand 7%	Group Centre 74%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17%	Group 6%
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe % Net interest income Other external operating income	r 2010 Full Australia 7% 0%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24%	Institutional -3% 8%	New Zealand 7% -1%	Group Centre 74% -27%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35%	Group 6% 4%
	September 2011 Full Year vs Septembe % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	r 2010 Full Australia 7% 0% 5%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18%	Institutional -3% 8% 1%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5%	Group Centre 74% -27% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25%	Group 6% 4% 5%
	% Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses	r 2010 Full Australia 7% 0% 5% 4%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18% 22%	Institutional -3% 8% 1% 17%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5% -2%	Group Centre 74% -27% large 28%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25% 34%	Group 6% 4% 5% 8%
	% Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax	Australia 7% 0% 5% 4%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18% 22% 13%	Institutional -3% 8% 1% 17%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5% -2%	Group Centre 74% -27% large 28% -68%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25% 34% 17%	Group 6% 4% 5% 8% 3%
	% Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment	Australia 7% 0% 5% 4% 5% 19%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18% 22% 13% -38%	Institutional -3% 8% 1% 17% -8% -65%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5% -2% 13% -58%	Group Centre 74% -27% large 28% -68% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25% 34% 17% -4%	Group 6% 4% 5% 8% 3% -34%
	% Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax	Australia 7% 0% 5% 4% 5% 19%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18% 22% 13% -38% 26%	Institutional -3% 8% 1% 17% -8% -65%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5% -2% 13% -58% 57%	Group Centre 74% -27% large 28% -68% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25% 34% 17% -4% 20%	Group 6% 4% 5% 8% 3% -34% 13%
	% Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax Income tax expense	Australia 7% 0% 5% 4% 5% 19% 3% 6%	Year Asia Pacific, Europe & America 12% 24% 18% 22% 13% -38% 26% 100%	Institutional -3% 8% 1% 17% -8% -65% 10% 12%	New Zealand 7% -1% 5% -2% 13% -58% 57% 66%	Group Centre 74% -27% large 28% -68% large -42% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 17% 35% 25% 34% 17% -4% 20% 37%	Group 6% 4% 5% 8% 3% -34% 13% 12%

		Asia Pacific, Europe &			Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	
%	Australia	America	Institutional	New Zealand	Centre	America	Group
Net interest income	7%	12%	-3%	7%	74%	17%	6%
Other external operating income	0%	24%	8%	-1%	-27%	35%	4%
Operating income	5%	18%	1%	5%	large	25%	5%
Operating expenses	4%	22%	17%	-2%	28%	34%	8%
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	5%	13%	-8%	13%	-68%	17%	3%
Provision for credit impairment	19%	-38%	-65%	-58%	large	-4%	-34%
Profit before income tax	3%	26%	10%	57%	-42%	20%	13%
Income tax expense	6%	100%	12%	66%	large	37%	12%
Non-controlling interests	n/a	50%	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	50%
Pro forma profit	2%	16%	9%	54%	-78%	15%	13%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-100%	-100%	-100%	-100%	-100%	-100%	-100%
Underlying profit	4%	7%	7%	49%	-81%	5%	12%

September 2011 Half Year

	AUD M	Australia	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Institutional	New Zealand	Group Centre	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Group
	Net interest income	2,948	570	1,563	859	223	(324)	5,839
	Other external operating income	1,173	648	770	238	1	(287)	2,543
	Operating income	4,121	1,218	2,333	1,097	224	(611)	8,382
	Operating expenses	(1,760)	(753)	(1,019)	(513)	(214)	362	(3,897)
>	Profit before credit impair't and income tax	2,361	465	1,314	584	10	(249)	4,485
	Provision for credit impairment	(297)	(67)	(104)	(92)	(38)	47	(551)
	Profit before income tax	2,064	398	1,210	492	(28)	(202)	3,934
	Income tax expense	(619)	(60)	(343)	(144)	31	39	(1,096)
	Non-controlling interests	-	(4)	-	-	-	-	(4)
	Pro forma profit	1,445	334	867	348	3	(163)	2,834
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
\mathcal{L}	Underlying profit	1,445	334	867	348	3	(163)	2,834

		Asia Pacific, Europe &			Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	
AUD M	Australia	America	Institutional	New Zealand	Centre	America	Grou
Net interest income	2,948	570	1,563	859	223	(324)	5,83
Other external operating income	1,173	648	770	238	1	(287)	2,54
Operating average	4,121	1,218 (753)	2,333	1,097	224	(611) 362	8,38
Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax	(1,760)	465	(1,019) 1,314	(513) 584	(214)		(3,89
Provision for credit impair tand income tax	2,361 (297)	(67)	(104)	(92)	(38)	(249) 47	(55
Profit before income tax	2,064	398	1,210	492	(28)	(202)	3,93
Income tax expense	(619)	(60)	(343)	(144)	31	39	(1,09
Non-controlling interests	-	(4)	-	-	_	-	(1,721
Pro forma profit	1,445	334	867	348	3	(163)	2,83
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	r
Pro forma adjustments	_	-	-	-	-	-	
Underlying profit	1,445	334	867	348	3	(163)	2,83
March 2011 Half Year	Avatralia	Asia Pacific, Europe &	I motitution of	New Zooland	Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	6
AUD M Net interest income	Australia 2,873	America 541	Institutional	New Zealand 848	Centre 157	America (298)	Gro 5,63
	1,185	694	1,035	232	4	(339)	2,8
Other external operating income		-	-				
Operating income	4,058	1,235	2,552	1,080	161	(637)	8,4
Operating expenses	(1,746)	(711)	(968)	(511)	(175)	304	(3,80
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	2,312	524	1,584	569	(14)	(333)	4,6
Provision for credit impairment	(414)	(41)	(152)	(75)	(2)	25	(6!
Profit before income tax	1,898	483	1,432	494	(16)	(308)	3,9
Income tax expense	(566)	(104)	(406)	(144)	2	78	(1,1
Non-controlling interests	-	(5)	(2)	-	-	2	
Pro forma profit	1,332	374	1,024	350	(14)	(228)	2,8
Foreign exchange adjustments	-	13		(6)			
A			4	(0)	(25)	(6)	(
Pro forma adjustments Underlying profit	1,332	387	1,028	344	(39)	(234)	2,8
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 201	11 Half Yea	ar Asia Pacific, Europe &	1,028	344	(39) Group	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	2,8
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 %	11 Half Yea	ar Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1,028	344 New Zealand	(39) Group Centre	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income	11 Half Yea Australia 3%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5%	1,028 Institutional	344 New Zealand 1%	Group Centre 42%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9%	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 2019 % Net interest income Other external operating income	11 Half Yea Australia 3% -1%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26%	344 New Zealand 1% 3%	Group Centre 42% -77%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15%	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 2019 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	Australia 3% -1%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15%	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5%	New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19%	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15%	2,8 Gro
Winderlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5%	New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0% 3%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22%	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19%	2,8 Grc -1
Winderlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1% 2% -28%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6% -11% 63%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5% -17% -32%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0% 3% 23%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19% -25% 88%	2,8 Gro
Underlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1% 2% -28%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6% -11% 63%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5% -17% -32%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0% 3% 23%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19% -25% 88% -34%	2,8 Gro
Winderlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax Income tax expense	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1% -28% 9%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6% -11% 63% -18% -42%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5% -17% -32% -16% -16%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0% 3% 23% 0% 0%	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large large 75% large	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19% -25% 88% -34% -50%	2,8 Gro
Winderlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 2019 We Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax Income tax expense Non-controlling interests Pro forma profit	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1% -28% 9% 9% n/a	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -1% 6% -11% 63% -18% -42% -20%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5% -17% -32% -16% -16% -100%	- 344 New Zealand 1% 3% 2% 0% 3% 23% 0% 0% 0% n/a	Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large large 75% large n/a	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19% -25% 88% -34% -50% -100%	2,8 Gro
Winderlying profit September 2011 Half Year vs March 20 % Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax Income tax expense Non-controlling interests	Australia 3% -1% 2% 1% -28% 9% 9% n/a 8%	Asia Pacific, Europe & America 5% -7% -11% 6% -11% 63% -18% -42% -20%	1,028 Institutional 3% -26% -9% 5% -17% -32% -16% -16% -100%		Group Centre 42% -77% 39% 22% large large 175% large n/a	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America 9% -15% -4% 19% -25% 88% -34% -50% -100%	2,8 Gro

_	%	Australia	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	Institutional	New Zealand	Group	Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe &	Crown
\sim						Centre	America	Group
	Net interest income	3%	5%	3%	1%	42%	9%	4%
	Other external operating income	-1%	-7%	-26%	3%	-77%	-15%	-10%
_	Operating income	2%	-1%	-9%	2%	39%	-4%	-1%
7	Operating expenses	1%	6%	5%	0%	22%	19%	2%
)	Profit before credit impair't and income tax	2%	-11%	-17%	3%	large	-25%	-3%
	Provision for credit impairment	-28%	63%	-32%	23%	large	88%	-16%
	Profit before income tax	9%	-18%	-16%	0%	75%	-34%	-1%
	Income tax expense	9%	-42%	-16%	0%	large	-50%	-4%
	Non-controlling interests	n/a	-20%	-100%	n/a	n/a	-100%	-20%
$\overline{}$	Pro forma profit	8%	-11%	-15%	-1%	large	-29%	0%
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Underlying profit	8%	-14%	-16%	1%	large	-30%	1%

Australia

Philip Chronican

Australia division comprises Retail, Commercial and Wealth segments. Retail includes Retail Distribution and Retail Products. Commercial includes Esanda, Regional Commercial Banking, Business Banking and Small Business Banking. Wealth includes ANZ Private and OnePath Australia.

For 2010 comparative purposes, results shown are pro-forma results that assume full ownership of OnePath Australia.

		ŀ	Half Year		F	ull Year	
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Net interest income	2,948	2,873	3%	5,821	5,426	7%
	Other external operating income	1,173	1,185	-1%	2,358	2,366	0%
	Operating income	4,121	4,058	2%	8,179	7,792	5%
	Operating expenses	(1,760)	(1,746)	1%	(3,506)	(3,361)	4%
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	2,361	2,312	2%	4,673	4,431	5%
	Provision for credit impairment	(297)	(414)	-28%	(711)	(598)	19%
	Profit before tax	2,064	1,898	9%	3,962	3,833	3%
	Income tax expense	(619)	(566)	9%	(1,185)	(1,116)	6%
7L	Pro forma profit	1,445	1,332	8%	2,777	2,717	2%
16	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(43)	-100%
\bigcup_{Γ}	Underlying profit	1,445	1,332	8%	2,777	2,674	4%
	Consisting of:						
	Retail	754	713	6%	1,467	1,385	6%
	Commercial	531	434	22%	965	920	5%
	Wealth	159	186	-15%	345	412	-16%
	Other	1	(1)	large	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	n/a
7	Pro forma profit	1,445	1,332	8%	2,777	2,717	2%
20	Balance Sheet						
	Net loans & advances including acceptances	231,155	224,930	3%	231,155	217,952	6%
	Other external assets	41,176	43,822	-6%	41,176	43,041	-4%
	External assets	272,331	268,752	1%	272,331	260,993	4%
	Deposits and other borrowings	128,490	121,096	6%	128,490	112,540	14%
	Other external liabilities	46,625	50,114	-7%	46,625	48,785	-4%
7//	External liabilities	175,115	171,210	2%	175,115	161,325	9%
	Risk weighted assets	84,295	83,242	1%	84,295	81,406	4%
	Average net loans and advances including acceptances	227,715	221,769	3%	224,750	206,413	9%
	Average deposits and other borrowings	124,553	117,022	6%	120,798	107,553	12%
	Ratios						
\geq	Return on average assets	1.06%	1.01%		1.04%	1.10%	
	Net interest average margin	2.56%	2.58%		2.57%	2.59%	
	Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma)	42.7%	43.0%		42.9%	43.1%	
	Operating expenses to operating income	42.7%	43.0%		42.9%	42.8%	
	Operating expenses to average assets	1.29%	1.32%		1.31%	1.34%	
	Individual provision charge	371	298	24%	669	579	16%
	Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.32%	0.27%		0.30%	0.28%	
	Collective provision charge (credit)	(74)	116	large	42	4	large
П	Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.06%)	0.10%		0.02%	0.00%	
	Net impaired assets	660	616	7%	660	562	17%
	Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	0.29%	0.27%		0.29%	0.26%	
	Total employees	17,768	17,630	1%	17,768	17,348	2%
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Australia

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September 2011 v September 2010

On a pro forma basis profit increased 2%, with profit before credit impairment and income tax up 5%.

Net interest income increased 7% driven by strong growth in both average deposits of 12% and average net loans and advances including acceptances of 9%. Net interest margin decreased 2 basis points.

Growth in average net loans and advances was driven by above system growth in Mortgages combined with double digit growth in both the Business Banking and Small Business Banking portfolios. Deposit growth was very strong, with solid contributions from both the Retail and Commercial deposit portfolios.

Net interest margin declined 2 bps in the year as continued competitive pricing on deposits and the impact of a shift in deposit product mix towards higher priced term deposits and on-line accounts more than offset any benefit from asset repricing.

Other external operating income was flat as the adverse impact of removing exception fees and deferred establishment fees in Retail was largely offset by volume driven increases.

Operating expenses were up 4% largely due to inflationary impacts, annual salary increases, higher FTE levels and project related spend.

Provision for credit impairment increased 19% in the year. South East Queensland in particular struggled due to higher than national average unemployment combined with adverse tourism impacts from the strong AUD and the floods earlier in the year. The individual provision increased 16% reflecting the stress on customers as a consequence of the deteriorating economic conditions. The year on year increase of \$38 million in the collective provision charge was driven by growth and an upward trend in delinquencies in the Retail portfolio, flood provisions and writebacks in the prior year. Net impaired assets increased from 0.26% to 0.29% of net advances.

September 2011 v March 2011

On a pro forma basis profit increased 8%, with profit before credit impairment and income tax up 2% in an environment characterised by strong growth in deposits and slowing Mortgage system growth, partly offset by an improvement in Commercial lending.

Net interest income increased 3% due to strong growth in average deposits of 6%, and an increase in average net loans and advances of 3%, partly offset by 2 basis points decline in net interest margin.

Growth in average net loans and advances was driven by improved growth across Commercial through the Small Business Banking, Business Banking and the Regional Commercial Banking lending portfolios. Mortgage growth slowed to 3% in the September half. Deposit growth for Australia Division was strong, with Small Business Banking and Business Banking delivering strong growth. Retail deposits grew at 6% with the majority of growth coming through Savings products, primarily Progress Saver, with term deposits and transaction deposits broadly flat half on half.

Net Interest margin declined 2 bps in the September half as benefits from asset repricing were offset by competitive pricing on deposits.

Other external operating income decreased 1% due to a difficult environment for both the Insurance and Funds Management businesses, which was partly offset by growth in Retail and Commercial.

Operating expenses were up less than 1%, with FTE up due to project related increases.

Provision for credit impairment decreased 28% in the September half reflecting a lower collective provision charge partly offset by an increase in individual provision charge. The increase to the individual provision was across both the Retail and Commercial segments partly due to soft economic conditions in a number of sectors, exacerbated by the extreme weather events such as the Queensland floods. The collective provision reduction in the September half reflects slower volume growth and the release of surplus flood provisions raised in the March half but not required based on loss experience. Growth in net impaired assets was marginal in the September half as deteriorating economic conditions were partly mitigated by active management of the impaired portfolio.

Australia

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Business operating segments

	F	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
Retail	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	1,753	1,723	2%	3,476	3,203	9%
Other external operating income	507	482	5%	989	1,020	-3%
Operating income	2,260	2,205	2%	4,465	4,223	6%
Operating expenses	(987)	(967)	2%	(1,954)	(1,882)	4%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,273	1,238	3%	2,511	2,341	7%
Provision for credit impairment	(195)	(224)	-13%	(419)	(361)	16%
Profit before tax	1,078	1,014	6%	2,092	1,980	6%
Income tax expense	(324)	(301)	8%	(625)	(595)	5%
Pro forma profit	754	713	6%	1,467	1,385	6%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Underlying profit	754	713	6%	1,467	1,385	6%
Risk weighted assets	43,829	43,489	1%	43,829	41,444	6%
Commercial			404		0.400	704
Net interest income	1,160	1,115	4%	2,275	2,130	7%
Other external operating income	139	134	4%	273	274	0%
Operating income	1,299	1,249	4%	2,548	2,404	6%
Operating expenses	(430)	(438)	-2%	(868)	(818)	6%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	869	811	7%	1,680	1,586	6%
Provision for credit impairment	(108)	(192)	-44%	(300)	(274)	9%
Profit before tax	761	619	23%	1,380	1,312	5%
Income tax expense	(230)	(185)	24%	(415)	(392)	6%
Pro forma profit	531	434	22%	965	920	5%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(8)	-100%
Underlying profit	531	434	22%	965	912	6%
Risk weighted assets	37,878	36,722	3%	37,878	36,472	4%
Wealth Net interest income	29	28	4%	57	66	-14%
Other external operating income	528	569	-7%	1,097	1,093	0%
Operating income	557	597	-7%	1,154	1,159	0%
Operating expenses	(337)	(335)	1%	(672)	(655)	3%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	220	262	-16%	482	504	-4%
Provision for credit impairment	6	2	large	8	37	-78%
Profit before tax	226	264	-14%	490	541	-9%
income tax expense	(67)	(78)	-14%	(145)	(129)	12%
Pro forma profit	159	186	-15%	345	412	-16%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(35)	-100%
	450	407	150/	345	377	-8%
Underlying profit	159	186	-15%	345	311	070

SEGMENT REVIEW

Australia

Philip Chronican

		Half Year			ı	Full Year			
	Individual provision charge	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
	Retail	204	169	21%	373	338	10%		
	Mortgages	23	5	large	28	21	33%		
>	Consumer Cards and Unsecured Lending	165	147	12%	312	287	10% 33% 9% -6% 31% 12% -16% 52% 17% 0% -78%		
	Deposits	9	7	29%	16	17	-6%		
	Other	7	10	-30%	17	13	31%		
	Commercial	169	129	31%	298	265	12%		
	Esanda	39	42	-7%	81	96	-16%		
	Regional Commercial Banking	70	50	40%	120	79	52%		
	Business Banking	32	16	100%	48	41	17%		
\angle	Small Business Banking	28	21	33%	49	49	0%		
	Wealth	(2)	-	n/a	(2)	(9)	-78%		
	Pro forma individual provision charge	371	298	24%	669	594	13%		
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(15)	-100%		
1	Underlying individual provision charge	371	298	24%	669	579	16%		

Consumer Cards and Unsecured Lending	165	147	12%	312	287	9%
Deposits	9	7	29%	16	17	-6%
Other	7	10	-30%	17	13	31%
Commercial	169	129	31%	298	265	12%
Esanda	39	42	-7%	81	96	-16%
Regional Commercial Banking	70	50	40%	120	79	52%
Business Banking	32	16	100%	48	41	17%
Small Business Banking	28	21	33%	49	49	0%
Wealth	(2)	-	n/a	(2)	(9)	-78%
Pro forma individual provision charge	371	298	24%	669	594	13%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(15)	-100%
Underlying individual provision charge	371	298	24%	669	579	16%
Ω		Half Year		ı	Full Year	
Collective provision charge	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Retail	(9)	эм 55	large	ФIVI 46	23	100%
Mortgages	2	10	-80%	12	23	-48%
Consumer Cards and Unsecured Lending	2	21	-90%	23	(3)	large
Deposits	(1)	_	n/a	(1)	2	large
_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	(.)					_
Other	(12)	24	large	12	1	large
Other Commercial	(12) (61)	24 63	large large	12 2	1 9	large -78%
Other Commercial Esanda	(61)	63	large	2	9	- 78%
Commercial Esanda		63 (3)	large large	2 (14)		-78% 75%
Commercial Esanda Regional Commercial Banking	(61) (11) 2	63	large large large	2 (14) (7)	9 (8) 13	-78% 75% large
Commercial Esanda	(61) (11)	63 (3) (9)	large large	2 (14)	9 (8)	-78% 75%
Commercial Esanda Regional Commercial Banking Business Banking	(61) (11) 2 (39)	63 (3) (9) 4	large large large large -75%	2 (14) (7) (35)	9 (8) 13 (13) 18	-78% 75% large large -72%
Esanda Regional Commercial Banking Business Banking Small Business Banking	(61) (11) 2 (39) 1 (14)	63 (3) (9) 4 4 67	large large large large	2 (14) (7) (35) 5 53	9 (8) 13 (13)	-78% 75% large large
Esanda Regional Commercial Banking Business Banking Small Business Banking Other	(61) (11) 2 (39) 1	63 (3) (9) 4 4	large large large large -75% large	2 (14) (7) (35) 5	9 (8) 13 (13) 18 (1)	-78% 75% large large -72% large
Esanda Regional Commercial Banking Business Banking Small Business Banking Other Wealth	(61) (11) 2 (39) 1 (14) (4)	63 (3) (9) 4 4 67 (2)	large large large large -75% large	2 (14) (7) (35) 5 53 (6)	9 (8) 13 (13) 18 (1) (28)	-78% 75% large large -72% large

SEGMENT REVIEW

Australia

Philip Chronican

		As at (\$M)			Mover	Movement		
	Net loans & advances including acceptances	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10		
	Retail	180,711	175,878	169,322	3%	7%		
	Mortgages	169,924	165,177	158,973	3%	7%		
\	Consumer Cards & Unsecured Lending	10,192	10,162	9,808	0%	4%		
	Other	595	539	541	10%	10%		
	Commercial	47,835	46,196	45,720	4%	5%		
	Esanda	14,481	14,319	14,269	1%	1%		
	Regional Commercial Banking	13,575	13,071	13,520	4%	0%		
	Business Banking	16,158	15,547	14,658	4%	10%		
	Small Business Banking	3,675	3,376	3,272	9%	12%		
\angle	Other	(54)	(117)	1	-54%	large		
	Wealth	2,609	2,856	2,910	-9%	-10%		
5	Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances	231,155	224,930	217,952	3%	6%		

	workgages	107,721	100,177	100,770	0,0	, , 0
	Consumer Cards & Unsecured Lending	10,192	10,162	9,808	0%	4%
	Other	595	539	541	10%	10%
Co	ommercial	47,835	46,196	45,720	4%	5%
	Esanda	14,481	14,319	14,269	1%	1%
	Regional Commercial Banking	13,575	13,071	13,520	4%	0%
	Business Banking	16,158	15,547	14,658	4%	10%
	Small Business Banking	3,675	3,376	3,272	9%	12%
	Other	(54)	(117)	1	-54%	large
W	ealth	2,609	2,856	2,910	-9%	-10%
	nderlying net loans & advances including acceptances	231,155	224,930	217,952	3%	6%
			As at (\$M)		Moven	nent
IJIJ.,	ustomer deposits	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
	etail	87,275	82,422	77,292	V. Wai 11	v. 3ep 10
	Mortgages	11,279	10,754	10,374	5%	9%
	Consumer Cards and Unsecured Lending	268	248	253	8%	6%
	Deposits	75,619	71,515	66,773	6%	13%
	Other	109	(95)	(108)	large	large
	ommercial	39,694	37,199	33,677	7%	18%
	Esanda	203	314	496	-35%	-59%
	Regional Commercial Banking	10,776	10,316	9,194	4%	17%
	Business Banking	13,846	13,233	11,838	5%	17%
	Small Business Banking	14,869	13,336	12,149	11%	22%
w	ealth	1,521	1,286	1,279	18%	19%
Un	nderlying customer deposits	128,490	120,907	112,248	6%	14%

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For comparative purposes, the financial results of OnePath Australia included in the figures presented below are based on 100% ownership for all reporting periods on a stand alone basis. Certain prior year comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

	H	Half Year		F	Full Year		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Net interest income	29	28	4%	57	66	-14%	
Other operating income	46	56	-18%	102	121	-16%	
Net funds management and insurance income	482	513	-6%	995	972	2%	
Operating income	557	597	-7%	1,154	1,159	0%	
Operating expenses	(337)	(335)	1%	(672)	(655)	3%	
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	220	262	-16%	482	504	-4%	
Provision for credit impairment	6	2	large	8	37	-78%	
Profit before income tax	226	264	-14%	490	541	-9%	
Income tax expense	(67)	(78)	-14%	(145)	(129)	12%	
Profit after tax	159	186	-15%	345	412	-16%	
OnePath Consolidated ¹	145	166	-13%	311	325	-4%	
ANZ Private & Other Wealth ²	9	20	-55%	29	58	-50%	
Wholesale Legacy	5	-	n/a	5	29	-83%	
Profit after tax	159	186	-15%	345	412	-16%	
Net funds management and insurance income	Sep 11 \$M ⁴	Mar 11 \$M	IVOVT	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	IVIOV	
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt	Sep 11	Sep 10	Mov	
Net funds management income	189	195	-3%	384	403	-5%	
	148	204	-27%	252			
Net insurance income	1 10			352	369	-5%	
Net insurance income Net advice income	80	56	43%	136	369 116	-59 179	
		56 58	43% 12%				
Net advice income	80			136	116	179	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings ³	80 65 482 on risk and annuity res erating income and expe cted individual income its management income of full year – Net funds ri	58 513 erves, and mar enses changed I lines in the Marc +\$4 million, Ne	-6% k-to-market molollowing a revi	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with ad September 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net insurance	116 84 972 vital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 2011 full year as 1, Net advice inc	179 469 29 ad the ome	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings ³ Total Includes yield on shareholder assets, interest and inflation rate impacts reserves From 1 April 2011, the classification of certain expenses reported in ope restatement occurred 1 October 2009, the restatement would have affect follows: March 2011 half year and September 2011 full year – Net fund +\$23 million, Capital investment earnings +\$2 million; September 2010	80 65 482 on risk and annuity reservating income and expected individual income is management income of full year – Net funds rin Sep 11	58 513 serves, and marenses changed I lines in the Mare +\$4 million, Nemanagement incompany that the management is a series of the management incompany that the management incompany that the management is a series of the management incompany that the management incompany that the management is a series of the management incompany that the management incompany that the management incompany that the management is a series of the management incompany that the management incompany the management incompany the management incompany that the management incompany the management incompany that the management incompany that the management incompany the management	-6% k-to-market molollowing a revi	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with ad September 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net insurance	116 84 972 hital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 2011 full year as 1, Net advice inc 1e income -\$32 l	179 469 29 ad the ome	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3	80 65 482 on risk and annuity res erating income and expected individual income is management income of full year – Net funds rin	58 513 erves, and marenses changed I lines in the March +\$4 million, Nemanagement incompany that the state of the state o	-6% k-to-market molollowing a revi ch 2011 half and this tinsurance income +\$9 millio	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with did September 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net insurance	116 84 972 sital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 011 full year as 10, Net advice inc 10 income -\$32 in	179 469 29 ad the ome million,	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3	80 65 482 on risk and annuity rescreting income and expected individual income is management income of full year – Net funds rin Sep 11 \$M ⁷	58 513 erves, and marenses changed I lines in the Maru + \$4 million, Nenanagement incomment incomme	-6% k-to-market molecular arevitation 2011 half and the insurance income +\$9 million Movt	136 123 995 overnent on cap ew to align with ad September 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net insurance Sep 11 \$M	116 84 972 sital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H O11 full year as o, Net advice inc e income -\$32 in Full Year Sep 10 \$M	179 469 29 ad the ome million,	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3	80 65 482 on risk and annuity resertating income and expected individual income of the second of th	58 513 erves, and marenses changed I lines in the Marenses than the Marenses than the Marenses that the management incommendation of the Marenses that the management is the management in the Marenses that the management is the management in the management in the management is the management in the management in the management is	-6% k-to-market market market insurance income +\$9 millio	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with dd September 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net Insuranc	116 84 972 iital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 011 full year as 0, Net advice inc re income -\$32 ii Full Year Sep 10 \$M	179 469 29 ad the ome million, Mov	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3	80 65 482 on risk and annuity resertating income and expected individual income of full year – Net funds rin Sep 11 \$M^7 166 15	58 513 erves, and marenses changed lines in the Marenses thanged lines in the Marenses than an agement incompanies with the second seco	-6% k-to-market mich 2011 half and the insurance income +\$9 millio Movt -6% -12%	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with dd September 20 come -\$9 million on, Net Insurance Sep 11 \$M 342 32	116 84 972 iital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 011 full year as 0, Net advice inc e income -\$32 ii Full Year Sep 10 \$M 327 28	179, 469, 29, ad the ome million, Mov. 59, 149,	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3 Includes yield on shareholder assets, interest and inflation rate impacts reserves 4 From 1 April 2011, the classification of certain expenses reported in oper restatement occurred 1 October 2009, the restatement would have affect follows: March 2011 half year and September 2011 full year — Net fund +\$23 million, Capital investment earnings +\$2 million; September 2010 Net advice income +\$40 million, Capital investment earnings +\$3 million Net insurance income Planned profit margin: Group & Individual General Insurance Experience profit ⁵	80 65 482 on risk and annuity reservating income and expected individual income is management income of full year – Net funds rin Sep 11 \$M ⁷ 166 15 (36)	58 513 serves, and marenses changed I lines in the Marenses +\$4 million, Nemanagement incompany from the serves with the serve	-6% k-to-market model following a revision 2011 half and the insurance income +\$9 million Movt -6% -12% large	136 123 995 overment on cap ew to align with dispetember 20 come -\$9 millior on, Net insurance Sep 11 \$M 342 32 (25)	116 84 972 iital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H O11 full year as o, Net advice inc e income -\$32 ii Full Year Sep 10 \$M 327 28 19	179 469 29 ad the ome million, Mov 59 149 large	
Net advice income Capital investment earnings³ Total 3 Includes yield on shareholder assets, interest and inflation rate impacts reserves 4 From 1 April 2011, the classification of certain expenses reported in oper restatement occurred 1 October 2009, the restatement would have affer follows: March 2011 half year and September 2011 full year — Net fund +\$23 million, Capital investment earnings +\$2 million; September 2010 Net advice income +\$40 million, Capital investment earnings +\$3 million Net insurance income Planned profit margin: Group & Individual General Insurance	80 65 482 on risk and annuity resertating income and expected individual income of full year – Net funds rin Sep 11 \$M^7 166 15	58 513 erves, and marenses changed lines in the Marenses thanged lines in the Marenses than an agement incompanies with the second seco	-6% k-to-market mich 2011 half and the insurance income +\$9 millio Movt -6% -12%	136 123 995 ovement on cap ew to align with dd September 20 come -\$9 million on, Net Insurance Sep 11 \$M 342 32	116 84 972 iital-guaranteed ANZ policies. H 011 full year as 0, Net advice inc e income -\$32 ii Full Year Sep 10 \$M 327 28	179, 469, 29, ad the ome million, Mov. 59, 149,	

- OnePath consolidated includes OnePath Group, ANZ Financial Planning & ANZ General insurance
- ANZ Private and Other Wealth includes Private Bank, ANZ Trustees, Investment Lending and E*Trade and Other Wealth (excluding Wholesale Legacy)

_	<u> -</u>	Н	lalf Year		Full Year			
	Net funds management and insurance income	Sep 11 \$M ⁴	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Net funds management income	189	195	-3%	384	403	-5%	
	Net insurance income	148	204	-27%	352	369	-5%	
	Net advice income	80	56	43%	136	116	17%	
	Capital investment earnings ³	65	58	12%	123	84	46%	
\leq	Total	482	513	-6%	995	972	2%	

	н	alf Year		F		
Net insurance income	Sep 11 \$M ⁷	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Planned profit margin:						
Group & Individual	166	176	-6%	342	327	5%
General Insurance	15	17	-12%	32	28	14%
Experience profit ⁵	(36)	11	large	(25)	19	large
Assumption changes ⁶	3	-	n/a	3	(5)	large
Total	148	204	-27%	352	369	-5%

- Experience profit variations are gains or losses arising from actual experience differing from plan, on Group, Individual and General Insurance business
- Assumption changes are gains or losses arising from a change in valuation methods and best estimate assumptions

From 1 April 2011, the classification of certain expenses reported in operating income and expenses changed following a review to align with ANZ policies. Had the restatement occurred 1 October 2009, the restatement would have affected individual income lines in the March 2011 half and September 2011 full year as follows: Group & Individual Planned profit margin -\$8 million, General insurance Planned profit margin -\$1 million; September 2010 full year –Group & Individual Planned profit margin -\$28 million, General insurance Planned profit margin -\$4 million

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	Half Year			Full Year		
Operating expenses	Sep 11 \$M ⁸	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
OnePath Consolidated	(256)	(259)	-1%	(515)	(519)	-1%
ANZ Private & Other Wealth	(81)	(76)	7%	(157)	(136)	15%
Total	(337)	(335)	1%	(672)	(655)	3%

	Half Y	ear	Full Year		
Performance measures	Sep 11 %	Mar 11 %	Sep 11 %	Sep 10 %	
Cost to income ⁹	60.7%	56.1%	58.3%	56.6%	
Operating expenses to average funds under management	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	
Insurance expenses to in-force premiums	8.7%	11.9%	10.0%	13.1%	
Retail insurance lapse rates	13.3%	12.1%	12.7%	12.3%	

	н	lalf Year			Full Year	
Operating expenses	p 11 \$M ⁸	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 1 ⁻	•	
. •	(256)	(259)	-1%	(515)		
ANZ Private & Other Wealth	(81)	(76)	7%	(157) (136)	15%
Total	(337)	(335)	1%	(672) (655)	3%
⁸ From 1 April 2011, the classification of certain expenses reported in operating income a restatement occurred 1 October 2009, the restatement would have resulted in an increa and 2010 full years						
		_	Half Ye	ear	Full Ye	ear
Performance measures			Sep 11 %	Mar 11 %	Sep 11 %	Sep 10 %
Çost to income ⁹			60.7%	56.1%	58.3%	56.6%
Operating expenses to average funds under management			0.6%	0.6%	0.6%	0.6%
Insurance expenses to in-force premiums			8.7%	11.9%	10.0%	13.1%
Retail insurance lapse rates			13.3%	12.1%	12.7%	12.3%
Cost to income ratio is operating expenses / operating income						
		As	at (\$M)		Movem	ent
					Sep 11	Sep 11
Funds under management		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	v. Mar 11 \	•
Funds under management - average		43,127	44,974	44,550	-4%	-3%
Funds under management - end of period		40,798	45,456	44,493	-10%	-8%
Composed of:						
Australian equities		12,675	16,127	15,235	-21%	-17%
Global equities		5,993	7,124	7,036	-16%	-15%
Cash and fixed interest		17,110	16,357	16,658	5%	3%
Property and infrastructure		2,516	2,936	2,782	-14%	-10%
ANZ Trustees		2,504	2,912	2,782	-14%	-10%
Total		40,798	45,456	44,493	-10%	-8%
		Sep 11	In-	Out-	Other	Sep 10
Wealth Management cashflows		\$M	flows	flows	flows ¹⁰	\$M
OneAnswer		15,192	2,152	(3,113)	(646)	16,799
Other Personal Investment		4,888	286	(800)	(240)	5,642
Mezzanine		1,096	120	(396)	(28)	1,400
Employer Super		11,925	1,755	(1,290)	(780)	12,240
Oasis		5,193	780	(883)	(334)	5,630
ANZ Trustees		2,504	449	(504)	(223)	2,782
Total		40,798	5,542	(6,986)	(2,251)	44,493
10						
Other flows includes investment income net of taxes, fees and charges, and distribution	S	۸۰	ot (CNA)		Marram	
	_	AS	at (\$M)		Movem	
Insurance annual in-force premiums		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11 v	Sep 11 /. Sep 10
Group		502	462	452	9%	11%
☐ Individual		749	704	653	6%	15%
General Insurance		311	302	295	3%	5%
Total		1,562	1,468	1,400	6%	12%
· Stat		1,302	1,400	1,400	0 /0	1270
			0 44			

	Sep 11	In-	Out-	Other	Sep 10
Wealth Management cashflows	\$M	flows	flows	flows ¹⁰	\$M
OneAnswer	15,192	2,152	(3,113)	(646)	16,799
Other Personal Investment	4,888	286	(800)	(240)	5,642
Mezzanine	1,096	120	(396)	(28)	1,400
Employer Super	11,925	1,755	(1,290)	(780)	12,240
Oasis	5,193	780	(883)	(334)	5,630
ANZ Trustees	2,504	449	(504)	(223)	2,782
Fotal	40,798	5,542	(6,986)	(2,251)	44,493

As at (\$M)			Movement		
Insurance annual in-force premiums	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11 v	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Group	502	462	452	9%	11%
Individual	749	704	653	6%	15%
General Insurance	311	302	295	3%	5%
Total	1,562	1,468	1,400	6%	12%

	Sep 11	New business	Lapses	Sep 10
Insurance cash flows	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M
Group	502	66	(16)	452
Individual	749	163	(67)	653
General Insurance	311	85	(69)	295
Total	1,562	314	(152)	1,400

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	As at			As at Mover			ment
Aligned adviser numbers	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11			
Group & aligned financial planners ¹¹	2,021	2,131	2,134	-5%	-5%		

^{11.} Includes authorised representatives of dealer groups wholly or partially controlled by OnePath Australia, and ANZ Group financial planners

Embedded value and value of new business (OnePath only) ¹²	\$M
Embedded value as at September 2010	3,411
Value of franking credit balance transferred to ANZ ¹³	(139)
Restated embedded value as at September 2010	3,272
Value of new business ¹⁴	155
Expected return ¹⁵	361
Experience deviations and assumption changes ¹⁶	(175)
Sub-total embedded value before economic assumption changes and net transfer	3,613
Economic assumptions change ¹⁷	84
Net transfer ¹⁸	(355)
Embedded value as at September 2011	3,342

Embedded value represents the present value of future profits and releases of capital arising from the business in force at the valuation date and adjusted net assets. It is determined using best estimate assumptions with franking credits included at 70% of face value. Projected cash flows have been discounted using capital asset pricing model risk discount rates of 9.25-10.75%

The value of franking credit balance was transferred to ANZ as OnePath corporate tax matters are now consolidated at ANZ Group level

Value of new business represents the present value of future profits less the cost of capital arising from the new business written over the period

Expected return represents expected increase in value over the period

OnePath only	As at (\$M)
Total capital sources by equity class	Sep 11	Sep 10
Share capital	1,914	1,772
Reserves	11	(35)
Retained earnings ¹⁹	530	698
Outside equity interest	7	-
Total OnePath Australia shareholder equity	2,462	2,435
Unsecured loan	432	432
Total OnePath Australia capital source	2,894	2,867
Total capital sources by asset class		
Australian equities	-	39
International fixed interest	125	117
Australian fixed interest	181	337
Cash	1,413	1,125
Total OnePath Australia shareholder funds	1,719	1,618
Other including intangibles ²⁰	1,175	1,249
Total OnePath Australia capital source	2,894	2,867

September 2010 includes impact of push down allocated cost tax adjustments arising from the 100% acquisition of OnePath Australia

Experience deviations and assumption changes arise from deviations from and changes to best estimate assumptions underlying the prior year embedded value. The adverse movement is primarily due to higher ongoing management expense assumption and lower funds under management as a result of adverse market movements.

Intangibles include goodwill, deferred acquisition cost and capitalised software

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September 2011 v September 2010

Wealth profit after tax was \$67 million (16%) lower as a result of volatile market conditions and negative investor sentiment adversely impacting volumes and margin compression. In addition, the result has been impacted by the catastrophic weather events of 2011, higher levels of investment in strategic projects and the normalisation of the provision for credit impairments following the recovery of asset valuations in 2010 from the 2009 level.

Net interest income is lower due to the repayment of wholesale legacy loans combined with higher funding costs in ANZ Private and Other Wealth.

Other operating income was \$19 million (16%) lower predominantly driven by the adverse investor sentiment in the second half negatively impacting on volumes, as well as a one-off impairment charge in E*Trade.

Funds management net income was 5% lower due to a combination of margin squeeze, negative investor sentiment and lower average FUM.

Income from Insurance operations reflected continued growth across all Retail segments, however general insurance claims were higher due to the catastrophic weather events in the September 2011 full year. Excluding the expense reclassification noted in footnote 4 on page 53, net advice income is marginally higher in 2011 compared to 2010.

Capital investment earnings increased largely due to the recovery from the impacts of the Global Financial Crisis during the September 2010 full year.

Operating expenses increased \$17 million (3%) due to higher levels of investment in strategic projects and one off charges relating to software impairments, partially offset by integration benefits and tight control of discretionary spend.

Releases of provisions for credit impairment were significantly higher in 2010 due to improved asset valuations on legacy wholesale equity backed loans during the year, resulting in a decrease of \$29 million (78%) in the credit impairment expense.

Tax expense and the related effective tax rate were higher in the September 2011 year as the September 2010 year benefited from one-off tax credits.

September 2011 v March 2011

Wealth profit after tax was down \$27 million (15%) due to lower insurance net income as a result of unfavourable claims and lapse experience in Individual Life, and a deterioration in the funds management business driven by volatile investment markets in the second half of the year.

Other operating income was \$10 million (18%) lower predominantly driven by the adverse investor sentiment negatively impacting on volumes, as well as a one-off impairment charge in E*Trade.

The decline in funds management net income of 3% was mainly driven by lower average volume and margin deterioration.

Excluding the expense reclassification noted in footnote 4 on page 53, net insurance income was \$47 million (24%) lower due to adverse claims and lapse experience partially offset by strong new business growth. Net advice income is consistent with the first half.

Operating expenses decreased by \$18 million (5%) after adjusting for the expense reclassification with integration benefits offset by a one-off charge relating to software impairment and investment in strategic projects.

Provision releases were slightly higher due to improved asset valuations on legacy wholesale equity backed loans, as well as the loan book maturing in the September 2011 half.

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Alex Thursby

Asia Pacific, Europe & America division includes Retail which provides retail and small business banking services and investment and insurance products and services for Asia Pacific customers, Asia Partnerships which is a portfolio of strategic partnerships in Asia, and Institutional which offers a full range of financial services to institutional customers.

		Half Year		Full Year			
	Table reflects USD for the APEA division AUD results shown on page 93	Sep 11 USD M	Mar 11 USD M	Movt	Sep 11 USD M	Sep 10 USD M	Movt
	Net interest income	600	558	8%	1,158	1,008	15%
	Other external operating income	686	712	-4%	1,398	1,083	29%
	Operating income	1,286	1,270	1%	2,556	2,091	22%
	Operating expenses	(795)	(731)	9%	(1,526)	(1,212)	26%
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	491	539	-9%	1,030	879	17%
	Provision for credit impairment	(70)	(43)	63%	(113)	(174)	-35%
	Profit before income tax	421	496	-15%	917	705	30%
	Income tax expense	(64)	(105)	-39%	(169)	(82)	large
(1)	Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
	Pro forma profit	353	386	-9%	739	617	20%
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(9)	-100%
	Underlying profit	353	386	-9%	739	608	22%
	Consisting of:						
	Retail	56	64	-13%	120	34	large
	Asia Partnerships	173	146	18%	319	306	4%
	Institutional	174	233	-25%	407	345	18%
	Operations & Support	(50)	(57)	-12%	(107)	(68)	57%
	Pro forma profit	353	386	-9%	739	617	20%
(5/1	Balance Sheet						
	Net loans & advances including acceptances	37,736	31,976	18%	37,736	26,218	44%
	Other external assets	48,002	34,938	37%	48,002	30,553	57%
	External assets	85,738	66,914	28%	85,738	56,771	51%
	Customer deposits	63,080	54,552	16%	63,080	45,057	40%
	Other deposits and borrowings	7,273	5,343	36%	7,273	7,325	-1%
06	Deposits and other borrowings	70,353	59,895	17%	70,353	52,382	34%
$(U)_{r}$	Other external liabilities	20,173	15,461	30%	20,173	12,281	64%
7	External liabilities	90,526	75,356	20%	90,526	64,663	40%
	Risk weighted assets	55,695	49,128	13%	55,695	41,783	33%
6	Average net loans and advances including acceptances	36,173	29,313	23%	32,752	21,015	56%
all	Average deposits and other borrowings	67,075	56,944	18%	62,023	46,559	33%
	Ratios						
	Return on average assets	0.79%	1.03%		0.90%	1.03%	
	Net interest average margin	1.52%	1.74%		1.62%	1.68%	
~	Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.59%	2.95%		2.76%	3.01%	
2	Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma)	61.8%	57.6%		59.7%	58.0%	
	Operating expenses to operating income	61.8%	57.6%		59.7%	55.2%	
	Operating expenses to average assets	1.78%	1.95%		1.86%	1.73%	
	Individual provision charge	81	51	59%	132	138	-4%
ПП	Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.45%	0.35%		0.40%	0.65%	
	Collective provision charge (credit)	(11)	(8)	38%	(19)	1	large
	Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.06%)	(0.05%)		(0.06%)	0.00%	
	Net impaired assets	276	283	-2%	276	258	7%
	Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	0.73%	0.89%		0.73%	0.98%	
	Total employees	10,650	10,718	-1%	10,650	10,332	3%

Alex Thursby

Commentary reflects USD results

September 2011 v September 2010

On a pro forma basis, profit grew 20% with solid profit growth by both the Retail and Institutional businesses despite lower Global Markets trading income in the September 2011 half year. We completed the acquisitions of the RBS businesses in the Philippines, Vietnam and Hong Kong during the March 2010 half year and in Taiwan, Singapore and Indonesia during the September 2010 half year. Asia Partnerships' profit contribution held steady despite the impairment charge relating to the carrying value of our investment in Saigon Thuong Tin Commercial Joint-Stock Bank (Sacombank) in the March 2011 half year and the positive impact of the reversal of the Saigon Securities Incorporation (SSI) impairment charge in 2010.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Solid balance sheet growth contributed to net interest income increasing 15% compared with 2010.
- Other external operating income grew 29% primarily from higher fees and other income by Global Markets, the gain from the sale of credit cards loan portfolios in Taiwan, and increased earnings from Asia Partnerships.
 - The 26% increase in operating expenses resulted from the build-up of regional revenue generating staff and support capabilities.
- Provision charges for credit impairment decreased 35%. Individual provision charges were 4% lower in 2011 due to higher recoveries achieved mainly in the Retail businesses in Asia (in particular, Taiwan), partially offset by higher charges associated with certain legacy institutional positions. Collective provision charges were lower due to the upgrade of a few large Institutional customers and the release arising from active de-risking of the previously RBS-owned portfolios.
 - While volumes were strong there was margin pressure arising from competitor pricing activity evident in the second half of the year.
- Net loans and advances including acceptances increased 44%. All business lines increased loans and deposits reflecting strong franchise momentum.

September 2011 v March 2011

Profit decreased 9% compared with the March 2011 half year. Earnings from the Institutional business reduced 25% with lower trading income by Global Markets partially offset by higher customer driven revenues. Earnings from the Retail business for the March 2011 half year included the gain from the sale of credit card loan portfolios in Taiwan.

Key factors affecting the result were:

- Net interest income was 8% higher compared with the prior half year, driven by balance sheet growth.
- Other external operating income decreased 4%, principally due to the lower contribution by Global Markets mainly as a result of lower trading income in difficult conditions. Increased earnings in the September half from Asia Partnerships reflected the impact of the Sacombank impairment charge recorded in the March 2011 half year. Retail delivered solid growth after taking into account the gain from the sale of credit card portfolios in Taiwan in the March 2011 half year.
 - Operating expenses increased 9%, reflecting continued and targeted investments in expanding distribution and building front line capability across the region. Employees reduced by 1% compared with the March 2011 half year.
- Provision charges for credit impairment were 63% higher compared with the prior half year. This was mainly driven by 57% higher individual provision charges associated with a small number of certain legacy institutional positions. Collective provision write-back for the September 2011 half year was 25% higher with the release arising from active de-risking of the portfolios acquired through the acquisitions of the RBS businesses (in particular, Taiwan), partially offset by the higher charges driven by growth in loans and advances.
 - Net loans and advances increased 18% and customer deposits 16%. All business lines increased loans and deposits reflecting strong franchise momentum.
- While volumes increased strongly, net interest margin (excluding Global Markets) was 36 basis points lower than for the March half, reflecting increased pricing competition and the product mix impact of de-risking the portfolio.

Alex Thursby

Business operating segments

Table reflects USD results	Half Year Full Year					ıll Year		
Retail	Sep 11 USD M	Mar 11 USD M	Movt	Sep 11 USD M	Sep 10 USD M	Movt		
Net interest income	296	281	5%	577	517	12%		
Other external operating income	177	176	1%	353	269	31%		
Operating income	473	457	4%	930	786	18%		
Operating expenses	(378)	(356)	6%	(734)	(636)	15%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	95	101	-6%	196	150	31%		
Provision for credit impairment	(21)	(16)	31%	(37)	(91)	-59%		
Profit before income tax	74	85	-13%	159	59	large		
Income tax expense	(18)	(20)	-10%	(38)	(22)	73%		
Non-controlling interests	-	(1)	-100%	(1)	(3)	-67%		
Pro forma profit	56	64	-13%	120	34	large		
Pro forma adjustments	-	_	n/a	-	(5)	-100%		
Underlying profit	56	64	-13%	120	29	large		
Risk weighted assets	11,266	10,252	10%	11,277	8,461	33%		
						<u> </u>		
Asia Partnerships								
Net interest income	(36)	(34)	6%	(70)	(55)	27%		
Other external operating income	200	191	5%	391	353	11%		
Operating income	164	157	4%	321	298	8%		
Operating expenses	(4)	(4)	0%	(8)	(4)	100%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	160	153	5%	313	294	6%		
Profit before income tax	160	153	5%	313	294	6%		
Income tax expense	13	(7)	large	6	12	-50%		
Non-controlling interests	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a		
Pro forma profit	173	146	18%	319	306	4%		
Pro forma adjustments	-	_	n/a	-	-	n/a		
Underlying profit	173	146	18%	319	306	4%		
Risk weighted assets	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		
						_		
Institutional								
Net interest income	342	310	10%	652	545	20%		
Other external operating income	305	347	-12%	652	469	39%		
Operating income	647	657	-2%	1,304	1,014	29%		
Operating expenses	(381)	(317)	20%	(698)	(507)	38%		
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	266	340	-22%	606	507	20%		
Provision for credit impairment	(49)	(27)	81%	(76)	(77)	-1%		
Profit before income tax	217	313	-31%	530	430	23%		
Income tax expense	(43)	(78)	-45%	(121)	(85)	42%		
Non-controlling interests	-	(2)	-100%	(2)	-	n/a		
Pro forma profit	174	233	-25%	407	345	18%		
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a		(4)	-100%		
Underlying profit	174	233	-25%	407	341	19%		
Risk weighted assets	42,616	38,640	10%	42,616	33,109	29%		

Alex Thursby

	Half Year				Full Year				
	Individual provision charge	Sep 11 USD M	Mar 11 USD M	Movt	Sep 11 USD M	Sep 10 USD M	Movt		
	Retail	33	24	38%	57	87	-34%		
	Asia	27	20	35%	47	74	-36%		
	Pacific	6	4	50%	10	13	-23%		
>	Institutional	48	27	78%	75	77	-3%		
	Transaction Banking	40	15	large	55	23	large		
	Global Loans	(13)	(5)	large	(18)	28	large		
	Global Markets	22	16	38%	38	19	100%		
	Other	(1)	1	large	-	7	-100%		
	Pro forma individual provision charge	81	51	59%	132	164	-20%		
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(26)	-100%		
	Underlying individual provision charge	81	51	59%	132	138	-4%		

Pacific	6	4	50%	10	13	-23%
Institutional	48	27	78%	75	77	-3%
Transaction Banking	40	15	large	55	23	large
Global Loans	(13)	(5)	large	(18)	28	large
Global Markets	22	16	38%	38	19	100%
Other	(1)	1	large	-	7	-100%
Pro forma individual provision charge	81	51	59%	132	164	-20%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(26)	-100%
Underlying individual provision charge	81	51	59%	132	138	-4%
a		Half Year			Full Year	
Collective provision charge	Sep 11 USD M	Mar 11 USD M	Movt	Sep 11 USD M	Sep 10 USD M	Movt
Retail	(12)	(8)	50%	(20)	4	large
Asia	(12)	(6)	100%	(18)	8	large
Pacific	-	(2)	-100%	(2)	(4)	-50%
Institutional	1	-	n/a	1	-	n/a
Transaction Banking	(4)	9	large	5	3	67%
Global Loans	6	(6)	large	-	-	n/a
Global Markets	(2)	(2)	0%	(4)	(3)	33%
Other	1	(1)	large	-	-	n/a
Operations & Support	<u>-</u> .	-	n/a	-	6	-100%
Pro forma collective provision charge	(11)	(8)	38%	(19)	10	large
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(9)	-100%
Underlying collective provision charge	(11)	(8)	38%	(19)	1	large
((-	As	at (USD M)		Move	ment
Net loans & advances including acceptances		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Retail		6,663	5,841	5,402	14%	23%
Asia		4,323	3,668	3,274	18%	32%
Pacific		2,340	2,173	2,128	8%	10%
Institutional		31,077	26,142	20,822	19%	49%
Transaction Banking		11,499	9,596	4,921	20%	large
Global Loans		18,978	15,834	13,343	20%	42%
Other		600	712	2,558	-16%	-77%
Operations & Support		(4)	(7)	(6)	-43%	-33%
Underlying net loans & advances		37,736	31,976	26,218	18%	44%
including acceptances						
	_	As	at (USD M)		Move	ment
Customer deposits		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Retail		14,192	12,887	12,223	10%	16%
Asia		10,293	9,549	9,026	8%	14%
Docific		2 000	2 220	2 107	170/	220/

		As at (USD M)			Move	ment
	Net loans & advances including acceptances	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
	Retail	6,663	5,841	5,402	14%	23%
L	Asia	4,323	3,668	3,274	18%	32%
	Pacific	2,340	2,173	2,128	8%	10%
C	Institutional	31,077	26,142	20,822	19%	49%
	Transaction Banking	11,499	9,596	4,921	20%	large
<	Global Loans	18,978	15,834	13,343	20%	42%
	Other	600	712	2,558	-16%	-77%
_	Operations & Support	(4)	(7)	(6)	-43%	-33%
	Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances	37,736	31,976	26,218	18%	44%

	As	Move	ment		
Customer deposits	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Retail	14,192	12,887	12,223	10%	16%
Asia	10,293	9,549	9,026	8%	14%
Pacific	3,899	3,338	3,197	17%	22%
Institutional	48,872	41,664	32,827	17%	49%
Transaction Banking	28,574	21,032	16,861	36%	69%
Global Markets	19,979	19,988	16,597	0%	20%
Other	319	644	(631)	-50%	large
Operations & Support	16	1	7	large	large
Underlying customer deposits	63,080	54,552	45,057	16%	40%

Shayne Elliott

Institutional provides global financial services to government, corporate and institutional clients. We provide solutions for clients with complex financial needs, based on a deep understanding of their businesses and industries, offering specialist products and services within Transaction Banking, Global Loans and Global Markets.

	Half Year		ı	ull Year		
7	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	1,563	1,517	3%	3,092	3,178	-3%
Other external operating income	770	1,035	-26%	1,814	1,684	8%
Operating income	2,333	2,552	-9%	4,906	4,862	1%
Operating expenses	(1,019)	(968)	5%	(2,001)	(1,717)	17%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,314	1,584	-17%	2,905	3,145	-8%
Provision for credit impairment	(104)	(152)	-32%	(258)	(742)	-65%
Profit before income tax	1,210	1,432	-16%	2,647	2,403	10%
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(343)	(408)	-16%	(752)	(670)	12%
Pro forma profit	867	1,024	-15%	1,895	1,733	9%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	4	n/a	n/a	49	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(4)	-100%
Underlying profit	867	1,028	-16%	1,895	1,778	7%
Consisting of:						
Transaction Banking	266	218	22%	486	442	10%
Global Loans	509	459	11%	972	581	67%
Global Markets	131	385	-66%	516	720	-28%
Relationship & Infrastructure	(39)	(38)	3%	(79)	(10)	large
Pro forma profit	867	1,024	-15%	1,895	1,733	9%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances ¹	91,151	83,727	9%	91,151	78,705	16%
Other external assets	146,525	104,058	41%	146,525	106,316	38%
External assets	237,676	187,785	27%	237,676	185,021	28%
Customer deposits	117,434	98,747	19%	117,434	97,681	20%
Other deposits and borrowings	11,077	9,004	23%	11,077	11,950	-7%
Deposits and other borrowings	128,511	107,751	19%	128,511	109,631	17%
Other external liabilities	72,305	50,113	44%	72,305	67,677	7%
External liabilities	200,816	157,864	27%	200,816	177,308	13%
Risk weighted assets	140,838	129,788	9%	140,838	130,643	8%
Ratios						
Return on average assets	0.81%	1.05%		0.92%	0.94%	
Net interest average margin	1.86%	1.98%		1.92%	2.15%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.96%	3.13%		3.04%	3.12%	
Operating expenses to operating income	43.7%	38.2%		40.8%	35.3%	
Operating expenses to average assets	0.95%	1.01%		0.98%	0.92%	
Individual provision charge	75	150	-50%	224	799	-72%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances ²	0.17%	0.37%		0.27%	1.10%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	29	4	large	34	(58)	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances ²	0.07%	0.01%		0.04%	(0.08%)	
Net impaired assets	2,194	2,667	-18%	2,194	3,012	-27%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances ¹	2.41%	3.19%		2.41%	3.83%	
Total employees	6,448	6,362	1%	6,448	6,180	4%

²⁰¹⁰ comparatives have been adjusted to include bill acceptances (Sep 2010: \$6,035 million), previously included as trading securities
2010 comparatives have been adjusted to include average bill acceptances (Sep 2010: \$5,430 million), previously included as trading securities

Shayne Elliott

September 2011 v September 2010

Institutional's goal is to build the best bank in the world for clients who are dependent on trade and capital flows across the region, particularly those in the natural resources, agribusiness and infrastructure sectors. Aligned to this strategic ambition, our priority products are trade, cash management, foreign exchange and commodities and capital markets.

Pro forma profit increased 9%, a solid performance in difficult market conditions, with the changing geographic distribution of profit reflecting our super regional strategy. While overall pro forma global revenue increased 1%, customer revenues were up 10% to \$4.3 billion, but this was offset by lower trading and balance sheet revenues which were down 36% reflecting the difficult market conditions. Customer revenues in our priority sectors of resources, agribusiness and infrastructure grew around 19%. Over 1,300 new relationships were acquired during the year.

APEA revenues grew 30% and represent 26% of global revenues (2010: 20%). Partially offsetting APEA revenue growth was a 7% contraction in Australia, where trading conditions were particularly difficult in the second half. Despite challenging economic conditions, New Zealand performed well with revenue up 2% on 2010.

Within our priority product segments, Payments and Cash Management ("PCM") revenues grew 13% on the back of investment in our "Transactive" cash management platforms. Customer deposits in PCM were up 27% with particularly strong growth in Asia, up 68%. Trade revenues were up 29% with 58% growth in Asia. Markets sales were up 13% and FX revenues increased 22% with FX sales revenues now representing 52% of total Global Markets sales revenues (2010: 48%).

Net interest margin (excluding Global Markets) was down 8 basis points, partially due to a one-off interest write back in 2010 which increased prior year net interest margin by 3 basis points as well as the geographic mix effect with significant increase in volumes in the lower spread Asia region. Net loans and advances were up \$12.4 billion, 16%, with APEA growth of \$10.5 billion (49%). Australian lending increased \$2.6 billion (5%) and the margins on our lending portfolios in Australia and New Zealand were held relatively steady following repricing completed in 2010.

expenses increased 17% mainly due to the run rate impact of investments made in building out APEA capabilities in the prior year and in cash platforms to support the super regional strategy.

Credit impairment expense was down 65% reflecting the improvement in the quality of the book as well as the credit cycle.

September 2011 v March 2011

Pro forma profit for the half year decreased 15% reflecting the fall in Global Markets' trading and balance sheet revenues, down 70%. Markets' sales revenues were up 3% (or 11% excluding capital markets where securitization portfolio volumes and margins were down in line with the market), reflecting our investment in FX capabilities and mitigating the impact of the trading revenue decline.

Our priority product and customer segments continued to deliver strong results during the second half of the year:

- Customer revenue momentum continued and over 600 new relationships were acquired. The priority sectors of natural resources, agribusiness and infrastructure grew at 20%.
- Customer deposit growth was 19%. Deposit growth in APEA was approximately \$10 billion and around \$8 billion in Australia.
 Australian growth in part reflects strong systems growth, and the new cash management platform with the Asian growth consequent to the build out of our Asian franchise.
- Our diversification across the super region was evidenced by a 27% growth in lending in APEA, with the Asian lending book growing 29% and APEA now representing 35% of the loan portfolio.

Net interest margin (excluding Markets) declined 17 basis points due to competitive pressures in the domestic market, geographic diversification with growth skewed to lower spread Asian region, and the impact of the continued improvement in the quality of our lending portfolio.

With the slowing of revenue, expenses were limited to a 5% uplift. In Australia and New Zealand expenses growth was due to ongoing investment in strategic capability builds including cash management and payments infrastructure. Expense growth in Asia reflected the build out of foreign exchange capability and investment in cash platforms.

Provision for credit impairment decreased 32% in second half 2011 in line with the improving economic environment which saw individual provisions decrease aided by an increase in recoveries and writebacks.

Shayne Elliott

Business operating segments

Net Interest income Six		Half Year			Half Year Full Year					l Year		
Net interest income of the reternal operating income	Transaction Banking			Movt		•	Movt					
Operating income 660 596 11% 1,261 1,084 16% Opirating expenses (278) (276) 19% (556) (478) 16% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 382 320 19% 705 606 16% Prosiston for credit impairment (13) (21) -38% (35) 21 large Profit before income tax 369 299 23% 570 66.77 7% Income tax expenses and non-controlling interests (103) (81) 22% 486 442 10% For forma profit 266 218 22% 486 442 10% For forma adjustments -	-			9%			15%					
Operating expenses (278) (276) 1% (586) (478) 16% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 382 320 19% 705 606 16% Profit before credit impairment (13) (21) 38% (35) 21 large Profit before income tax 369 299 23% 670 627 7% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (103) (81) 27% (184) (185) -1% Pro forma partin 266 218 22% 486 442 10% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 2 n/a n/a 1 n/a Pro forma pagistments n/a 2 17% 17% 1 n/a Risk weighted assets 24,189 21,649 12% 24,189 20,31 17% Risk weighted assets 24,189 21,649 12% 24,189 20,31 17% Risk weighted assets 24,189 21,649 15%<	Other external operating income	307	271	13%	580	491	18%					
Frofit before credit impairment and income tax 1382 320 19% 705 606 16%	Operating income	660	596	11%	1,261	1,084	16%					
Provision for credit impairment Provision for credit impairment tax 369 299 23% 670 627 7% 1003 (81) 27% (184) (185) -1% Pro forma profit 266 218 22% 486 442 10% Pro forma profit 266 218 22% 486 442 10% Pro forma profit 266 218 22% 486 442 10% Pro forma glossments 3	Operating expenses	(278)	(276)	1%	(556)	(478)	16%					
Profit before income tax expense and non-controlling interests (103) (81) 27% (184) (185) -1% (186) -1% (1	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	382	320	19%	705	606	16%					
Profession Pro		(13)	(21)	-38%	(35)	21	large					
Profession Pro	Profit before income tax	369	299	23%	670	627	7%					
Pro forma profit 266 218 22% 486 442 10% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 2 n/a n/a 12 n/a Pro forms adjustments - n/a 2 n/a - n/a Underlying profit 266 220 21% 486 454 7% Risk weighted assets 24.189 21.649 12% 24.189 20.731 17% Global Loans Net interest income 919 922 0% 1,847 1,703 8% Other external operating income 89 94 -5% 185 206 -10% Operating income 1,008 1,016 -1% 2,032 1,909 6% Ober external operating income 89 94 -5% 185 206 -10% Operating expenses (248) (237) 59% 458 1841 44% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 760 779 -2% 1,545<	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(103)	(81)	27%	(184)	(185)	-1%					
Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 2 n/a n/a 12 n/a	Pro forma profit	266	218	22%			10%					
Proforma adjustments												
New Heat Company Com		-	-			-						
Risk weighted assets 24,189 21,649 12% 24,189 20,731 17%		266	220			454						
Sicolat Loans Net Interest Income 919 922 0% 1,847 1,703 8% Other external operating income 89 94 -5% 185 206 -10% Operating income 1,008 1,016 -1% 2,032 1,909 6% Operating expenses (248) (237) 5% (487) (428) 14% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 760 779 -2% 1,545 1,481 4% Profit before credit impairment (70) (136) -49% (206) (660) (660) Profit before income tax 600 643 77% 1,339 812 65% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (181) (184) -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% Profit program expense and non-controlling interests 7	y											
Net interest income	Nisk weighted assets	24,107	21,047	1270	24,107	20,731	1770					
Other external operating income 89 94 -5% 185 206 -10% Operating income 1,008 1,016 -1% 2,032 1,909 6% Operating expenses (248) (237) 5% (487) (428) 14% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 760 779 -2% 1,545 1,481 4% Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (181) (184) -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Pro forma adjustments - - n/a - n/a - n/a Where the external operating income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 291 267 </td <td></td> <td>212</td> <td></td> <td>201</td> <td></td> <td>4 700</td> <td>201</td>		212		201		4 700	201					
Operating income 1,008 1,016 -1% 2,032 1,909 6% Operating expenses (248) (237) 5% (487) (428) 14% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 760 779 -2% 1,545 1,481 4% Profit before credit impairment (70) (136) -49% (206) (669) -69% Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (181) (184) -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% For forma adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 1/a 1/												
Operating expenses (248) (237) 5% (487) (428) 14% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 760 779 -2% 1,545 1,481 4% Profit before credit impairment (70) (136) -49% (206) (669) -69% Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Proforma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% Proforma adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Proforma adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Proforma adjustments 509 463 10% 972 596 63% Proforma profit 509 509 500 832 33% Proforma profit 509 509 500 832 33% Proforma profit 509 509 500 832 33% Proforma profit 509 509 509 509 509 509 509 Proforma profit 509 509 509 509 509 509 509 509	. 5											
Profit before credit impairment and income tax					•							
Frovision for credit impairment (70) (136) -49% (206) (69) -69% Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (181) (184) -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Pro forma adjustments - - n/a n/a 1 - n/a Underlying profit 509 463 10% 972 596 63% Risk weighted assets 84,226 78,913 7% 84,226 79,040 7% Global Markets Net interest income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating expenses (423) (399) <td></td> <td>(248)</td> <td>(237)</td> <td>5%</td> <td>(487)</td> <td>(428)</td> <td>14%</td>		(248)	(237)	5%	(487)	(428)	14%					
Profit before income tax 690 643 7% 1,339 812 65% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (181) (184) -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% For forma adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Pro forma adjustments - - - n/a - <td< td=""><td>Profit before credit impairment and income tax</td><td>760</td><td>779</td><td>-2%</td><td>1,545</td><td>1,481</td><td>4%</td></td<>	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	760	779	-2%	1,545	1,481	4%					
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests 181 (184 -2% (367) (231) 59% Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Pro forma adjustments -	Provision for credit impairment	(70)	(136)	-49%	(206)	(669)	-69%					
Pro forma profit 509 459 11% 972 581 67% For eign exchange adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a Pro forma adjustments - - n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 509 463 10% 972 596 63% Risk weighted assets 84,226 78,913 7% 84,226 79,040 7% Global Markets Net interest income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736<	Profit before income tax	690	643	7%	1,339	812	65%					
Foreign exchange adjustments n/a 4 n/a n/a 15 n/a	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(181)	(184)	-2%	(367)	(231)	59%					
Pro forma adjustments - - n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 509 463 10% 972 596 63% Risk weighted assets 84,226 78,913 7% 84,226 79,040 7% Global Markets Net interest income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Profit before income tax 118 19 large 1 (64) large Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736 1,010 -27% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (Pro forma profit	509	459	11%	972	581	67%					
Solution	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	4	n/a	n/a	15	n/a					
Risk weighted assets 84,226 78,913 7% 84,226 79,040 7%	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a					
Global Markets 291 267 9% 560 832 -33%	Underlying profit	509	463	10%	972	596	63%					
Net interest income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Provision for credit impairment (18) 19 large 1 (64) large Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736 1,010 -27% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (65) (154) -58% (220) (290) -24% Pro forma profit 131 385 -66% 516 720 -28% Foreign exchange adjustments - n/a - n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 131 385	Risk weighted assets	84,226	78,913	7%	84,226	79,040	7%					
Net interest income 291 267 9% 560 832 -33% Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Provision for credit impairment (18) 19 large 1 (64) large Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736 1,010 -27% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (65) (154) -58% (220) (290) -24% Pro forma profit 131 385 -66% 516 720 -28% Foreign exchange adjustments - n/a - n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 131 385	Clobal Markata											
Other external operating income 346 652 -47% 1,003 920 9% Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Provision for credit impairment (18) 19 large 1 (64) large Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736 1,010 -27% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (65) (154) -58% (220) (290) -24% Pro forma profit 131 385 -66% 516 720 -28% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a - n/a n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 131 385 -66% 516 737 -30%		291	267	9%	560	832	-33%					
Operating income 637 919 -31% 1,563 1,752 -11% Operating expenses (423) (399) 6% (828) (678) 22% Profit before credit impairment and income tax 214 520 -59% 735 1,074 -32% Provision for credit impairment (18) 19 large 1 (64) large Profit before income tax 196 539 -64% 736 1,010 -27% Income tax expense and non-controlling interests (65) (154) -58% (220) (290) -24% Pro forma profit 131 385 -66% 516 720 -28% Foreign exchange adjustments n/a - n/a n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 131 385 -66% 516 737 -30%												
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Pro forma adjustments - - n/a - - n/a Underlying profit 131 385 -66% 516 737 -30%	•		300									
Underlying profit 131 385 -66% 516 737 -30%		11/8	-		117 d	17						
		131	385	*	516	737						
		31,951	28,436	12%	31,951	30,413	5%					

SEGMENT REVIEW

Institutional division

Shayne Elliott

Analysis of Global Markets income

	F	Full Year				
Composition of Global Markets pro forma income by product class	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Fixed income	223	452	-51%	679	999	-32%
Foreign exchange	328	324	1%	652	533	22%
Capital markets	60	89	-33%	150	174	-14%
Other	26	54	-52%	82	46	78%
Pro forma Global Markets income	637	919	-31%	1,563	1,752	-11%

Capital markets	60	89	-33%	150	174	-14%
Other	26	54	-52%	82	46	78%
Pro forma Global Markets income	637	919	-31%	1,563	1,752	-11%
	-	Half Year		ı	Full Year	
Composition of Global Markets pro forma income by geography	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Australia	256	490	-48%	745	1,055	-29%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	257	315	-18%	582	467	25%
New Zealand	124	114	9%	236	230	3%
Pro forma Global Markets income	637	919	-31%	1,563	1,752	-11%
2		Half Year		ı	Full Year	
Composition of Global Markets Pro Forma income by activity	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Trading ¹	56	247	-77%	303	370	-18%

_	/	H	Full Year				
- 1	Composition of Global Markets Pro Forma income by activity	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Trading ¹	56	247	-77%	303	370	-18%
	Sales ²	510	496	3%	1,009	889	13%
	Balance sheet ³	71	176	-60%	251	493	-49%
	Pro forma Global Markets income	637	919	-31%	1,563	1,752	-11%

Trading represents management of positions taken as part of direct client sales flow and the Group's strategic positions Sales represents direct client flow business on core products such as fixed income, FX, commodities and capital markets Balance sheet represents hedging of interest rate risk on the Group's loan and deposit books and the management of the Bank's liquidity portfolio

Shayne Elliott

Market risk

Traded market risk

Below are aggregate Value at Risk (VaR) exposures at 97.5% and 99% confidence levels covering both physical and derivatives trading positions for the Bank's principal trading centres. All figures are in AUD.

97.5% confidence level (1 day holding period)

		As at Sep 11 \$M	High for year Sep 11 \$M	Low for year Sep 11 \$M	Avg for year Sep 11 \$M	As at Sep 10 \$M	High for year Sep 10 \$M	Low for year Sep 10 \$M	Avg for year Sep 10 \$N
Value a	at Risk at 97.5% confidence	ΨΙΝΙ	ΨIVI	φivi	φίνι	ΨIVI	ΨIVI	φivi	φιν
	Foreign exchange	6.0	7.9	0.8	3.1	2.6	7.8	0.8	2.0
	Interest rate	4.7	16.1	4.2	9.4	11.2	24.9	9.2	17.2
	Credit	3.4	8.5	2.4	5.4	3.0	4.9	1.7	3.1
	Commodities	2.0	4.3	1.6	2.6	2.1	3.7	1.1	2.3
	Equity	2.5	2.5	0.4	0.9	0.5	0.8	0.2	0.4
))	Diversification benefit	(10.4)	n/a	n/a	(10.3)	(7.1)	n/a	n/a	(8.2)
Total V	aR	8.2	18.8	5.7	11.1	12.3	24.9	10.0	16.8

Total \	VaR	11.7	29.5	8.3	15.8	21.8	71.4	15.0	32.6
))	Diversification benefit	(14.6)	n/a	n/a	(14.2)	(9.4)	n/a	n/a	(9.8)
7	Equity	3.4	3.5	0.6	1.3	0.8	1.2	0.5	0.8
_	Commodities	3.2	6.5	2.4	4.1	3.6	5.4	2.4	3.6
	Credit	4.9	10.5	3.2	6.9	3.9	7.0	2.1	4.4
	Interest rate	7.0	26.4	5.4	13.5	19.3	57.4	15.2	30.5
	Foreign exchange	7.8	10.9	1.0	4.2	3.6	10.4	1.3	3.1
Value	at Risk at 99% confidence								

Non-traded interest rate risk

Non-traded interest rate risk is managed by Global Markets and relates to the potential adverse impact of changes in market interest rates on future net interest income for the Group. Interest rate risk is reported using various techniques including VaR and scenario analysis to a 1% rate shock.

97.5% confidence level (1 day holding period)

5		As at Sep 11 \$M	High for year Sep 11 \$M	Low for year Sep 11 \$M	Avg for year Sep 11 \$M	As at Sep 10 \$M	High for year Sep 10 \$M	Low for year Sep 10 \$M	Avg for year Sep 10 \$M
Value a	at Risk at 97.5% confidence								
	Australia	12.2	20.1	10.5	14.4	18.2	27.3	18.0	22.0
	New Zealand	8.1	13.5	7.9	9.3	13.8	13.8	7.8	11.1
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	3.9	5.5	2.3	3.5	4.3	8.9	4.3	5.9
	Diversification benefit	(9.7)	n/a	n/a	(8.0)	(11.6)	n/a	n/a	(8.2)
Total V	aR	14.5	26.5	13.2	19.2	24.7	39.6	24.7	30.8

Impact of 1% rate shock on the next 12 months' net interest income¹

	As a	t
	Sep 11	Sep 10
As at period end	1.36%	1.09%
Maximum exposure	1.51%	1.61%
Minimum exposure	0.50%	0.60%
Average exposure (in absolute terms)	1.08%	0.98%

The impact is expressed as a percentage of net interest income. A positive result indicates that a rate increase is positive for net interest income. Conversely, a negative indicates a rate increase is negative for net interest income.

SEGMENT REVIEW

Institutional division

Shayne Elliott

	H	Half Year			Full Year			
Individual provision charge	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
Australia	32	130	-75%	162	716	-77%		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	47	25	88%	73	76	-4%		
New Zealand	(4)	(7)	-43%	(11)	5	large		
Pro forma individual provision charge	75	148	-49%	224	797	-72%		
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	2	n/a	n/a	8	n/a		
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(6)	-100%		
Underlying individual provision charge	75	150	-50%	224	799	-72%		

Pro forma individual provision charge	75					
	/5	148	-49%	224	797	-72%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	2	n/a	n/a	8	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(6)	-100%
Underlying individual provision charge	75	150	-50%	224	799	-72%
	ŀ	lalf Year			Full Year	
Collective provision charge	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Australia	37	7	large	45	(9)	large
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1	-	n/a	1	1	0%
New Zealand	(9)	(3)	large	(12)	(47)	-74%
Pro forma collective provision charge	29	4	large	34	(55)	large
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	-	n/a	n/a	(2)	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(1)	-100%
Underlying collective provision charge	29	4	large	34	(58)	large
	_	Α	s at (\$M)		Mover	nent
Net loans & advances including acceptances		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Australia		53,835	53,226	51,285	1%	5%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America		31,936	25,300	21,538	26%	48%
New Zealand		5,380	5,201	5,882	3%	-9%
		· ·	•		· ·	
Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances		91,151	83,727	78,705	9%	16%
				78,705		
	_		83,727 s at (\$M)	78,705	9% Mover	
including acceptances		A	s at (\$M)		Mover Sep 11	nent Sep 11
customer deposits		A Sep 11	s at (\$M) Mar 11	Sep 10	Mover Sep 11 v. Mar 11	nent Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Customer deposits Australia		A Sep 11 58,029	s at (\$M) Mar 11 49,826	Sep 10 55,108	Mover Sep 11 v. Mar 11 16%	nent Sep 11 v. Sep 10 5%
customer deposits		A Sep 11	s at (\$M) Mar 11	Sep 10	Mover Sep 11 v. Mar 11	nent Sep 11 v. Sep 10

		As at (\$M)			Movement		
	Net loans & advances including acceptances	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
	Australia	53,835	53,226	51,285	1%	5%	
_	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	31,936	25,300	21,538	26%	48%	
	New Zealand	5,380	5,201	5,882	3%	-9%	
	Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances	91,151	83,727	78,705	9%	16%	

		As at (\$M)			Movement		
	Customer deposits	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
L	Australia	58,029	49,826	55,108	16%	5%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	50,224	40,322	33,958	25%	48%	
C	New Zealand	9,181	8,599	8,617	7%	7%	
	Underlying customer deposits	117,434	98,747	97,681	19%	20%	

New Zealand

David Hisco

New Zealand comprises Retail, Commercial and Wealth. Retail provides a full range of banking services to personal customers. Commercial includes Commercial & Agri and Business Banking. Wealth includes Private Banking and OnePath New Zealand.

	Half Year			Full Year		
Table reflects NZD results for New Zealand AUD results shown on page 94	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt
Net interest income	1,112	1,098	1%	2,210	2,061	7%
Other external operating income	307	301	2%	608	614	-1%
Operating income	1,419	1,399	1%	2,818	2,675	5%
Operating expenses	(664)	(661)	0%	(1,325)	(1,349)	-2%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	755	738	2%	1,493	1,326	13%
Provision for credit impairment	(119)	(98)	21%	(217)	(516)	-58%
Profit before income tax	636	640	-1%	1,276	810	58%
Income tax expense	(185)	(187)	-1%	(372)	(225)	65%
Pro forma profit	451	453	0%	904	585	55%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(2)	-100%
Underlying profit	451	453	0%	904	583	55%
Consisting of:						
Retail	142	125	14%	267	186	44%
Commercial	290	292	-1%	582	361	61%
Wealth	32	26	23%	58	42	38%
Operations & Support	(13)	10	large	(3)	(4)	-25%
Pro forma profit	451	453	0%	904	585	55%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	86,766	88,402	-2%	86,766	88,345	-2%
Other external assets	2,670	2,716	-2%	2,670	3,248	-18%
External assets	89,436	91,118	-2%	89,436	91,593	-2%
Customer deposits	50,235	51,054	-2%	50,235	48,347	4%
Other deposits and borrowings	4,783	2,861	67%	4,783	7,307	-35%
Deposits and other borrowings	55,018	53,915	2%	55,018	55,654	-1%
Other external liabilities	16,822	18,157	-7%	16,822	16,912	-1%
External liabilities	71,840	72,072	0%	71,840	72,566	-1%
Risk weighted assets	48,743	51,000	-4%	48,743	51,708	-6%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	87,583	88,837	-1%	88,208	88,176	0%
Average deposits and other borrowings	54,116	55,171	-2%	54,642	57,313	-5%
Ratios						
Return on average assets	0.99%	0.98%		0.99%	0.64%	
Net interest average margin	2.50%	2.44%		2.47%	2.30%	
Operating expenses to operating income	46.8%	47.3%		47.0%	50.1%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.46%	1.44%		1.45%	1.47%	
Individual provision charge	174	159	9%	333	455	-27%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.40%	0.36%		0.38%	0.52%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	(55)	(61)	-10%	(116)	61	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.13%)	(0.14%)		(0.13%)	0.07%	
Net impaired assets	1,298	1,669	-22%	1,298	1,442	-10%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	1.49%	1.89%		1.49%	1.63%	
Total employees	8,884	9,022	-2%	8,884	9,073	-2%

New Zealand

David Hisco

Commentary reflects NZD results

September 2011 v September 2010

Financial performance in the 2011 year was strongly ahead of that in 2010, driven by a clear focus on simplifying the business, margin management and lower credit provisioning, although the lack of credit growth had a moderating impact.

On a pro forma basis, profit for the 2011 year increased 55%, with the result including a NZD299 million decrease in credit impairment charge. Profit before credit impairment and income tax increased 13%, driven by revenue growth and supported by strong management of costs.

Our customer value proposition in New Zealand continues to be strong across the businesses, with the Simplification Program contributing to a significant uplift in Retail customer satisfaction during the year, culminating in ANZ being awarded the Sunday Star-Times Canstar Cannex Bank of the Year Award, with The National Bank second.

Key components of the pro forma underlying result were:

Net interest income increased 7%. This growth reflected the margin benefit from re-pricing of the fixed rate lending book, and mix benefit from an increased proportion of variable rate lending in the mortgage portfolio. Deposit margins, however, were reduced in the competitive environment. Lending volumes declined 2% and customer deposits increased 4%, both largely market-driven.

Other external operating income declined 1%, reflecting lower Retail fees driven by a full year's impact from the fee restructure implemented during 2010. This was partly offset by increased income in Wealth from growth in the OnePath insurance and KiwiSaver businesses, and increased investment funds under management in Private Banking.

Operating expenses decreased 2%, reflecting productivity gains from simplifying the business, which more than offset inflationary impacts.

Provision for credit impairment charge decreased NZD299 million. The individual provision charge was cyclically lower, down NZD122 million on last year. The collective provision charge decreased NZD177 million, largely reflecting credit cycle adjustments booked in the 2010 year, with part releases in 2011. The total loss rate (total provision charge as a percentage of average net advances) for the 2011 year was 0.25%, down from 0.59% for the 2010 year.

September 2011 v March 2011

The New Zealand economy has continued to re-balance with households and businesses focused on repaying debt and strengthening their balance sheets. Financial performance in the September 2011 half held up well despite the moderating impact of this deleveraging headwind on revenue growth, with strong management of costs an important factor in the financial results for the half.

Profit before credit impairment and income tax increased 2%, reflecting modest revenue growth from net interest margin improvement and subdued lending volumes. Costs were held flat. The credit impairment charge increased NZD21 million, resulting in marginally lower pro forma underlying profit compared with the March 2011 half year (NZD2 million decline).

Key components of the pro forma underlying result were:

Net interest income increased 1%, reflecting margin improvement of 6 basis points driven by re-pricing benefits flowing from rollover of the fixed rate lending book, and customers favouring variable over fixed rate mortgages. These gains were moderated by higher funding costs as cheaper term funding rolled off during the year. Lending volumes declined 2% with the agri sector in particular impacted by de-leveraging. Customer deposits declined 2% after above-system growth in the first half.

Other external operating income increased 2%, reflecting stronger income in Wealth that was assisted by positive revaluations of net policyholder assets driven by falling interest rates. Fees and commissions remained constrained in a competitive environment.

Operating expenses were held flat in the September 2011 half. This positive outcome reflected a strong focus on cost management in the current environment, including constraints on discretionary expenditure, and realisation of productivity gains that is reflected in lower FTE across the businesses and support functions. The result continues the improving trend in the cost to income ratio, down 50 basis points to 46.8% in the September 2011 half.

Provision for credit impairment charge increased NZD21 million. After allowing for Christchurch earthquake related individual provisions and the matching unwind of the associated collective provision, individual provisions were modestly lower and the increased credit provision charge reflected a higher level of unwind in management overlays in the March 2011 half.

New Zealand

David Hisco

Business operating segments

Table reflects NZD results	1	Half Year		F	ull Year	
Retail	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt
Net interest income	443	418	6%	861	798	8%
Other external operating income	143	144	-1%	287	302	-5%
Operating income	586	562	4%	1,148	1,100	4%
Operating expenses	(340)	(348)	-2%	(688)	(686)	0%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	246	214	15%	460	414	11%
Provision for credit impairment	(43)	(35)	23%	(78)	(149)	-48%
Profit before income tax	203	179	13%	382	265	44%
Income tax expense	(61)	(54)	13%	(115)	(79)	46%
Pro forma profit	142	125	14%	267	186	44%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Underlying profit	142	125	14%	267	186	44%
Risk weighted assets	16,816	17,105	-2%	16,816	16,897	0%
Commercial						
Net interest income	669	665	1%	1,334	1,241	7%
Other external operating income	62	65	-5%	127	143	-11%
Operating income	731	730	0%	1,461	1,384	6%
Operating expenses	(241)	(249)	-3%	(490)	(504)	-3%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	490	481	2%	971	880	10%
Provision for credit impairment	(76)	(64)	19%	(140)	(365)	-62%
Profit before income tax	414	417	-1%	831	515	61%
Income tax expense	(124)	(125)	-1%	(249)	(154)	62%
Pro forma profit	290	292	-1%	582	361	61%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Underlying profit	290	292	-1%	582	361	61%
Risk weighted assets	30,448	32,461	-6%	30,448	33,499	-9%
")						
Wealth Net interest income	8	1	lorgo	0	,	50%
	102	93	large 10%	9 195	6 171	14%
Other external operating income Operating income	110	94	17%	204	177	15%
Operating expenses	(70)	(67)	4%	(137)	(140)	-2%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	40	27	48%	67	37	81%
	40	1	-100%	1		
Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax	- 40				(2)	large
Profit before income tax	40	28	43%	68 (10)	35 7	94%
Income tax expense	(8)	(2)	large			large
Pro forma adjustments	32	26	23% n/a	58	42	38%
Pro forma adjustments Underlying profit	32	26	23%	58	(2) 40	-100% 45%
Risk weighted assets	894	928	-4%	894	814	10%
Thisk weighted assets	074	720	-4 /0	074	014	1070

SEGMENT REVIEW

New Zealand

David Hisco

	Half Year				Full Year		
Individual provision charge	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt	
Retail	40	47	-15%	87	162	-46%	
Commercial	134	113	19%	247	291	-15%	
Commercial & Agri	113	103	10%	216	217	0%	
Business Banking	21	10	large	31	74	-58%	
Wealth	-	(1)	-100%	(1)	2	large	
Pro forma individual provision charge	174	159	9%	333	455	-27%	
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
Underlying individual provision charge	174	159	9%	333	455	-27%	

		Half Year			Full Year			
	/ Collective provision charge	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt	
	Retail	3	(12)	large	(9)	(13)	-31%	
5	Commercial	(58)	(49)	18%	(107)	74	large	
	Commercial & Agri	(58)	(41)	41%	(99)	86	large	
\leq	Business Banking	-	(8)	-100%	(8)	(12)	-33%	
	Pro forma collective provision charge	(55)	(61)	-10%	(116)	61	large	
Z	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
	Underlying collective provision charge	(55)	(61)	-10%	(116)	61	large	

Commercial & Agri	113	103	10%	216	217	0%
Business Banking	21	10	large	31	74	-58%
Wealth	-	(1)	-100%	(1)	2	large
Pro forma individual provision charge	174	159	9%	333	455	-27%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Underlying individual provision charge	174	159	9%	333	455	-27%
		Half Year			Full Year	
Collective provision charge	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt
Retail	3	(12)	large	(9)	(13)	-31%
Commercial	(58)	(49)	18%	(107)	74	large
Commercial & Agri	(58)	(41)	41%	(99)	86	large
Business Banking	-	(8)	-100%	(8)	(12)	-33%
Pro forma collective provision charge	(55)	(61)	-10%	(116)	61	large
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a
Underlying collective provision charge	(55)	(61)	-10%	(116)	61	large
		As	at (NZD M)		Move	ment
Net loans & advances including acceptances	-	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11
Retail		35,080	35,691	36,016	v. Mar 11	v. Sep 10 -3%
Commercial		50,402	51,464	51,168	-2%	-1%
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-4%	-4%
Commercial & Agri		34,875	36,295	36,330		
Business Banking		15,527	15,169	14,838	2%	5%
Wealth	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,284	1,247	1,161	3%	11%
Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances		86,766	88,402	88,345	-2%	-2%
99		As	at (NZD M)		Move	ment
Customer deposits		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Retail		27,934	27,830	27,001	0%	3%
Commercial		17,804	18,389	16,793	-3%	6%
Commercial & Agri		10,095	10,713	9,496	-6%	6%
Business Banking		7,709	7,676	7,297	0%	6%
Wealth		4,497	4,835	4,553	-7%	-1%
		· · ·		 		
Underlying customer deposits		50,235	51,054	48,347	-2%	4%
((

		As	at (NZD M)		Mover	nent	
_	Customer deposits	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
C	Retail	27,934	27,830	27,001	0%	3%	
	Commercial	17,804	18,389	16,793	-3%	6%	
\leq	Commercial & Agri	10,095	10,713	9,496	-6%	6%	
	Business Banking	7,709	7,676	7,297	0%	6%	
\leq	Wealth	4,497	4,835	4,553	-7%	-1%	
	Underlying customer deposits	50,235	51,054	48,347	-2%	4%	

Group Centre¹

		ı	Half Year		Full Year		
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
	Net interest income	223	157	42%	381	219	74%
	Other external operating income	1	4	-77%	(35)	(48)	-27%
	Operating income	224	161	39%	346	171	large
	Operating expenses	(214)	(175)	22%	(388)	(302)	28%
\geq	Profit/(Loss) before credit impairment and income tax	10	(14)	large	(42)	(131)	-68%
	Provision for credit impairment	(38)	(2)	large	(40)	(10)	large
	Profit/(Loss) before income tax	(28)	(16)	75%	(82)	(141)	-42%
	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	31	2	large	46	(23)	large
	Pro forma profit/(loss)	3	(14)	large	(36)	(164)	-78%
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	(25)	n/a	n/a	(36)	n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	13	-100%
	Underlying profit/(loss)	3	(39)	large	(36)	(187)	-81%
	Total employees	6.689	6.241	7%	6.689	5.557	20%

Group Centre comprises Technology, Global Services & Operations, Group Human Resources, Group Risk Management, Group Treasury (includes the funding component of Treasury results, with the mismatch component being included in Institutional Division's Global Markets business), Group Strategy and Marketing, Corporate Affairs, Corporate Communications, Group Financial Management and Shareholder Functions

September 2011 v September 2010

The pro forma loss of \$36 million improved \$128 million compared to a loss of \$164 million for the September 2010 full year largely as a result of earnings on higher surplus capital. Significant factors influencing the result were:

- Operating income improved \$175 million largely due to higher earnings on central capital combined with a lower funding cost associated with lower debit tax balances, and profit recognised on the sale of our Martin Place headquarters in Sydney of \$19 million. There were offsetting variances between net interest and other income as a result of elimination entries associated with the consolidation of OnePath Australia.
- Operating expenses increased \$86 million largely as a result of increased project related technology expenditure and increased investment in our Chengdu and Manila Hubs.
 - Provision for credit impairment increased \$30 million with \$40 million of flood provisions transferred to the Centre to provide for emerging issues resulting from the global uncertainty.

September 2011 v March 2011

The pro forma profit of \$3 million compared to a loss of \$14 million for the March 2011 half. Significant factors influencing the result were:

Operating income improved \$63 million largely as a result of higher earnings on central capital and profit recognised on the sale of our Martin Place Headquarters in Sydney of \$19 million in the second half. There were offsetting variances between net interest and other income as a result of elimination entries associated with the consolidation of OnePath Australia.

Operating expenses increased \$39 million with increased project related technology expenditure and increased investment in our Chengdu and Manila Hubs.

 Provision for credit impairment increased \$36 million with \$40 million of flood provisions transferred to the Centre to provide for emerging issues resulting from the global uncertainty.

CONTENTS

Section 5 – Geographic Region Results

Geographic performance

Australia geography

Asia Pacific, Europe & Am
New Zealand geography Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography

Geographic Performance

	Half Year			Full Year			
Profit after tax	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Australia	1,917	1,917	0%	3,834	3,293	16%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	306	384	-20%	690	520	33%	
New Zealand	468	363	29%	831	688	21%	
	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	323	382	-15%	705	468	51%	
New Zealand (NZD)	607	478	27%	1,085	867	25%	

		Half Year			Full Year			
	Underlying Profit	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Australia	1,976	1,962	1%	3,938	3,623	9%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	365	397	-8%	762	701	9%	
C	New Zealand	493	459	7%	952	701	36%	
		2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	385	396	-3%	781	631	24%	
	New Zealand (NZD)	638	605	5%	1,243	882	41%	
	,							

		Half Year			Full Year			
	Pro forma profit ¹	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
	Australia	1,976	1,991	-1%	3,938	3,692	7%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	365	381	-4%	762	645	18%	
	New Zealand	493	466	6%	952	677	41%	
_	7	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%	
	 Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	385	396	-3%	781	640	22%	
	New Zealand (NZD)	638	605	5%	1,243	884	41%	

New Zealand	468	363	3 29	% 831	688	21%
	2,691	2,664	1 1	% 5,355	4,501	19%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	323	382	2 -15	% 705	468	51%
New Zealand (NZD)	607	478	3 27	% 1,085	867	25%
		Half Yea	r		Full Year	
Underlying Profit	Sep 11 \$M			vt Sep 1		
Australia	1,976	1,962		% 3,938		9%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	365	397	7 -8	% 762	2 701	9%
New Zealand	493	459	7	% 952	701	36%
	2,834	2,818	3 1	% 5,652	5,025	12%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	385	396	5 -3°	% 781	631	24%
New Zealand (NZD)	638	605	5 5	% 1,243	882	41%
		Half Yea	r		Full Year	
Pro forma profit ¹	Sep 11 \$M			vt Sep 1 \$M		
Australia	1,976	1,991	1 -1	% 3,938	3,692	7%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	365	381	1 -4	% 762	645	18%
New Zealand	493	466	5 6	% 952	677	41%
	2,834	2,838	3 0	% 5,652	5,014	13%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America (USD)	385	396	5 -3	% 781	640	22%
New Zealand (NZD)	638	605	5 5	% 1,243	884	41%
Refer page 92 for a reconciliation of divisional to geographic region results						
		А	s at (\$M)		Moven	nent
2(0)			<u> </u>		Sep 11	Sep 11
Net loans & advances including acceptances by region		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	v. Mar 11	v. Sep 10
Australia		284,951	278,195	269,161	2%	6%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America		38,779	30,905	27,118	25%	43%
New Zealand	<u> </u>	73,555	70,260	73,121	5%	1%
Underlying net loans & advances including acceptances	3	397,285	379,360	369,400	5%	8%
Non continuing business		22	29	28	-24%	-21%
Net loans & advances including acceptances	3	397,307	379,389	369,428	5%	8%
		А	s at (\$M)		Moven	nent
Customer deposits by region		Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Australia		183,216	168,086	164,795	9%	11%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America		64,827	52,790	46,607	23%	39%
New Zealand		48,710	46,226	45,470	5%	7%
Underlying customer deposits	2	296,753	267,102	256,872	11%	16%

		As at (\$M)		Mover	nent
Customer deposits by region	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Australia	183,216	168,086	164,795	9%	11%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	64,827	52,790	46,607	23%	39%
New Zealand	48,710	46,226	45,470	5%	7%
Underlying customer deposits	296,753	267,102	256,872	11%	16%
Non continuing business	1	4	3	-75%	-67%
Customer deposits	296,754	267,106	256,875	11%	16%

Australia geography

	ŀ	Half Year		i	ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	4,283	4,131	4%	8,413	8,007	5%
Other external operating income	1,557	1,808	-14%	3,325	3,433	-3%
Operating income	5,840	5,939	-2%	11,738	11,440	3%
Operating expenses	(2,607)	(2,537)	3%	(5,145)	(4,791)	7%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	3,233	3,402	-5%	6,593	6,649	-1%
Provision for credit impairment	(405)	(552)	-27%	(957)	(1,315)	-27%
Profit before tax	2,828	2,850	-1%	5,636	5,334	6%
Income tax expense	(852)	(859)	-1%	(1,698)	(1,642)	3%
Pro forma profit	1,976	1,991	-1%	3,938	3,692	7%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	(29)	n/a	n/a	(39)	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(30)	-100%
Underlying profit	1,976	1,962	1%	3,938	3,623	9%
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(59)	(45)	31%	(104)	(330)	-68%
Profit	1,917	1,917	0%	3,834	3,293	16%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	284,951	278,195	2%	284,951	269,161	6%
Other external assets	122,051	108,071	13%	122,051	111,909	9%
External assets	407,002	386,266	5%	407,002	381,070	7%
Customer deposits	183,216	168,086	9%	183,216	164,795	11%
Other deposits and borrowings	58,798	55,436	6%	58,798	37,899	55%
Deposits and other borrowings	242,014	223,522	8%	242,014	202,694	19%
Other external liabilities	142,035	135,892	5%	142,035	154,944	-8%
External liabilities	384,049	359,414	7%	384,049	357,638	7%
Risk weighted assets	174,210	169,653	3%	174,210	171,078	2%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	280,929	274,547	2%	277,746	254,576	9%
Average deposits and other borrowings	232,752	217,896	7%	225,345	197,567	14%
Ratios						
Net interest average margin	2.61%	2.59%		2.60%	2.61%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.92%	2.91%		2.91%	2.87%	
Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma)	44.6%	42.7%		43.8%	41.9%	
Operating expenses to operating income	44.6%	43.0%		43.8%	41.8%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.29%	1.30%		1.29%	1.26%	
Individual provision charge	402	428	-6%	830	1,304	-36%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.29%	0.31%		0.30%	0.51%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	3	124	-98%	127	(4)	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	0.00%	0.09%		0.05%	(0.00%)	
Net impaired assets	2,630	3,052	-14%	2,630	3,372	-22%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	0.92%	1.10%		0.92%	1.25%	
Total employees	24,162	24,315	-1%	24,162	23,633	2%

Asia Pacific, Europe & America geography

	ı	Half Year		F	ull Year	
Table reflects USD for the APEA region	Sep 11 USD M	Mar 11 USD M	Movt	Sep 11 USD M	Sep 10 USD M	Movt
Net interest income	570	534	7%	1,104	960	15%
Other external operating income	693	706	-2%	1,399	1,085	29%
Operating income	1,263	1,240	2%	2,503	2,045	22%
Operating expenses	(758)	(703)	8%	(1,461)	(1,150)	27%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	505	537	-6%	1,042	895	16%
Provision for credit impairment	(70)	(43)	63%	(113)	(174)	-35%
Profit before income tax	435	494	-12%	929	721	29%
Income tax expense	(46)	(93)	-51%	(139)	(75)	85%
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
Pro forma profit	385	396	-3%	781	640	22%
Pro forma adjustments	-		n/a	-	(9)	-100%
Underlying profit	385	396	-3%	781	631	24%
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(62)	(14)	large	(76)	(163)	-53%
Profit	323	382	-15%	705	468	51%
Geographic segments:						
Asia	275	277	-1%	552	392	41%
Pacific	88	63	40%	151	132	14%
Europe & America	22	56	-61%	78	116	-33%
Pro forma profit	385	396	-3%	781	640	22%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	37,736	31,935	18%	37,736	26,218	44%
Other external assets	48,365	32,108	51%	48,365	29,048	67%
External assets	86,101	64,043	34%	86,101	55,266	56%
Customer deposits	63,084	54,547	16%	63,084	45,060	40%
Other deposits and borrowings	7,283	5,345	36%	7,283	7,326	-1%
Deposits and other borrowings	70,367	59,892	17%	70,367	52,386	34%
Other external liabilities	20,038	13,329	50%	20,038	10,298	95%
External liabilities	90,405	73,221	23%	90,405	62,684	44%
Risk weighted assets	55,772	49,136	14%	55,772	42,168	32%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	36,221	29,272	24%	32,755	21,018	56%
Average deposits and other borrowings	67,085	56,943	18%	62,027	46,563	33%
Ratios						
Net interest average margin	1.39%	1.60%		1.49%	1.54%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.31%	2.77%		2.53%	2.72%	
Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma)	60.0%	56.7%		58.4%	56.2%	
Operating expenses to operating income	60.0%	56.7%		58.4%	53.2%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.63%	1.83%		1.72%	1.56%	
Individual provision charge	80	51	57%	131	138	-5%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.45%	0.35%		0.40%	0.65%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	(10)	(8)	25%	(19)	1	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.06%)	(0.05%)		(0.06%)	0.00%	
Net impaired assets	276	283	-2%	276	258	7%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	0.73%	0.89%		0.73%	0.98%	
Total employees	15,124	14,545	4%	15,124	13,816	9%

New Zealand geography

		Half Year			Full Year	
Table reflects NZD results for New Zealand region	Sep 11 NZD M	Mar 11 NZD M	Movt	Sep 11 NZD M	Sep 10 NZD M	Movt
Net interest income	1,313	1,285	2%	2,598	2,489	4%
Other external operating income	428	409	5%	837	738	13%
Operating income	1,741	1,694	3%	3,435	3,227	6%
Operating expenses	(739)	(759)	-3%	(1,498)	(1,544)	-3%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,002	935	7%	1,937	1,683	15%
Provision for credit impairment	(102)	(85)	20%	(187)	(461)	-59%
Profit before income tax	900	850	6%	1,750	1,222	43%
Income tax expense	(262)	(245)	7%	(507)	(338)	50%
Pro forma profit	638	605	5%	1,243	884	41%
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(2)	-100%
Underlying profit	638	605	5%	1,243	882	41%
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(31)	(127)	-76%	(158)	(15)	large
Profit	607	478	27%	1,085	867	25%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	93,613	95,470	-2%	93,613	96,074	-3%
Other external assets	35,079	27,764	26%	35,079	28,923	21%
External assets	128,692	123,234	4%	128,692	124,997	3%
Customer deposits	61,994	62,812	-1%	61,994	59,743	4%
Other deposits and borrowings	7,244	5,537	31%	7,244	10,552	-31%
Deposits and other borrowings	69,238	68,349	1%	69,238	70,295	-2%
Other external liabilities	34,779	31,772	9%	34,779	31,095	12%
External liabilities	104,017	100,121	4%	104,017	101,390	3%
Risk weighted assets	61,650	63,904	-4%	61,650	65,100	-5%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	94,385	95,540	-1%	94,961	95,472	-1%
Average deposits and other borrowings	69,186	70,003	-1%	69,593	72,196	-4%
Ratios						
	2.40%	2.35%		2.38%	2.27%	
Net interest average margin						
Net interest average margin Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.56%	2.48%		2.52%	2.31%	
	2.56% 42.4%	2.48% 44.8%		2.52% 43.6%	2.31% 47.6%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)						
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income	42.4%	44.8%	11%	43.6%	47.6%	-31%
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income Operating expenses to average assets	42.4% 1.18%	44.8% 1.23%	11%	43.6% 1.20%	47.6% 1.23%	-31%
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income Operating expenses to average assets Individual provision charge	42.4% 1.18% 168	44.8% 1.23% 151	11%	43.6% 1.20% 319	47.6% 1.23% 461	-31% n/a
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income Operating expenses to average assets Individual provision charge Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	42.4% 1.18% 168 0.36%	44.8% 1.23% 151 0.32%		43.6% 1.20% 319 0.34%	47.6% 1.23% 461	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income Operating expenses to average assets Individual provision charge Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances Collective provision charge (credit)	42.4% 1.18% 168 0.36% (66)	44.8% 1.23% 151 0.32% (66)		43.6% 1.20% 319 0.34% (132)	47.6% 1.23% 461 0.48%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets) Operating expenses to operating income Operating expenses to average assets Individual provision charge Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances Collective provision charge (credit) Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	42.4% 1.18% 168 0.36% (66) (0.14%)	44.8% 1.23% 151 0.32% (66) (0.14%)	0%	43.6% 1.20% 319 0.34% (132) (0.14%)	47.6% 1.23% 461 0.48% - 0.00%	n/a

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CONTENTS

Section 6 - Profit Reconciliation

Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit Pro forma adjustments

Reconciliation of statutory profit to underlying profit

Asia Pacific, Europe & America division (AUD)

New Zealand (AUD)

Divisional to Geographic region reconciliation matrix

Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit

Profit has been adjusted to exclude non-core items to arrive at underlying profit, the result for the ongoing business activities of the Group. These adjustments have been determined on a consistent basis with those made in prior periods. The adjustments made in arriving at underlying earnings are included in statutory profit, and are therefore subject to audit within the context of the Group statutory audit opinion. The external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments are based on the guidelines released by the AICD and FINSIA, and consistent with prior period adjustments.

	<u> </u>	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
Statutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%		
Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%		
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%		

		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
St	atutory profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Ac	djustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%
Ü	nderlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%
			lalf Year		F	ull Year	
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Ad	djustments between statutory profit and underlying profit						
	New Zealand technology integration	11	75	-85%	86	-	n/a
	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	54	72	-25%	126	480	-74%
20	Treasury shares adjustment	(56)	15	large	(41)	32	large
(U/J)	Tax on New Zealand conduits	-	-	n/a	-	(38)	-100%
	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	1	(3)	large	(2)	36	large
7	Economic hedging - fair value (gains)/losses	3	114	-97%	117	146	-20%
	Revenue and net investment hedges (gains)/losses	81	(30)	large	51	(24)	large
	NZ managed funds impacts	3	(42)	large	(39)	(34)	15%
	Non continuing businesses						
1	Credit intermediation trades	41	(45)	large	(4)	(54)	-93%
<u> (U))</u>	Other	5	(2)	large	3	(20)	large
<u></u>	otal adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	143	154	-7%	297	524	-43%

Explanation of adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit

New Zealand technology integration

On 25 November 2010, ANZ announced it would adopt a single core banking system across the ANZ and The National Bank networks in New Zealand to simplify its business and improve products and services for customers. As a result, ANZ has incurred costs of \$125 million (Sep 11 half: \$17 million; Mar 11 half: \$108 million), after tax impact of \$86 million (Sep 11 half: \$11 million; Mar 11 half: \$75 million after tax) associated with the system integration. This project is expected to result in lower operational and technology costs.

Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments

		Pre-tax				Net of tax				
	Half \	/ear	Full Y	'ear	Half Year		Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M		
OnePath step acquisition ¹	-	-	-	185	-	-	-	185		
AFS reserve write-off ²	-	-	-	32	-	-	-	32		
Integration and transaction costs (refer below)	46	68	114	275	38	55	93	231		
Amortisation of intangibles relating to acquisition	23	24	47	46	16	17	33	32		
Total	69	92	161	538	54	72	126	480		

Valuation adjustment following recalculation of the fair value of the Group's pre-existing 49% interest on acquisition date under the provisions of AASB 3R Business

Adjustment to write-off previously equity accounted debit available-for-sale reserves

Integration and transaction costs were as follows:

- Royal Bank of Scotland acquired assets \$70 million (\$63 million net of tax) relating to the exiting of the Transitional Services Agreement with RBS and one-off costs associated with converting the technology and processes of the acquired businesses to those of ANZ. The integration is complete.
- OnePath \$37 million (\$25 million net of tax) include costs associated with the integration of OnePath employees onto ANZ employee terms and conditions and migration to ANZ payroll, disengagement from ING Groep and launch of the OnePath brand and harmonisation with ANZ's policies across risk, finance, technology, governance, shared services and operations.
- Landmark \$7 million (\$5 million net of tax) associated with costs of transitioning loans onto ANZ systems. The integration is complete.

Explanation of adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit, cont'd

Treasury shares adjustment

ANZ shares held by ANZ in the consolidated managed funds and life business are deemed to be Treasury shares. Realised and unrealised gains and losses from these shares and dividends received on these shares are reversed as these are not permitted to be recognised in income. In deriving underlying profit, these earnings are included to ensure there is no asymmetrical impact on the Group's profits because the Treasury shares support policyholder liabilities which are revalued in deriving income. Accordingly, an adjustment to statutory profit of \$48 million gain (Sep 2011 half: \$64 million gain; Mar 2011 half: \$16 million loss; Sep 2010 full year: \$35 million loss), after tax impact \$41 million gain (Sep 2011 half: \$56 million gain; Mar 2011: \$15 million loss; Sep 2010 full year: \$32 million loss) has been recognised.

Tax on New Zealand conduits

The New Zealand Inland Revenue Department (IRD) had disputed the treatment of a number of structured finance transactions as part of an audit of the 2000 to 2005 tax years. During 2009, a provision of \$196 million (NZD240 million) was recognised net of indemnities provided by Lloyds Banking Group plc. During the 2010 full year, the Group reached a settlement with the IRD in respect of all the transactions in dispute, therefore enabling the release of \$38 million in tax provisions.

Changes in New Zealand tax legislation

In May 2010 legislation was passed to reduce the New Zealand corporate tax rate from 30% to 28% and to remove the ability to claim tax depreciation on buildings with an estimated useful life greater than 50 years, effective for the 2011-2012 income tax year. The estimated impact on the value of deferred tax was \$36 million in the 2010 full year, with a subsequent adjustment of \$2 million in the 2011 full year.

Economic hedging - fair value (gains)/losses and mark-to-market adjustments on revenue and net investment hedges

The Group enters into economic hedges to manage its interest rate and foreign exchange risk. The application of AASB 139: Financial Instruments – Recognition and Measurement results in volatility within the income statement in relation to economic hedges as follows:

- approved classes of derivatives not designated in accounting hedge relationships but that are considered to be economic hedges, including hedges of NZD and USD revenue;
- income/(loss) arising from the use of the fair value option (principally arising from the valuation of the 'own name' credit spread on debt issues designated at fair value); and
- ineffectiveness from designated accounting cash flow, fair value and net investment hedges.

ANZ separately reports the impact of volatility due to economic hedging as the profit or loss resulting from the transactions outlined above will reverse over time to be matched with the profit or loss from the economically hedged item as part of underlying profit.

Funding and lending related swaps are primarily foreign exchange rate swaps which are being used to convert the proceeds of foreign currency debt issuances into floating rate Australian dollar and New Zealand dollar debt ('funding swaps'). As these swaps do not qualify for hedge accounting, movements in the fair values are recorded in the Income Statement. The main drivers of these fair values are currency basis spreads and the AUD and NZD fluctuation against other major funding currencies. This category also includes economic hedges of select structured finance and specialised leasing transactions that do not qualify for hedge accounting. The main drivers of these fair values are Australian and New Zealand yield curves.

Much of the volatility seen from basis spreads in the first half 2011 continued in the second half 2011 resulting in gains both from narrowing spreads and the depreciating AUD. These gains were more than offset by reductions in Australian and New Zealand yield curves which resulted in losses on the hedges of structured finance and specialised leasing transactions.

Volatility arising from the use of the fair value option on own debt hedged by derivatives has been driven by the widening of credit spreads since March 2011. Depreciation of the AUD against the USD and NZD in the second half of the year resulted in closses on hedges of the Group's NZD and USD revenues.

	Half Y	ear	Full Year		
Impact on income statement Timing differences where IFRS results in assymetry between the hedge and hedged items	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	
Funding and lending related swaps	(159)	(158)	(317)	(253)	
Use of the fair value option on own debt hedged by derivatives	158	(3)	155	45	
Revenue and net investment hedges	(119)	43	(76)	34	
Ineffective portion of cash flow and fair value hedges	(11)	6	(5)	6	
Profit before tax	(131)	(112)	(243)	(168)	
Profit after tax	(84)	(84)	(168)	(122)	

Cumulative pre-tax timing differences relating to economic hedging	As at (\$M)					
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10			
Timing differences where IFRS results in assymetry between the hedge and hedged items (before tax)						
Funding and lending related swaps	(562)	(403)	(245)			
Use of the fair value option on own debt hedged by derivatives	183	25	28			
Revenue and net investment hedges	(30)	89	46			
Ineffective portion of cash flow and fair value hedges	33	44	38			
	(376)	(245)	(133)			

ANZ share of OnePath NZ managed funds impacts

During the March 2011 half year, the collateralised debt obligations held within the ING Diversified Yield Fund and the ING Regular Income Fund were sold, resulting in a gain of \$45 million (\$31 million after tax) being recognised in profit, of which \$32 million (\$22 million after tax) was transferred from the available-for-sale reserve. In addition, further income of \$16 million (Sep 2010 full year: \$40 million) from the underlying securities was recognised up to the point of sale, after tax impact \$11 million (Sep 2010 full year: \$34 million). The charge of \$3 million (after tax) during the September 2011 half year comprises the tax liability payable on the final wind up of the Funds.

Credit risk on impaired derivatives (nil profit after tax impact)

Reclassification of a charge to income for credit valuation adjustments on defaulted and impaired derivatives to provision for credit impairment of \$17 million reversal (Sep 2011 half: \$2 million reversal; Mar 2011 half: \$15 million reversal, Sep 2010 full year: \$34 million charge).

Non continuing businesses

In 2009, Institutional reviewed its existing business portfolio in light of its new strategic and business goals to determine the optimal structure for the division. As a result, new business ceased in several product areas, including the Alternative Assets and Private Equity businesses. The Group's structured credit intermediation trades are also included within non continuing businesses and will result in the profit/(loss) fluctuating as the credit risk adjustment is impacted by market movements in credit spreads and exchange rate movements. A summary of the impact of non continuing businesses follows:

ep 11 \$M (2) (35)	Mar 11 \$M -	Movt n/a	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Mov
	-	n/a	(0)		
(35)	-	n/a	(2)	2	large
(00)	58	large	23	110	-79%
(37)	58	large	21	112	-81%
(10)	(4)	large	(14)	(14)	0%
(47)	54	large	7	98	-93%
(9)	-	n/a	(9)	(1)	large
(56)	54	large	(2)	97	large
10	(7)	large	3	(23)	large
(46)	47	large	1	74	-99%
	(10) (47) (9) (56) 10	(10) (4) (47) 54 (9) - (56) 54 10 (7)	(10) (4) large (47) 54 large (9) - n/a (56) 54 large 10 (7) large	(10) (4) large (14) (47) 54 large 7 (9) - n/a (9) (56) 54 large (2) 10 (7) large 3	(10) (4) large (14) (14) (47) 54 large 7 98 (9) - n/a (9) (1) (56) 54 large (2) 97 10 (7) large 3 (23)

Explanation of Pro forma adjustments

_	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Underlying profit	2,834	2,818	1%	5,652	5,025	12%	
Foreign exchange adjustments ¹	n/a	20	n/a	n/a	(52)	n/a	
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	41	-100%	
Pro forma profit	2,834	2,838	0%	5,652	5,014	13%	

Refer to page 28 for the impact of foreign exchange movements

Pro forma adjustments

The pro forma adjustments to the profit and loss statement have been calculated on the following basis:

- OnePath Australia and OnePath New Zealand additional 51% acquired on 30 November 2009. The 2010 full year includes the removal of two months of equity accounted results and the addition of two months assuming 100% ownership, including purchase price adjustments and intercompany eliminations.
- Royal Bank of Scotland various acquisitions, from 21 November 2009 to 12 June 2010. 2010 full year pro forma numbers have been based on the estimated run rate extrapolated for the March and September half years. Expenses have been adjusted for items which would not have occurred had the acquisitions not taken place. Provisions have been based on estimates for each country using appropriate loss rates for each asset class under ANZ methodologies. Given the nature of the acquisition, reliable data on prior period profit and loss items are not available.
- Landmark purchased 1 March 2010. The 2010 full year adjustments have been calculated based on the seven months actuals for 2010. Provisions have been based on due diligence findings during the acquisition, adjusted to align to ANZ policies and risk estimates for 2010.
- Funding and other adjustments reversal of actual interest earned on \$1.8 billion capital raised prior to ING acquisition and other intercompany elimination adjustments.
- All pro forma adjustments are using September 2011 exchange rates. Pro forma adjustments have not been made to the balance sheet.

September 2010 Full Year			C	nePath			
	Landmark	RBS	Australia	New Zealand	Total OnePath	Funding Adi	T acquisit
Net interest income	37	133	5	-	5	(2)	
Other operating income	1	95	143	14	157	(16)	
Operating income	38	228	148	14	162	(18)	
Operating expenses	(12)	(181)	(93)	(14)	(107)	-	(
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	26	47	55	-	55	(18)	
Provision for credit impairment	(15)	(35)	-	-	-	-	
Profit before income tax	11	12	55	-	55	(18)	
Income tax expense	(3)	(3)	(20)	2	(18)	5	
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Pro forma adjustments	8	9	35	2	37	(13)	

Profit before income tax

Non-controlling interests

Income tax expense

Profit

6,601

(2,096)

4,501

(4)

(538)

(480)

56

2

Reconciliation of statutory profit to underlying profit

	Statutory	<u>.</u>	L	ess: Adjusti	ments to st	atutory profit			Cas
	profit	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM	prof
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$1
Net interest income	11,483	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,48
Fee income	2,391	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,39
Foreign exchange earnings	817	-	-	-	-	-	-	(74)	89
Profit on trading instruments	356	-	-	-	-	-	(21)	-	37
Net income from wealth mgmt	1,405	3	48	208	-	-	-	-	1,14
Other	480	-	-		-	-	(147)		62
Other operating income	5,449	3	48	208	-	-	(168)	(74)	5,43
Operating income	16,932	5	48	208	-	=	(168)	(74)	16,91
Personnel expenses	(4,775)	(24)	_	_	-	_	-	-	(4,75
Premises expenses	(685)	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68
Computer expenses	(1,041)	(19)	-	-	_	-	-		(1,02
Other expenses	(1,522)	(119)	-	-	-	-	-	_	(1,40
Operating expenses	(8,023)	(166)	-	-	-	-		-	(7,857
Profit before credit impair't and tax	8,909	(161)	48	208	-	-	(168)	(74)	9,05
Provision for credit impairment	(1,237)	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	(1,23
Profit before income tax	7,672	(161)	48	208	-	_	(168)	(74)	7,81
Income tax expense	(2,309)	34	(7)	(208)	_	2	51	23	(2,20
Non-controlling interests	(8)	1	-	-	-	-	-	_	(1
\ <u></u>									
Profit	5,355	(126)	41	-	-	2	(117)	(51)	5,60
Frofit September 2010 Full Year	5,355	(126)	41	-	-	2	(117)	(51)	5,60
<u> </u>	Statutory	(126)				2 atutory profit	(117)	(51)	Cas
<u> </u>	Statutory profit	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM	Cas prof
September 2010 Full Year	Statutory_ profit	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M	L Treasury shares adjust-	ess: Adjusti Policy- holders tax	ments to st Tax on New Zealand	Changes in New Zealand tax	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges -	Cas prof
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income	Statutory profit \$M 10,869	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	Cas prof \$ 10,87
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income	Statutory profit \$M 10,869 2,324	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M -	Cas prof
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings	\$M 10,869 2,324 747	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	Cas prof \$ 10,87 2,32
Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M	Treasury shares adjust- ment \$M - -	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M -	\$ 10,87: 2,32: 71: 35
Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2)	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M -	\$ 10,87. 2,32. 71. 35
Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 3	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71 5,02
Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 34 - 3	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71 5,02
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71 5,02
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71 5,02 15,90
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other Other operating income Operating income	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692 (4,289) (639)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 71 5,02 15,90 (4,21 (63
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692 (4,289) (639) (866)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219) (75) (3) (19)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$ 10,87 2,32 71 35 91 5,02 15,90 (4,21-(636,684)
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692 (4,289) (639) (866) (1,510)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219) (75) (3) (19) (222)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) - (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 - 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (199)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$\\$10,87: 2,32\cdot 71: 35' 91' 5,02\cdot 15,900' (4,21\cdot (636) (84') (1,288)
September 2010 Full Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses	\$M 10,869 2,324 747 354 1,099 299 4,823 15,692 (4,289) (639) (866)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M (2) (217) (217) (219) (75) (3) (19)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (35) (35) (35)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 215 215 215	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	atutory profit Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M (1) - (3) - (202) (203)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 34 - 34	\$,600 Cass prof 10,87; 2,32; 71; 35; 91; 5,028 15,900 (4,21; (636 (847) (1,288 (6,985)

(35)

(32)

3

215

(215)

38

38

(203)

(146)

(36)

(36)

57

7,128

(1,989)

5,133

(6)

34

(10)

24

	Less	: Adjustments to	statutory pro	ofit		Underlying	Add: Pro forma	adjustments	Pro forma
technolog	Z ly NZ managed n funds impacts	Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits	profit	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments	profit
\$1	M \$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$N
)	-	-	(2)	-	2	11,481 2,388	-	n/a n/a	11,481 2,388
	- (1)	-	3	-	(75)	892	-	n/a	2,366 892
	- 62	4	_	17	62	294	_	n/a	294
		_	_	_	259	1,146	_	n/a	1,146
		-	16	-	(131)	611	-	n/a	611
	- 61	4	19	17	118	5,331	-	n/a	5,331
:	2 61	4	17	17	120	16,812	-	n/a	16,812
(18	3) -	_	(13)	_	(55)	(4,720)	_	n/a	(4,720)
•		-	-	_	(4)	(681)	_	n/a	(681)
		-	-	-	(19)	(1,022)	-	n/a	(1,022)
(10	7) -	-	(1)	-	(227)	(1,295)	-	n/a	(1,295)
(125	5) -	-	(14)	=	(305)	(7,718)	_	n/a	(7,718)
(123	3) 61	4	3	17	(185)	9,094	_	n/a	9,094
		-	(9)	(17)	(26)	(1,211)	-	n/a	(1,211)
(123	3) 61	4	(6)	-	(211)	7,883	-	n/a	7,883
3	7 (22)	-	3	-	(87)	(2,222)	-	n/a	(2,222)
		-	-	-	1	(9)	-	n/a	(9)
(86	5) 39	4	(3)	-	(297)	5,652	-	n/a	5,652
eptember 20	010 Full Year								
	Less	: Adjustments to	statutory pro	ofit		Underlying profit	Add: Pro forma	adjustments	Pro forma profit
technolog	Z ly NZ managed in funds impacts	Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits		Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments	
\$		\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M		\$M	\$M
	- 8	-	2	-	7	10,862	173	(166)	10,869
	-	-	3	-	3 34	2,321 713	65 8	(43) 37	2,343 758
	- 10	69	_	(34)	42	312	5	(5)	312
		-	_	-	180	919	190	(7)	1,102
	- 22	-	38	_	(356)	655	(31)	(34)	590
	- 32	69	41	(34)	(97)	4,920	237	(52)	5,105
	- 40	69	43	(34)	(90)	15,782	410	(218)	15,974
		-	(7)	-	(82)	(4,207)	(168)	100	(4,275)
		-	(1)	-	(4)	(635)	(39)	16	(658)
		-	(1)	-	(20)	(846)	(34)	15	(865)
	<u> </u>	-	(5)	-	(227)	(1,283)	(59)	8	(1,334)
		_	(14)	-	(333)	(6,971)	(300)	139	(7,132)
			(' ')						
	- 40	69	29	(34)	(423)	8,811	110	(79)	8,842
	- 40	69	29 (1)	(34) 34	(423) 33	(1,820)	(50)	25	(1,845)
	- 40	69	29		(423)				

(524)

(6)

41

5,025

(6)

5,014

(52)

	Statutory profit	·	Lo	ess: Adjusti	ments to st	atutory profit	·		Ca pro
	F	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM	,
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	
Net interest income	5,837	1	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	5,8
Fee income	1,214	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,2
Foreign exchange earnings	386	-	-	-	-	-	-	(117)	5
Profit on trading instruments	(108)	-	-	-	-	-	(21)	-	(
Net income from wealth mgmt	663	3	64	42	-	-	-	-	Ę
Other	335	-	-	-	-	-	8	-	:
Other operating income	2,490	3	64	42	-	-	(13)	(117)	2,5
Operating income	8,327	4	64	42	-	-	(14)	(117)	8,3
Personnel expenses	(2,378)	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,3
Premises expenses	(341)	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3
Computer expenses	(514)	(10)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(!
Other expenses	(764)	(58)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Operating expenses	(3,997)	(73)	=	-	-	=	-	-	(3,9
Profit before credit impair't and tax	4,330	(69)	64	42	-	-	(14)	(117)	4,
Provision for credit impairment	(562)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(
Profit before income tax	3,768	(69)	64	42	_		(14)	(117)	3,
Income tax expense	(1,074)	14	(8)	(42)	_	(1)	11	36	(1,
			(-)						(. ,
1	(3)	1	_	_	_	_	_		
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year	(3) 2,691 Statutory	(54)	56	-	- nents to st	(1)	(3)	(81)	
Non-controlling interests			56	-					C
Non-controlling interests	2,691 Statutory		56	-	ments to sta	(1)	Economic hedging -		C
Non-controlling interests	2,691 Statutory	Acquisition costs and valuation	Treasury shares adjust-	Policy- holders tax	ments to standard	(1) atutory profit Changes in New Zealand tax	Economic hedging - fair value gains/	Revenue and investment hedges -	(
Non-controlling interests	2,691 Statutory profit	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM	þ
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year	2,691 Statutory profit	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM	(p
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	5,
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income	\$M 5,646 1,177	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	5,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjust- ment	Policy- holders tax gross up	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	5,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjustment \$M	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	5,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments	Treasury shares adjustment \$M	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	5, 1,
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) -	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - - 166	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43	5, 1,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16)	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - 166 -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43	5, 1,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other Other operating income Operating income	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16)	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - 166 -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 43	5, 1, 2, 8, 1
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16)	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - 166 -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 43	5, 1, 2, 8,!
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses	\$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16)	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - 166 -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 43	2, 8,
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3) (9)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16)	Policy- holders tax gross up \$M - - - 166 -	Tax on New Zealand Conduits	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 43	2, 8,4 (2, ((((((
Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527) (758)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3) (9) (61)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M - (16) (16) (16)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 166 166	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	Changes in New Zealand tax legislation	Economic hedging fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155) (155) (154)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 43	2, 8, (2, (((((3,5)
Non-controlling interests Profit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses Operating expenses	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527) (758) (4,026)	Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3) (9) (61) (93)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16) (16)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 166 166	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155) (155) (154)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M	2, 5, 1, 1, (2, 8, (4, (4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses Other expenses Operating expenses Profit before credit impair't and tax	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527) (758) (4,026) 4,579	(54) Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3) (9) (61) (93)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16) (16) (16) (16) (16)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M 166 166	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155) (155) (154)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM \$M - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 4	2, 8,! (2,- (() (() (3,5)
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses Other expenses Profit before credit impair't and tax Provision for credit impairment	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527) (758) (4,026) 4,579 (675)	(54) Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1	Treasury shares adjustment \$M (16)	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155) (155) (154) (154)	Revenue and investment hedges - MttM \$M - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 43 - 4	2, 8,! (2, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4, (4,
Non-controlling interests Frofit March 2011 Half Year Net interest income Fee income Foreign exchange earnings Profit on trading instruments Net income from wealth mgmt Other Other operating income Operating income Personnel expenses Premises expenses Computer expenses Other expenses Other expenses Profit before credit impair't and tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax	2,691 Statutory profit \$M 5,646 1,177 431 464 742 145 2,959 8,605 (2,397) (344) (527) (758) (4,026) 4,579 (675) 3,904	(54) Acquisition costs and valuation adjustments \$M 1 1 (20) (3) (9) (61) (93) (92) - (92)	Treasury shares adjustment \$M	Policy-holders tax gross up \$M	Tax on New Zealand Conduits \$M	changes in New Zealand tax legislation \$M	Economic hedging - fair value gains/ losses \$M 1 (155) (155) (154) (154) (154)	Revenue and investment hedges - MtM SM	2,5 5, 1, 2,6 8,5 (2,3 (3,9 4,6 (4,6 (4,6) (1,7)

	•	Less:	Adjustments to	statutory pro	fit		Underlying_ profit	Add: Pro forma	adjustments	Pro form profi
techno integra		NZ managed funds impacts	Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits		Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments	
	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$M	\$1
9)	1	(1)	-	(2)	-	(2)	5,839	-	n/a	5,839
	-	-	-	1	-	1	1,213	-	n/a	1,213
	-	(1)	-	-	-	(118)	504	-	n/a	504
	-	2	(51)	-	2	(68)	(40)	-	n/a	(40
	-	-	-	-	-	109	554	-	n/a	554
	-	-	-	15	-	23	312	-	n/a	312
	-	1	(51)	16	2	(53)	2,543	-	n/a	2,543
	1	-	(51)	14	2	(55)	8,382	-	n/a	8,382
	-	-	-	(9)	-	(13)	(2,365)	-	n/a	(2,365
	-	-	-	-	-	(1)	(340)	-	n/a	(340
	20	-	-	-	-	10	(524)	-	n/a	(524
	(37)	-	-	(1)	-	(96)	(668)	-	n/a	(668
	(17)	-	-	(10)	-	(100)	(3,897)	-	n/a	(3,897
	(16)	-	(51)	4	2	(155)	4,485	-	n/a	4,485
	-	-	-	(9)	(2)	(11)	(551)	-	n/a	(551
	(16)	-	(51)	(5)	-	(166)	3,934	-	n/a	3,934
	5	(3)	10	-	-	22	(1,096)	_	n/a	(1,096
	-	-	-	-	-	1	(4)	_	n/a	(4
	(11) 1 Hal		(41) Adjustments to	(5)	- fit	(143)	2,834 Underlying	- Add: Pro forma	n/a adjustments	2,834 Pro forma
arch 201		f Year	Adjustments to			(143)		- Add: Pro forma		
arch 201	1 Hal	f Year				Total adjustments to statutory profits	Underlying_	- Add: Pro forma Pro forma adjustments		Pro forma
arch 201	1 Hal	f Year Less: NZ managed	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n	Statutory pro Non cont. business -	fit Credit risk on impaired	Total adjustments to statutory	Underlying_	Pro forma	adjustments Foreign exchange	Pro forma profi
arch 201	1 Hal	f Year Less: NZ managed funds impacts	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M	Underlying_ profit	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4)	Pro forma profi
arch 201	NZ logy stion	f Year Less: NZ managed funds impacts \$M	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4	Underlying_ profit	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5)	Pro forma profi
arch 201	NZ logy stion	f Year Less: NZ managed funds impacts \$M	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other \$M	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43	\$M 5,642 1,175 388	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5)	Pro form. profi
arch 201	NZ logy stion	f Year Less: NZ managed funds impacts \$M	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades	Non cont. business - Other \$M	Credit risk on impaired derivatives	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5)	Pro form. profi
arch 201	NZ logy stion	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 -	Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4)	Pro form profi
arch 201	NZ logy stion	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 -	Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - -	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8)	Pro form. profi \$\mathbb{S}\mathbb{T} 5,638 1,170 428 330 592 291
arch 201	NZ logy wition 1	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - - - 1	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299	Pro forma adjustments	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8)	Pro forms profile \$\frac{\\$N}{5},638 \\ 1,170 \\ 428 \\ 330 \\ 592 \\ 291 \\ 2,811
arch 201	NZ logy stion	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - -	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M - - - 15 -	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8)	Pro forms profile \$\frac{\\$N}{5},638 \\ 1,170 \\ 428 \\ 330 \\ 592 \\ 291 \\ 2,811
techno integra	NZ logy wition 1	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - - - 1	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8)	Pro forms profile
techno integra	NZ logy tion 1 1	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - - - 1	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19	Pro forms profile
techno integra	NZ logy stion 1 1	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - - - 1	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19	Pro forms profile \$\mathbb{S}\mathbb{A}\$ 5,638 1,170 428 330 592 291 2,811 8,449 (2,340 (339)
techno integra	NZ logy tition 1 1 (18)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - - - 1	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19	Pro form profi
techno integra	NZ logy (tion 1 1 (18) - (20)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 - 60	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - - - - 1 3 3 (4)	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 - 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	adjustments Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19	Pro forms profile \$\mathbb{N}\$ 5,638 1,170 428 330 592 291 2,811 8,449 (2,340 (339 (496 (632
techno integra	NZ logy tition 1 1 (18) - (20) (70)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 - 60 - 60 61	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - 1 3 3 3 (4) (4)	Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29) (131)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498) (627)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19 15 2 2 (5)	Pro form. profile
techno integra	NZ logy tion \$M 1 1 (18) - (20) (70)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 - 60 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - 1 3 3 3 (4)	fit Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29) (131) (205)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498) (627) (3,821)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) 40 (4) - (8) 23 19 15 2 2 (5)	Pro forms profile \$\mathbb{S}\text{\text{\$\sigma}} \text{\$\sigma} \$\sigma
techno integra	NZ logy wition 1 1 (18) - (20) (70) 107)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 60 61	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - 1 3 3 3 (4) (4) (1) 1	fit Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29) (131) (205) (30) (15)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498) (627) (3,821) 4,609 (660)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	### Adjustments Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) (4) (4) (-1) (8) (8) (2) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	Pro forms profile \$\mathbb{S}\mathbb{N} 5,638 1,170 428 330 592 291 2,811 8,449 (2,340 (339 (496 (632 (3,807 4,642 (659
techno integra	NZ logy tion \$M 1 1 (18) - (20) (70) 108)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 61 - 61	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 1 3 3 3 (4) (4) (1) - (1)	fit Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29) (131) (205) (30) (15) (45)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498) (627) (3,821) 4,609 (660) 3,949	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	### Adjustments Foreign exchange adjustments \$M (4) (5) (4) (4) (5) (4) (4) (5) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7	Pro forma profile \$\mathbb{S}\mathbb{A}\$ 5,638 1,170 428 330 592 291 2,811 8,449 (2,340 (339 (496 (632 (3,807) 4,642 (659) 3,983
techno integra	NZ logy ottion 1 1 (18) - (20) (70) 107) - 107)	NZ managed funds impacts \$M 1 60 60 61	Adjustments to Non cont. business - Credit Intermed'n Trades \$M 55 55 55 55	Non cont. business - Other \$M - 2 - 1 3 3 3 (4) (4) (1) 1	fit Credit risk on impaired derivatives \$M 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	Total adjustments to statutory profits \$M 4 2 43 130 150 (154) 171 175 (42) (3) (29) (131) (205) (30) (15)	\$M 5,642 1,175 388 334 592 299 2,788 8,430 (2,355) (341) (498) (627) (3,821) 4,609 (660)	Pro forma adjustments \$M - - - - -	### Adjustments Foreign exchange adjustments ### \$\frac{\\$\\$\}{\}\\$ ### \$\left(4) \\ ### \$\left(5) \\ ### \$\left(4) \\ ### \$\left(4) \\ ### \$\left(6)	Pro forma

Underlying profit by division - Australia

September 2011 Full Year

\$M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Other	Australia
Net interest income	3,476	2,275	57	13	5,821
Other external operating income	989	273	1,097	(1)	2,358
Operating income	4,465	2,548	1,154	12	8,179
Operating expenses	(1,954)	(868)	(672)	(12)	(3,506)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	2,511	1,680	482	-	4,673
Provision for credit impairment	(419)	(300)	8	-	(711)
Profit before tax	2,092	1,380	490		3,962
Income tax expense	(625)	(415)	(145)	-	(1,185)
Non-controlling interests	_	_	-	-	-
Non-controlling interests					
Underlying profit	1,467	965	345	-	2,777
	1,467	965	345 Wealth	Other	2,777
Underlying profit September 2010 Full Year				Other	
Underlying profit September 2010 Full Year \$M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth		Australia
Underlying profit September 2010 Full Year \$M Net interest income	Retail 3,203	Commercial 2,093	Wealth 61	27	Australia 5,384
September 2010 Full Year \$M Net interest income Other external operating income	Retail 3,203 1,020	Commercial 2,093 273	Wealth 61 950	27 (21)	Australia 5,384 2,222
September 2010 Full Year \$M Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	Retail 3,203 1,020 4,223	Commercial 2,093 273 2,366	Wealth 61 950 1,011	27 (21) 6	Australia 5,384 2,222 7,606

ζ	\$M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Other	Australia
	Net interest income	3,203	2,093	61	27	5,384
_	Other external operating income	1,020	273	950	(21)	2,222
	Operating income	4,223	2,366	1,011	6	7,606
	Operating expenses	(1,882)	(806)	(562)	(6)	(3,256)
1	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	2,341	1,560	449	- ,	4,350
	Provision for credit impairment	(361)	(259)	37	-	(583)
	Profit before tax	1,980	1,301	486	-	3,767
	Income tax expense	(595)	(389)	(109)	-	(1,093)
_	Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-
	Underlying profit	1,385	912	377	-	2,674

(595)	(389)	(109)	-	(1,093)
-	-	-	-	-
1,385	912	377		2,674
Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Other	Australia
1,753	1,160	29	6	2,948
507	139	528	(1)	1,173
2,260	1,299	557	5	4,121
(987)	(430)	(337)	(6)	(1,760)
1,273	869	220	(1)	2,361
(195)	(108)	6	-	(297)
1,078	761	226	(1)	2,064
(324)	(230)	(67)	2	(619)
-	-	-	-	-
754	531	159	1	1,445
				Australia
			7	2,873
			-	1,185
2,205	1,249	597	7	4,058
(967)	(438)	(335)	(6)	(1,746)
	0.4.4	2/2	1	2 212
1,238	811	262	1	2,312
1,238 (224)	(192)	262	- -	(414)
	1,385 Retail 1,753 507 2,260 (987) 1,273 (195) 1,078 (324) - 754 Retail 1,723 482 2,205 (967)	Retail Commercial 1,753 1,160 507 139 2,260 1,299 (987) (430) 1,273 869 (195) (108) 1,078 761 (324) (230) 754 531 Retail Commercial 1,723 1,115 482 134 2,205 1,249 (967) (438)	Retail Commercial Wealth 1,753 1,160 29 507 139 528 2,260 1,299 557 (987) (430) (337) 1,273 869 220 (195) (108) 6 1,078 761 226 (324) (230) (67) -	Retail Commercial Wealth Other 1,753 1,160 29 6 507 139 528 (1) 2,260 1,299 557 5 (987) (430) (337) (6) 1,273 869 220 (1) (195) (108) 6 - 1,078 761 226 (1) (324) (230) (67) 2 - - - - - - 754 531 159 1 1

\$M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Other	Australia
Net interest income	1,723	1,115	28	7	2,873
Other external operating income	482	134	569	-	1,185
Operating income	2,205	1,249	597	7	4,058
Operating expenses	(967)	(438)	(335)	(6)	(1,746)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	1,238	811	262	1	2,312
Provision for credit impairment	(224)	(192)	2	-	(414)
Profit before tax	1,014	619	264	1	1,898
Income tax expense	(301)	(185)	(78)	(2)	(566)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-
Underlying profit	713	434	186	(1)	1,332

Underlying profit by division - Asia Pacific, Europe & America

September 2011 Full Year

USD M	Retail	Asia Partnerships	Institutional	Operations & Support	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
Net interest income	577	(70)	652	(1)	1,158
Other external operating income	353	391	652	2	1,398
Operating income	930	321	1,304	1	2,556
Operating expenses	(734)	(8)	(698)	(86)	(1,526)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	196	313	606	(85)	1,030
Provision for credit impairment	(37)	-	(76)	-	(113)
Profit before income tax	159	313	530	(85)	917
Income tax expense	(38)	6	(121)	(16)	(169)
Non-controlling interests	(1)	-	(2)	(6)	(9)
Underlying profit	120	319	407	(107)	739
September 2010 Full Year USD M	Retail	Asia Partnerships	Institutional	Operations & Support	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
September 2010 Full Year USD M Net interest income	Retail 408		Institutional	•	
USD M		Partnerships		•	& America
USD M Net interest income	408	Partnerships (55)	519	Support 1	& America 873
USD M Net interest income Other external operating income	408 185	Partnerships (55) 353	519 456	Support 1 (8)	& America 873 986
USD M Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	408 185 593	Partnerships (55) 353 298	519 456 975	Support 1 (8) (7)	& America 873 986 1,859
USD M Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses	408 185 593 (477)	(55) 353 298 (4)	519 456 975 (481)	Support 1 (8) (7) (65)	& America 873 986 1,859 (1,027)

	USD M	Retail	Asia Partnerships	Institutional	Operations & Support	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
	Net interest income	408	(55)	519	1	873
_	Other external operating income	185	353	456	(8)	986
	Operating income	593	298	975	(7)	1,859
	Operating expenses	(477)	(4)	(481)	(65)	(1,027)
1	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	116	294	494	(72)	832
	Provision for credit impairment	(63)	-	(70)	(6)	(139)
	Profit before income tax	53	294	424	(78)	693
	Income tax expense	(21)	12	(83)	13	(79)
_	Non-controlling interests	(3)	-	-	(3)	(6)
	Underlying profit	29	306	341	(68)	608

				· -/.	
ncome tax expense	(21)	12	(83)	13	(79)
lon-controlling interests	(3)	-	-	(3)	(6)
Inderlying profit	29	306	341	(68)	608
7					
September 2011 Half Year					
		Asia		Operations	Asia Pacific, Europe
JSD M	Retail	Partnerships	Institutional	& Support	& America
let interest income	296	(36)	342	(2)	600
Other external operating income	177	200	305	4	686
Operating income	473	164	647	2	1,286
Operating expenses	(378)	(4)	(381)	(32)	(795)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	95	160	266	(30)	491
Provision for credit impairment	(21)	-	(49)	-	(70)
Profit before income tax	74	160	217	(30)	421
Income tax expense	(18)	13	(43)	(16)	(64)
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	(4)	(4)
Inderlying profit	56	173	174	(50)	353
March 2011 Half Year					
USD M	Retail	Asia Partnerships	Institutional	Operations & Support	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
Net interest income	281	(34)	310	1	558
Other external operating income	176	191	347	(2)	712
Operating income	457	157	657	(1)	1,270
Operating expenses	(356)	(4)	(317)	(54)	(731)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	101	153	340	(55)	539
Provision for credit impairment	(16)	_	(27)	-	(43)
					. ,

USD M	Retail	Asia Partnerships	Institutional	Operations & Support	Asia Pacific, Europe & America
Net interest income	281	(34)	310	1	558
Other external operating income	176	191	347	(2)	712
Operating income	457	157	657	(1)	1,270
Operating expenses	(356)	(4)	(317)	(54)	(731)
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	101	153	340	(55)	539
Provision for credit impairment	(16)	-	(27)	-	(43)
Profit before income tax	85	153	313	(55)	496
Income tax expense	(20)	(7)	(78)	-	(105)
Non-controlling interests	(1)	-	(2)	(2)	(5)
Underlying profit	64	146	233	(57)	386

Underlying profit by division - Institutional

September 2011 Full Year

AUD M	Transaction Banking	Global Loans	Global Markets	Relationship & Infrastructure	Institutional
Net interest income	681	1,847	560	4	3,092
Other external operating income	580	185	1,003	46	1,814
Operating income	1,261	2,032	1,563	50	4,906
Operating expenses	(556)	(487)	(828)	(130)	(2,001)
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	705	1,545	735	(80)	2,905
Provision for credit impairment	(35)	(206)	1	(18)	(258)
Profit before income tax	670	1,339	736	(98)	2,647
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(184)	(367)	(220)	19	(752)
Underlying profit	486	972	516	(79)	1,895
September 2010 Full Year	Transaction	Global	Clobal	Dolationship 9	
AUD M	Transaction Ranking	Loans	Global Markets	Relationship & Infrastructure	Institutional

	AUD M	Transaction Banking	Global Loans	Global Markets	Relationship & Infrastructure	Institutional
	Net interest income	610	1,733	857	26	3,226
	Other external operating income	501	215	949	56	1,721
	Operating income	1,111	1,948	1,806	82	4,947
Z	Operating expenses	(489)	(442)	(705)	(112)	(1,748)
_	Profit before credit impair't and income tax	622	1,506	1,101	(30)	3,199
2	Provision for credit impairment	21	(673)	(67)	(22)	(741)
	Profit before income tax	643	833	1,034	(52)	2,458
	Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(189)	(237)	(297)	43	(680)
	Underlying profit	454	596	737	(9)	1,778

	21	(673)	(67)	(22)	(741)
rofit before income tax	643	833	1,034	(52)	2,458
ncome tax expense and non-controlling interests	(189)	(237)	(297)	43	(680)
nderlying profit	454	596	737	(9)	1,778
eptember 2011 Half Year					
UD M	Transaction Banking	Global Loans	Global Markets	Relationship & Infrastructure	Institutional
et interest income	353	919	291	-	1,563
ther external operating income	307	89	346	28	770
perating income	660	1,008	637	28	2,333
perating expenses	(278)	(248)	(423)	(70)	(1,019)
rofit before credit impair't and income tax	382	760	214	(42)	1,314
rovision for credit impairment	(13)	(70)	(18)	(3)	(104)
rofit before income tax	369	690	196	(45)	1,210
ncome tax expense and non-controlling interests	(103)	(181)	(65)	6	(343)
nderlying profit	266	509	131	(39)	867

AUD M	Transaction Banking	Global Loans	Global Markets	Relationship & Infrastructure	Institutional
Net interest income	328	928	269	4	1,529
Other external operating income	273	96	657	18	1,044
Operating income	601	1,024	926	22	2,573
Operating expenses	(278)	(239)	(405)	(60)	(982)
Profit before credit impair't and income tax	323	785	521	(38)	1,591
Provision for credit impairment	(22)	(136)	19	(15)	(154)
Profit before income tax	301	649	540	(53)	1,437
Income tax expense and non-controlling interests	(81)	(186)	(155)	13	(409)
Underlying profit	220	463	385	(40)	1,028

Underlying profit by division - New Zealand

September 2011 Full Year

	NZD M	5.1.11	0	147 . 111	Operations &	
	NZD M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Support	New Zealand
	Net interest income	861	1,334	9	6	2,210
	Other external operating income	287	127	195	(1)	608
	Operating income	1,148	1,461	204	5	2,818
	Operating expenses	(688)	(490)	(137)	(10)	(1,325)
>	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	460	971	67	(5)	1,493
	Provision for credit impairment	(78)	(140)	1		(217)
	Profit before income tax	382	831	68	(5)	1,276
	Income tax expense	(115)	(249)	(10)	2	(372)
	Underlying profit	267	582	58	(3)	904

September 2010 Full Year

					Operations &	
	NZD M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Support	New Zealand
5	Net interest income	798	1,241	6	16	2,061
	Other external operating income	302	143	154	(2)	597
\leq	Operating income	1,100	1,384	160	14	2,658
	Operating expenses	(686)	(504)	(123)	(19)	(1,332)
_	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	414	880	37	(5)	1,326
1	Provision for credit impairment	(149)	(365)	(2)	-	(516)
\leq	Profit before income tax	265	515	35	(5)	810
	Income tax expense	(79)	(154)	5	1	(227)
	Underlying profit	186	361	40	(4)	583

_	NZD M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Operations & Support	New Zealand
	Net interest income	443	669	8	(8)	1,112
	Other external operating income	143	62	102	-	307
	Operating income	586	731	110	(8)	1,419
	Operating expenses	(340)	(241)	(70)	(13)	(664)
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	246	490	40	(21)	755
2	Provision for credit impairment	(43)	(76)	-	1	(119)
	Profit before income tax	203	414	40	(20)	636
_	Income tax expense	(61)	(124)	(8)	7	(185)
5	Underlying profit	142	290	32	(13)	451

	Income tax expense	(79)	(154)	5	•	(227)
	Underlying profit	186	361	40	(4)	583
	September 2011 Half Year				Operations	
	NZD M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	& Support	New Zealand
	Net interest income	443	669	8	(8)	1,112
	Other external operating income	143	62	102		307
	Operating income	586	731	110	(8)	1,419
=	Operating expenses	(340)	(241)	(70)	(13)	(664)
	Profit before credit impairment and income tax	246	490	40	(21)	755
//	Provision for credit impairment	(43)	(76)	-	1	(119)
	Profit before income tax	203	414	40	(20)	636
7.	Income tax expense	(61)	(124)	(8)	7	(185)
15	Underlying profit	142	290	32	(13)	451
	March 2011 Half Year					
\leq	NZD M	Retail	Commercial	Wealth	Operations & Support	New Zealand
	NZD M Net interest income	Retail 418	Commercial 665	Wealth 1	•	New Zealand 1,098
					& Support	
	Net interest income	418	665	1	& Support	1,098
	Net interest income Other external operating income	418 144	665 65	1 93	& Support 14 (1)	1,098
	Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income	418 144 562	665 65 730	1 93 94	& Support 14 (1) 13	1,098 301 1,399
	Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses	418 144 562 (348)	665 65 730 (249)	1 93 94 (67)	& Support 14 (1) 13 3	1,098 301 1,399 (661)
	Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impairment and income tax	418 144 562 (348) 214	665 65 730 (249) 481	1 93 94 (67) 27	& Support 14 (1) 13 3 16	1,098 301 1,399 (661) 738
	Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impairment and income tax Provision for credit impairment	418 144 562 (348) 214 (35)	665 65 730 (249) 481 (64)	1 93 94 (67) 27 1	& Support 14 (1) 13 3 16 (1)	1,098 301 1,399 (661) 738 (98)
	Net interest income Other external operating income Operating income Operating expenses Profit before credit impairment and income tax Provision for credit impairment Profit before income tax	418 144 562 (348) 214 (35) 179	665 65 730 (249) 481 (64) 417	1 93 94 (67) 27 1 28	& Support 14 (1) 13 3 16 (1)	1,098 301 1,399 (661) 738 (98) 640

Divisional to Geographic region reconciliation matrix

		G	ieographies		
	September 2011 Full Year		Asia Pacific, Europe &		
	AUD M	Australia	America	New Zealand	Pro forma
	Australia Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2,772 (46)	5 767	n/a n/a	2,777 721
Divisions	Institutional	1,236	397	262	1,895
įsi	New Zealand	n/a	n/a	692	692
ă	Group Centre	(24)	(10)	(2)	(36)
	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	n/a	(397)	n/a	(397)
	Pro forma profit	3,938	762	952	5,652
	Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	-	-
	Underlying profit	3,938	762	952	5,652
)	Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(104)	(72)	(121)	(297)
	Profit	3,834	690	831	5,355
	September 2010 Full Year				
)	AUD M Australia	2 712	1	n/a	2,717
ιΛ	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2,713 (35)	4 658	n/a n/a	623
Ğ	Institutional	1,113	344	276	1,733
Divisions	New Zealand	1,113 n/a	344 n/a	449	1,733
ᅙ	Group Centre	(99)	(17)	(48)	(164)
\	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	n/a	(344)	n/a	(344)
/	Pro forma profit	3,692	645	677	5,014
	Foreign exchange adjustments	(39)	65	26	52
1	Pro forma adjustments	(30)	(9)	(2)	(41)
	Underlying profit	3,623	701	701	5,025
	Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(330)	(181)	(13)	(524)
)	Profit	3,293	520	688	4,501
	September 2011 Half Year AUD M				
	Australia	1,443	2	n/a	1,445
Divisions	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(35)	369	n/a	334
isi	Institutional	566	163	138	867
ĕ	New Zealand	n/a 2	n/a	348	348 3
) -	Group Centre Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	n/a	(6) (163)	7 n/a	(163)
	·	1,976	365	493	2,834
ı	Pro forma profit Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,834 n/a
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	-	-
1	Underlying profit	1,976	365	493	2,834
/	Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(59)	(59)	(25)	(143)
	Profit	1,917	306	468	2,691
	March 2011 Half Year AUD M				
	Australia	1,329	3	n/a	1,332
SL	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(11)	385	n/a	374
ē	Institutional	671	228	125	1,024
Divisions	New Zealand	n/a	n/a	350	350
Δ	Group Centre	2	(7)	(9)	(14)
	Less: Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America	n/a	(228)	n/a	(228)
	Pro forma profit	1,991	381	466	2,838
	Foreign exchange adjustments	(29)	16	(7)	(20)
	Pro forma adjustments	-	-	-	-
	Underlying profit	1,962	397	459	2,818
	Adjustments between statutory profit and underlying profit	(45)	(13)	(96)	(154)
	Profit	1,917	384	363	2,664

Asia Pacific, Europe & America

Alex Thursby

	ı	Half Year		F	ull Year	
Table reflects AUD for the APEA division USD results shown on page 58	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	570	541	5%	1,130	1,010	12%
Other external operating income	648	694	-7%	1,364	1,103	24%
Operating income	1,218	1,235	-1%	2,494	2,113	18%
Operating expenses	(753)	(711)	6%	(1,488)	(1,224)	22%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	465	524	-11%	1,006	889	13%
Provision for credit impairment	(67)	(41)	63%	(110)	(177)	-38%
Profit before income tax	398	483	-18%	896	712	26%
income tax expense	(60)	(104)	-42%	(166)	(83)	100%
Non-controlling interests	(4)	(5)	-20%	(9)	(6)	50%
Pro forma profit	334	374	-11%	721	623	16%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	13	n/a	n/a	62	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(9)	-100%
Underlying profit	334	387	-14%	721	676	7%
Consisting of:						
Retail	54	63	-15%	117	39	large
Asia Partnerships	163	141	16%	311	313	-1%
Institutional	163	228	-29%	397	344	15%
Operations & Support	(46)	(58)	-21%	(104)	(73)	42%
Pro forma profit	334	374	-11%	721	623	16%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	38,779	30,946	25%	38,779	27,118	43%
Other external assets	49,329	33,811	46%	49,329	31,603	56%
External assets	88,108	64,757	36%	88,108	58,721	50%
Customer deposits	64,824	52,795	23%	64,824	46,604	39%
Other deposits and borrowings	7,474	5,170	45%	7,474	7,576	-1%
Deposits and other borrowings	72,298	57,965	25%	72,298	54,180	33%
Other external liabilities	20,730	14,962	39%	20,730	12,704	63%
External liabilities	93,028	72,927	28%	93,028	66,884	39%
Risk weighted assets	57,234	47,545	20%	57,234	43,218	32%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	34,444	29,443	17%	31,951	23,377	37%
Average deposits and other borrowings	63,795	57,195	12%	60,504	51,790	17%
Ratios						
Return on average assets	0.79%	1.03%		0.90%	1.03%	
Net interest average margin	1.52%	1.74%		1.62%	1.68%	
Net interest average margin (excluding Global Markets)	2.59%	2.95%		2.76%	3.01%	
Operating expenses to operating income (pro forma)	61.8%	57.6%		59.7%	57.9%	
Operating expenses to operating income	61.8%	57.6%		59.7%	55.2%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.78%	1.95%		1.86%	1.73%	
Individual provision charge	76	52	46%	128	153	-16%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.45%	0.35%		0.40%	0.65%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	(9)	(9)	0%	(18)	1	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.06%)	(0.05%)		(0.06%)	0.00%	
Net impaired assets	284	274	4%	284	267	6%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	0.73%	0.89%		0.73%	0.98%	
Total employees	10,650	10,718	-1%	10,650	10,332	3%

New Zealand

David Hisco

		Half Year		F	ull Year	
Table reflects AUD results for New Zealand NZD results shown on page 68	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Net interest income	859	848	1%	1,693	1,579	7%
Other external operating income	238	232	3%	466	472	-1%
Operating income	1,097	1,080	2%	2,159	2,051	5%
Operating expenses	(513)	(511)	0%	(1,015)	(1,035)	-2%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax	584	569	3%	1,144	1,016	13%
Provision for credit impairment	(92)	(75)	23%	(166)	(395)	-58%
Profit before income tax	492	494	0%	978	621	57%
Income tax expense	(144)	(144)	0%	(286)	(172)	66%
Pro forma profit	348	350	-1%	692	449	54%
Foreign exchange adjustments	n/a	(6)	n/a	n/a	16	n/a
Pro forma adjustments	-	-	n/a	-	(2)	-100%
Underlying profit	348	344	1%	692	463	49%
Consisting of:						
Retail	109	97	12%	204	143	43%
Commercial	224	225	0%	446	277	61%
Wealth	25	20	25%	44	33	33%
Operations & Support	(10)	8	large	(2)	(4)	-50%
Pro forma profit	348	350	-1%	692	449	54%
Balance Sheet						
Net loans & advances including acceptances	68,174	65,059	5%	68,174	67,239	1%
Other external assets	2,099	1,999	5%	2,099	2,472	-15%
External assets	70,273	67,058	5%	70,273	69,711	1%
Customer deposits	39,471	37,572	5%	39,471	36,797	7%
Other deposits and borrowings	3,758	2,106	78%	3,758	5,561	-32%
Deposits and other borrowings	43,229	39,678	9%	43,229	42,358	2%
Other external liabilities	13,218	13,363	-1%	13,218	12,872	3%
External liabilities	56,447	53,041	6%	56,447	55,230	2%
Risk weighted assets	38,299	37,533	2%	38,299	39,355	-3%
Average net loans and advances including acceptances	67,659	67,516	0%	67,587	69,964	-3%
Average deposits and other borrowings	41,807	41,930	0%	41,868	45,476	-8%
Ratios						
Return on average assets	0.99%	0.98%		0.99%	0.64%	
Net interest average margin	2.50%	2.44%		2.47%	2.30%	
Operating expenses to operating income	46.8%	47.3%		47.0%	50.1%	
Operating expenses to average assets	1.46%	1.44%		1.45%	1.47%	
individual provision charge	134	121	11%	255	361	-29%
Individual provision charge as a % of average net advances	0.40%	0.36%		0.38%	0.52%	
Collective provision charge (credit)	(42)	(47)	-11%	(89)	48	large
Collective provision charge (credit) as a % of average net advances	(0.13%)	(0.14%)		(0.13%)	0.07%	
Net impaired assets	1,019	1,228	-17%	1,019	1,097	-7%
Net impaired assets as a % of net advances	1.49%	1.89%		1.49%	1.63%	
Total employees	8,884	9,022	-2%	8,884	9,073	-2%



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Full year ended 30 September 2011

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	Note	H	lalf Year			Full Year	
	_	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Interest income		15,423	14,945	3%	30,368	26,608	14%
Interest expense		(9,586)	(9,299)	3%	(18,885)	(15,739)	20%
Net interest income	3	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%
Other operating income	3	1,634	1,974	-17%	3,608	3,291	10%
Net funds management and insurance income	3	663	742	-11%	1,405	1,099	28%
Share of joint venture profit from OnePath Australia and OnePath New Zealand	14	-	-	n/a	-	33	-100%
Share of associates' profit	14	193	243	-21%	436	400	9%
Operating income	<u> </u>	8,327	8,605	-3%	16,932	15,692	8%
Operating expenses	4	(3,997)	(4,026)	-1%	(8,023)	(7,304)	10%
Profit before credit impairment and income tax		4,330	4,579	-5%	8,909	8,388	6%
Provision for credit impairment	9	(562)	(675)	-17%	(1,237)	(1,787)	-31%
Profit before income tax	•	3,768	3,904	-3%	7,672	6,601	16%
Income tax expense	5	(1,074)	(1,235)	-13%	(2,309)	(2,096)	10%
Profit for the period		2,694	2,669	1%	5,363	4,505	19%
Comprising:							
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests		3	5	-40%	8	4	100%
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company		2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%
Earnings per ordinary share (cents)							
Basic	7	104.0	104.2	0%	208.2	178.9	16%
Diluted	7	99.3	101.2	-2%	198.8	174.6	14%
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	6	76	64	19%	140	126	11%

	ı	ull Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Profit for the period	5,363	4,505	19%
Other comprehensive income			
Currency translation adjustments			
Exchange differences taken to equity	330	(1,006)	large
Available-for-sale assets			
Valuation gain/(loss) taken to equity	77	136	-43%
Cumulative (gain)/loss transferred to the income statement	19	8	large
Cash flow hedges			
Valuation gain/(loss) taken to equity	229	187	22%
Transferred to income statement for the period	(9)	(54)	-83%
Share of associates' other comprehensive income	(15)	18	large
Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans	(15)	(6)	large
Income tax on items transferred directly to / from equity			
Foreign currency translation reserve	(5)	(10)	-50%
Available-for-sale reserve	(35)	(38)	-8%
Cash flow hedge reserve	(63)	(36)	75%
Actuarial gain / (loss) on defined benefits plan	5	2	large
other comprehensive income	518	(799)	large
Total comprehensive income for the period	5,881	3,706	59%
Comprising:			_
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	8	4	100%
Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the company	5,873	3,702	59%

to shareholders of the company

The notes appearing on pages 102 to 117 form an integral part of the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

			As at (\$M)		Movement		
Assets	Note	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11	
Liquid assets	Note	24,899	19,298	18,945	29%	31%	
Due from other financial institutions		8,824	7,479	5,481	18%	61%	
Trading securities ¹		36,074	28,966	33,515	25%	8%	
Derivative financial instruments		54,118	29,646	37,821	83%	43%	
Available-for-sale assets		22,264	18,323	20,742	22%	7%	
Net loans and advances ¹	8	396,337	378,812	351,897	5%	13%	
Customers' liability for acceptances ¹		970	577	11,495	68%	-92%	
Shares in associates and joint venture entities		3,513	3,239	2,965	8%	18%	
Current tax assets		41	20	76	large	-46%	
Deferred tax assets		599	653	792	-8%	-24%	
Goodwill and other intangible assets ²		6,964	6,632	6,630	5%	5%	
Investments backing policyholder liabilities		29,859	32,958	32,171	-9%	-7%	
Other assets		7,901	8,685	7,015	-9%	13%	
Premises and equipment		2,125	2,159	2,158	-2%	-2%	
Total assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	594,488	537,447	531,703	11%	12%	
Liabilities							
Due to other financial institutions		23,012	22,014	21,610	5%	6%	
Deposits and other borrowings	10	368,729	331,789	310,383	11%	19%	
Derivative financial instruments		50,088	29,796	37,217	68%	35%	
Liability for acceptances ¹		970	577	11,495	68%	-92%	
Current tax liabilities		1,128	750	973	50%	16%	
Deferred tax liabilities		28	40	35	-30%	-20%	
Policyholder liabilities		27,503	29,718	28,981	-7%	-5%	
External unit holder liabilities (life insurance funds)		5,033	5,501	5,448	-9%	-8%	
Payables and other liabilities		10,251	10,688	8,115	-4%	26%	
Provisions		1,248	1,285	1,297	-3%	-4%	
Bonds and notes		56,551	58,526	59,714	-3%	-5%	
Loan capital		11,993	11,634	12,280	3%	-2%	
// Total liabilities		556,534	502,318	497,548	11%	12%	
Net assets		37,954	35,129	34,155	8%	11%	
Shareholders' equity							
Ordinary share capital	11,12	21,343	20,594	19,886	4%	7%	
Preference share capital	11,12	871	871	871	0%	0%	
Reserves	12	(2,095)	(3,171)	(2,587)	-34%	-19%	
Retained earnings	12	17,787	16,766	15,921	6%	12%	
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company		37,906	35,060	34,091	8%	11%	
Non-controlling interests		48	69	64	-30%	-25%	
Total equity		37,954	35,129	34,155	8%	11%	

In 2011 the Group ceased re-discounting Commercial bill acceptances in its Australian operations. This has impacted balance sheet classifications as there is no intention to trade the commercial bills as negotiable instruments, therefore they are classified as commercial bill loans initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost:

Sep 2011 - Trading securities: \$nil; Net loans and advances \$17,326 million; Customer's liability for acceptances \$nil; Liability for acceptances \$nil; Mar 2011 - Trading securities: \$nil; Net loans and advances \$17,371 million; Customers' liability for acceptances \$nil; Liability for acceptances \$nil; Sep 2010 - Trading securities: \$6,035 million; Net loans and advances \$nil; Customers' liability for acceptances \$11,150 million; Liability for acceptances \$11,150 million

^{2.} Excludes notional goodwill in equity accounted entities

	Full Year	
	Sep 11 Inflows	Sep 10 Inflows
	(Outflows)	(Outflows)
Cash flows from apprating activities	\$M	\$M
Cash flows from operating activities Interest received	30,260	26,362
Dividends received	84	54
Fee income received Other income received	2,471 1,408	2,177 1,230
Interest paid	(18,797)	(15,726)
Personnel expenses paid	(4,547)	(4,102)
Premises expenses paid	(596)	(557)
Other operating expenses paid Cash settled on derivatives	(2,034) (2,038)	(1,625) (1,823)
Income taxes paid		
Australia	(1,727)	(353)
Overseas Goods and services tax received	(306) 50	(629) 33
Net cash flows from funds management and insurance business	00	00
Funds management income received	870	665
Insurance premium income received	4,988	6,144 (5,597)
Claims and policyholder liability payments Investment income (paid)/received	(4,531) (21)	(5,587) 536
Commission expense (paid)/received	(491)	(353)
Net cash flows from investments backing policyholder liabilities		
Purchase of insurance assets	(9,127) 10,182	(9,982) 10,021
Proceeds from sale/maturity of insurance assets (Increase)/decrease in operating assets	10,182	10,021
Liquid assets - greater than three months	1,593	2,184
Due from other financial institutions - greater than three months	(1,476)	(65)
Trading securities Loans and advances	(7,614) (25,568)	(2,004) (17,044)
Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities	(25,508)	(17,044)
Deposits and other borrowings	43,834	14,726
Due to other financial institutions	1,350	55
Payables and other liabilities Net cash provided by operating activities	584 18,801	(1,288) 3,049
Cash flows from investing activities	10,001	3,047
Available-for-sale assets		
Purchases	(40,657)	(29,312)
Proceeds from sale or maturity Controlled entities and associates	39,518	25,244
Purchased (net of cash acquired)	(304)	50
Proceeds from sale (net of cash disposed)	74	15
Premises and equipment Purchases	(319)	(217)
Proceeds from sale	(319)	(317) 24
Other assets	(849)	(1,428)
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,531)	(5,724)
Cash flows from financing activities Bonds and notes		
Issue proceeds	12,213	21,756
Redemptions	(17,193)	(17,105)
Loan capital		4.07/
Issue proceeds Redemptions	1,341 (1,579)	1,976 (2,565)
Dividends paid	(2,113)	(1,671)
Share capital issues	43	37
On market share purchases	(137)	(78)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities Net cash provided by operating activities	(7,425) 18,801	2,350 3,049
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,531)	(5,724)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(7,425)	2,350
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,845	(325)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	20,610 566	21,511 (576)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	30,021	20,610
	/	-,

		Ordinary share P capital \$M	reference shares \$M	Reserves ¹ \$M	Retained earnings \$M		Non- controlling interests \$M	Total Shareholders' equity \$M
As	s at 1 October 2009	19,151	871	(1,787)	14,129	32,364	65	32,429
	Profit or loss	-	_		4,501	4,501	4	4,505
	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(795)	(4)	(799)	-	(799)
То	tal comprehensive income for the period	-	-	(795)	4,497	3,702	4	3,706
Tra	ansactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
	Dividends paid	-	-	-	(2,678)	(2,678)	-	(2,678)
	Dividend reinvestment plan	1,007	-	-	-	1,007	-	1,007
Ot	her equity movements:							
	Share based payments and exercises	-	-	7	-	7	-	7
(15)	Group share option scheme	37	-	-	-	37	-	37
	Treasury shares OnePath Australia adjustment	(360)	-	-	-	(360)	-	(360)
	Group employee share acquisition scheme	51	-	-	-	51	-	51
	Adjustments to opening retained earnings on adoption of revised accounting standard AASB 3R	-	-	-	(39)	(39)	-	(39)
Ot	her changes	-	-	(12)	12	-	(5)	(5)
As	s at 30 September 2010	19,886	871	(2,587)	15,921	34,091	64	34,155
	Profit or loss	-	-	-	5,355	5,355	8	5,363
(U)	Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	528	(10)	518	-	518
To	tal comprehensive income for the period	-	-	528	5,345	5,873	8	5,881
Tra	ansactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:							
	Dividends paid	-	-	-	(3,503)	(3,503)	-	(3,503)
	Dividend income on treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	-	-	-	23	23	-	23
(//)	Dividend reinvestment plan	1,367	_	-	_	1,367	-	1,367
	Transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	(22)	-	(22)	(22)	(44)
Ot	her equity movements:							
715	Share based payments and exercises	-	-	(14)	-	(14)	-	(14)
	Group share option scheme	43	-	-	-	43	-	43
$\widetilde{}$	Treasury shares OnePath Australia adjustment	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
	Group employee share acquisition scheme	45	-	-	-	45	-	45
<u>Ot</u>	her changes	-	-	-	1	1	(2)	(1)
As	at 30 September 2011	21,343	871	(2,095)	17,787	37,906	48	37,954

Further information on other comprehensive income is disclosed in Note 12

1. Basis of preparation

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements:

- should be read in conjunction with the ANZ Annual Report for the year ended 30 September 2011 and any public
 announcements made by the Parent Entity and its controlled entities (the Group) for the year ended 30 September 2011 in
 accordance with the continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act 2001 and the ASX Listing Rules;
- does not include all notes of the type normally included in the Annual Financial Report;
- are presented in Australian dollars unless otherwise stated; and
- were approved by the Board of Directors on 2 November 2011.

i) Statement of compliance

These Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounts provisions of the Banking Act 1959 (as amended), Australian Accounting Standards ("AASs"), Australian Accounting Standards Board ("AASB") Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the AASB and the Corporations Act 2001.

ii) Use of estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements requires the use of management judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts and the application of policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Discussion of these critical accounting treatments, which include complex or subjective decisions or assessments, are covered in Note 2. Such estimates may require review in future periods.

iii) Basis of measurement

The financial information has been prepared in accordance with the historical cost basis except that the following assets and liabilities are stated at their fair value:

- derivative financial instruments, including in the case of fair value hedging, the fair value of any applicable underlying exposure;
- financial assets treated as available-for-sale;
- financial instruments held for trading; and
- assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit and loss.

In accordance with AASB 1038 Life Insurance Contracts, life insurance liabilities are measured using the Margin on Services model

In accordance with AASB 119 Employee Benefits, defined benefit obligations are measured using the Projected Unit Credit method

iv) Changes in accounting policy and early adoptions

All new Accounting Standards and Interpretations applicable to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 October 2010 have been applied to the Group effective from the required date of application. The initial application of these Standards and Interpretations has not had a material impact on the financial position or the financial results of the Group.

There has been no other change in accounting policy during the year.

v) Rounding

The Parent Entity is an entity of the kind referred to in the Australian Securities and Investments Commission class order 98/100 dated 10 July 1998 (as amended). Consequently, amounts in these Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded to the nearest million dollars, except where otherwise indicated.

vi) Comparatives

Certain amounts in the comparative information have been reclassified to conform with current period financial statement presentations. During the current year, this includes the reclassification of certain assets from Liquid Assets to Net Loans and Advances following a review of the definition of the Liquid Assets category and the reclassification of certain customer deposit liabilities from Deposits and Other Borrowings to Due from Other Financial Institutions.

2. Critical estimates and judgements used in applying accounting policies

The Group prepares its financial report in accordance with policies which are based on AAS's, other authoritative accounting pronouncements and Interpretations of the AASB and the Corporations Act 2001. This involves the Group making estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts within the financial statements. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. All material changes to accounting policies and estimates, and the application of these policies and judgements are approved by the Audit Committee of the Board.

A brief explanation of critical estimates and judgement and their impact on the Group follows:

Provisions for credit impairment

The Group's accounting policy relating to measuring the impairment of loans and advances requires the Group to assess impairment at least at each reporting date. The credit provisions raised (individual and collective) represent management's best estimate of the losses incurred in the loan portfolio at balance date based on experienced judgement. The collective provision is estimated on the basis of historical loss experience for assets with credit characteristics similar to those in the collective pool. The historical loss experience is adjusted based on current observable data and events, and an assessment of the impact of model risk. The provision also takes into account the impact of large concentrated losses within the portfolio and the economic cycle.

The use of such judgements and reasonable estimates is considered by management to be an essential part of the process and does not impact on reliability. Individual provisioning is applied when the full collectability of a loan is identified as being doubtful.

Individual and collective provisioning is calculated using discounted expected future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating both the amount and timing of future cash flows are revised regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

Special purpose and off-balance sheet entities

The Group may invest in or establish special purpose entities (SPEs) to enable it to undertake specific types of transactions. The main types of SPEs are securitisation vehicles, structured finance entities, and entities used to sell credit protection.

Where the Group has established SPEs which are controlled by the Group, they are consolidated in the Group's financial statements.

The Group does not consolidate SPEs that it does not control. As it can be complex to determine whether the Group has control of an SPE, the Group makes judgements about its exposure to the risks and rewards, as well as about its ability to make operational decisions for the SPE in question.

The table below summarises the main types of SPEs with which the Group is involved, the reason for their establishment, and the control factors associated with ANZ's interest in them. Although there may be some indicators of control, ANZ does not bear the majority of residual risks and rewards of the SPEs, therefore they are not consolidated.

Type of SPE	Reason for establishment	Control factors
Securitisation vehicles	Securitisation is a financing technique whereby assets are transferred to an SPE which funds the purchase by issuing securities. This enables ANZ (in the case where transferred assets originate within ANZ) or customers to increase diversity of funding sources.	ANZ may manage these securitisation vehicles, service assets in the vehicle, or provide liquidity or other support. ANZ retains the risks associated with the provision of these services. For any SPE which is not consolidated, credit and market risks associated with the underlying assets are not retained or assumed by ANZ except to the limited extent that ANZ provides arm's length services and facilities.
Structured finance entities	These entities are set up to assist with the structuring of client financing. The resulting lending arrangements are at arms length and ANZ typically has limited ongoing involvement with the entity.	ANZ may manage these vehicles, hold minor amounts of capital, provide financing or derivatives.
Credit protection	The SPE in this category is created to allow ANZ to purchase credit protection.	ANZ may manage this vehicle.

2. Critical estimates and judgements used in applying accounting policies, cont'd

Significant associates

The carrying values of all significant investments in associates are subject to an annual recoverable amount test. This assessment involves ensuring that the investment's fair value less costs to sell or its value in use is greater than its carrying amount. Judgement is applied when determining the assumptions supporting these calculations.

The Group reviews its investments in associates against the following impairment indicators:

- actual financial performance against budgeted financial performance;
- any material unfavourable operational factors and regulatory factors;
- any material unfavourable economic outlook and market competitive factors;
- carrying value against available quoted market values (supported by third-party broker valuations where available); and
- carrying value against market capitalisation (for listed investments).

Where appropriate, additional potential impairment indicators are reviewed which are more specific to the respective investment.

As at 30 September 2011, no impairment of associates was identified as a result of either the review of impairment indicators listed above or the recoverable amount test.

Available-for-sale financial assets

The accounting policy for impairment of available-for-sale financial assets requires the Group to assess whether there is objective evidence of impairment. This requires judgement when considering whether such evidence exists and, if so, reliably determining the impact of such events on the estimated cash flows of the asset.

During the year ended 30 September 2011, an impairment of \$35 million (2010: \$nil) was recognised in the income statement in respect of Sacombank after assessing that the decline in the market value in Australian dollars of the investment was significant and prolonged.

Financial instruments at fair value

A significant portion of financial instruments are carried on the balance sheet at fair value.

The best evidence of fair value is a quoted price in an active market. Accordingly, wherever possible, fair value is based on the quoted market price for the financial instrument.

In the event that there is no active market for the instrument, fair value is based on present value estimates or other market accepted valuation techniques. The valuation models incorporate the impact of bid/ask spread, counterparty credit spreads and other factors that would influence the fair value determined by a market participant.

The majority of valuation techniques employ only observable market data. However, for certain financial instruments, the fair value cannot be determined with reference to current market transactions or valuation techniques whose variables only include data from observable markets.

In respect of the valuation component where market observable data is not available, the fair value is determined using data derived and extrapolated from market data and tested against historic transactions and observed market trends. These valuations are based upon assumptions established by application of professional judgement to analyse the data available to support each assumption. Changing the assumptions changes the resulting estimate of fair value.

The majority of outstanding derivative positions are transacted over-the-counter and therefore need to be valued using valuation techniques. Included in the determination of the fair value of derivatives is a credit valuation adjustment to reflect the credit worthiness of the counterparty, representing the credit risk component of the overall fair value movement on a particular derivative asset. The total valuation adjustment is influenced by the mark-to-market of the derivative trades and by the movement in the market cost of credit.

2. Critical estimates and judgements used in applying accounting policies, cont'd

Goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets

The carrying values of goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are reviewed at each balance date and writtendown, to the extent that they are no longer supported by probable future benefits.

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are allocated to cash-generating units (CGUs) for the purpose of impairment testing. In respect of goodwill, the CGUs are based on the operating segments of the Group. During the year the operating segments were changed from the major geographies in which the Group operates to the major divisions through which the Group operates. Goodwill has been reallocated accordingly.

Impairment testing of goodwill and indefinite life intangibles is performed annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the asset may be impaired. Impairment testing is conducted by comparing the recoverable amount of the CGU with the current carrying amount of its net assets, including goodwill and intangibles as applicable. Where the current carrying value is greater than the recoverable amount, a charge for impairment is recognised in the income statement.

The most significant components of the Group's goodwill balance at 30 September 2011 relate to the New Zealand division which was \$1,720 million (Sep 2010: \$1,653 million, Mar 2011: \$1,611 million) and Australia division which was \$1,433 million (Sep 2010: \$1,414 million, Mar 2011: \$1,434 million).

The recoverable amount of the CGU to which each goodwill component is allocated is estimated using a market multiple approach as representative of the fair value less costs to sell of each CGU. The price earnings multiples are based on observable multiples in the respective markets in which the Group operates. The earnings are based on the current forecast earnings of the divisions. Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of fair value less costs to sell include assumptions regarding market multiples, costs to sell and forecast earnings. Changes in assumptions upon which the valuation is based could materially impact the assessment of the recoverable amount of each CGU.

As at 30 September 2011, the results of the impairment testing performed did not result in any material impairment being identified.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives

The carrying value of intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed each balance date for any indication of impairment. This assessment involves applying judgement and consideration is given to both internal and external indicators of potential impairment. The majority of the Group's intangible assets with a finite life is represented by capitalised software and intangible assets purchased as part of the acquisition of OnePath Australia Limited and OnePath (NZ) Limited.

As at 30 September 2011, the results of the impairment testing performed did not result in any material impairment being identified

Life insurance contract liabilities

Policy liabilities for life insurance contracts are computed using statistical or mathematical methods, which are expected to give approximately the same results as if an individual liability was calculated for each contract. The computations are made by suitably qualified personnel on the basis of recognised actuarial methods, with due regard to relevant actuarial principles and standards. The methodology takes into account the risks and uncertainties of the particular classes of life insurance business written. Deferred policy acquisition costs are connected with the measurement basis of life insurance liabilities and are equally sensitive to the factors that are considered in the liability measurement.

The key factors that affect the estimation of these liabilities and related assets are:

- the cost of providing the benefits and administering these insurance contracts;
- mortality and morbidity experience on life insurance products, including enhancements to policyholder benefits;
- discontinuance experience, which affects the Group's ability to recover the cost of acquiring new business over the lives of the contracts; and
- the amounts credited to policyholders' accounts compared to the returns on invested assets through asset-liability management and strategic and tactical asset allocation.

In addition, factors such as regulation, competition, interest rates, taxes and general economic conditions affect the level of these liabilities.

The total value of policy liabilities for life insurance contracts have been appropriately calculated in accordance with these principles.

Taxation

Significant judgement is required in determining provisions held in respect of uncertain tax positions. The Group estimates its tax liabilities based on its understanding of the relevant law in each of the countries in which it operates.

3. Income

	F	lalf Year		1	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movi
Interest income	15,423	14,945	3%	30,368	26,608	14%
Interest expense	(9,586)	(9,299)	3%	(18,885)	(15,739)	20%
Net interest income	5,837	5,646	3%	11,483	10,869	6%
i) Fee and commission income						
Lending fees ¹	346	306	13%	652	634	3%
Non-lending fees and commissions	1,027	1,026	0%	2,053	1,967	4%
Total fee and commission income	1,373	1,332	3%	2,705	2,601	4%
Fee and commission expense ²	(159)	(155)	3%	(314)	(277)	13%
Net fee and commission income	1,214	1,177	3%	2,391	2,324	3%
ii) Other income						
Net foreign exchange earnings	386	431	-10%	817	747	9%
Net gains from trading securities and derivatives ³	(39)	334	large	295	319	-8%
Credit risk on derivatives	(49)	70	large	21	35	-40%
Fair value impairment for OnePath Australia & OnePath NZ	-	-	n/a	-	(217)	-100%
Movement on financial instruments measured at fair value through profit & loss ⁴	(12)	(155)	-92%	(167)	(202)	-17%
Brokerage income	30	31	-3%	61	70	-13%
NZ managed funds impacts	1	60	-98%	61	4	large
Write-down on assets in non continuing businesses	(11)	(2)	large	(13)	(12)	8%
Write-back of investment in Saigon Securities Incorporation	-	-	n/a	-	25	-100%
Write-down of investment in Sacombank	-	(35)	-100%	(35)	-	n/a
Private equity and infrastructure earnings	25	1	large	26	43	-40%
Profit on sale of property	22	2	large	24	2	large
Other	67	60	12%	127	153	-17%
Total other income	420	797	-47%	1,217	967	26%
Other operating income	1,634	1,974	-17%	3,608	3,291	10%
iii) Net funds management and insurance income						
Funds management income	426	442	-4%	868	730	19%
Investment income	(1,816)	1,305	large	(511)	1,165	large
Insurance premium income	652	532	23%	1,184	847	40%
Commission income (expense)	(253)	(237)	7%	(490)	(358)	37%
Claims	(285)	(263)	8%	(548)	(414)	32%
Changes in policyholder liabilities ⁵	1,875	(1,021)	large	854	(836)	large
Elimination of Treasury share (gain)/loss	64	(16)	large	48	(35)	large
Total net funds management and insurance income	663	742	-11%	1,405	1,099	28%
Total other operating income	2,297	2,716	-15%	5,013	4,390	14%
Share of joint venture & associates' profit	193	243	-21%	436	433	1%
Total income ⁶	17,913	17,904	0%	35,817	31,431	14%
Profit before income tax as a % of total income	21.04%	21.81%		21.42%	21.00%	

Lending fees exclude fees treated as part of the effective yield calculation and included in interest income

^{2.} Includes interchange fees paid

Does not include interest income

Includes fair value movements (excluding realised and accrued interest) on derivatives entered into to manage interest rate and foreign exchange risk on funding instruments and not designated as accounting hedges, ineffective portions of cashflow hedges, and fair value movements in financial assets and liabilities designated fair value

^{5.} Includes policyholder tax gross up, which represents contribution tax (recovered at 15% on the super contributions made by members) debited to the policyholder account once a year in July when the statement is issued to the members at the end of the 30 June financial year

^{6.} Total income includes external dividend income of \$11 million (Mar 2011 half: \$8 million; Sep 2010 full year: \$18 million; Sep 2011 half year: \$3 million)

4. Operating expenses

		ŀ	lalf Year		ı	Full Year	
		Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Pe	ersonnel						
	Employee entitlements and taxes	159	147	8%	306	259	18%
	Salaries and wages	1,496	1,475	1%	2,971	2,639	13%
	Superannuation costs - defined benefit plans	8	5	60%	13	14	-7%
	Superannuation costs - defined contribution plans	140	147	-5%	287	253	13%
	Equity-settled share-based payments	88	78	13%	166	140	19%
	Temporary staff	127	123	3%	250	215	16%
	Other	354	389	-9%	743	730	4%
To	otal personnel expenses	2,372	2,364	0%	4,736	4,250	11%
Pı	remises						
	Depreciation and amortisation	45	44	2%	89	79	13%
(11)	Rent	195	192	2%	387	365	6%
	Utilities and other outgoings	81	84	-4%	165	160	3%
20	Other	20	24	-17%	44	35	26%
U Ita	otal premises expenses	341	344	-1%	685	639	7%
			•	•		•	
	omputer Computer contractors	60	83	-28%	143	120	19%
	Data communications	66	59	12%	125	94	33%
	Depreciation and amortisation	174	174	0%	348	297	17%
TER	Rentals and repairs	64	56	14%	120	100	20%
(\cup)	Software purchased	143	107	34%	250	214	17%
	Software written-off	18	2	large	20	17	18%
	Other	10	25	-60%	35	24	46%
To	otal computer expenses	535	506	6%	1,041	866	20%
	ther	•	,	,		,	
	Advertising and public relations	119	116	3%	235	252	-7%
((/))	Audit fees and other fees	9	9	0%	18	15	20%
7	Depreciation of furniture and equipment	49	48	2%	97	91	7%
	Freight and cartage	33	32	3%	65	62	5%
715	Non-lending losses	29	24	21%	53	67	-21%
(UD)	Postage and stationery	66	64	3%	130	130	0%
\leq	Professional fees	138	136	1%	274	349	-21%
	Telephone	36	39	-8%	75	68	10%
	Travel	103	105	-2%	208	196	6%
	Amortisation and impairment of intangible assets	68	54	26%	122	95	28%
	Other	74	62	19%	136	190	-28%
To	otal other expenses	724	689	5%	1,413	1,515	-7%
U _R	estructuring						
П	New Zealand technology integration	17	108	-84%	125	-	n/a
	Other	8	15	-47%	23	34	-32%
To	otal restructuring expenses	25	123	-80%	148	34	large
_	perating expenses	3,997	4,026	-1%	8,023	7,304	10%

5. Income tax expense

	econciliation of the prima facie income tax expense on pre-tax	H	lalf Year		ı	ull Year	
	ofit with the income tax expense charged in the Income – atement	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Pro	ofit before income tax	3,768	3,904	-3%	7,672	6,601	16%
Pri	ma facie income tax expense at 30%	1,131	1,171	-3%	2,302	1,980	16%
Та	x effect of permanent differences:						
>>	Overseas tax rate differential	(24)	(5)	large	(29)	5	large
	Rebateable and non-assessable dividends	(3)	(2)	50%	(5)	(5)	0%
	Profit from associates and joint venture entities	(58)	(73)	-21%	(131)	(130)	1%
	Fair value adjustment for OnePath Australia and OnePath New Zealand	-	-	n/a	-	65	-100%
	Mark-to-market (gains)/losses on fair valued investments related to associated entities	-	-	n/a	-	(2)	-100%
	Write-back of investment in Saigon Securities Incorporation	-	-	n/a	-	(7)	-100%
	Write-down of investment in Sacombank	-	11	-100%	11	-	n/a
	Offshore Banking Unit	6	(6)	large	-	(7)	-100%
	New Zealand conduits	-	-	n/a	-	(38)	-100%
	Impact of changes in New Zealand tax legislation	1	(3)	large	(2)	36	large
IJ	OnePath Australia - policyholder income and contributions tax	30	116	-74%	146	150	-3%
7	Non-deductible RBS integration costs	-	4	-100%	4	27	-85%
))	Resolution of US tax matter	-	-	n/a	-	(31)	-100%
	Withholding tax provision no longer required	(35)	-	n/a	(35)	-	n/a
	Other	23	22	5%	45	54	-17%
		1,071	1,235	-13%	2,306	2,097	10%
no	come tax under/(over) provided in previous years	3	-	n/a	3	(1)	large
J, 0	tal income tax expense charged in the income statement	1,074	1,235	-13%	2,309	2,096	10%
Αι	stralia	861	986	-13%	1,847	1,753	5%
Ον	verseas	213	249	-14%	462	343	35%
7		1,074	1,235	-13%	2,309	2,096	10%
Ef	fective Tax Rate - Group	28.5%	31.6%	·	30.1%	31.8%	

Taxation of Financial Arrangements "TOFA"

The Group adopted the new tax regime for financial arrangements (TOFA) in Australia effective from 1 October 2009. The regime aims to more closely align the tax and accounting recognition and measurement of the financial arrangements within scope and their related flows. Deferred tax balances for financial arrangements that existed on adoption at 1 October 2009 will reverse over a four year period.

6. Dividends

	Half Year			ı	Full Year			
Dividend per ordinary share (cents)	Sep 11	Mar 11	Movt	Sep 11	Sep 10	Movt		
Interim (fully franked)	n/a	64	n/a	64	52	23%		
Final (fully franked)	76	n/a	n/a	76	74	3%		
Total	76	64	19%	140	126	11%		
Ordinary share dividend Interim dividend	\$M 1,662	\$M -	% n/a	\$M 1,662	\$M 1,318	% 26%		
Final dividend	-	1,895	n/a	1,895	1,403	35%		
Bonus option plan adjustment	(31)	(35)	-11%	(66)	(54)	22%		
Total ¹	1,631	1,860	-12%	3,491	2,667	31%		
Ordinary share dividend payout ratio (%) ²	74.5%	62.5%	-	68.5%	71.6%			

Dividends are not accrued and are recorded when paid

Ordinary Shares

The Directors propose that a final dividend of 76 cents be paid on 16 December 2011 on each eligible fully paid ANZ ordinary share.
The proposed 2011 final dividend will be fully franked for Australian tax purposes.

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (ANZ) has a Dividend Reinvestment Plan (DRP) and a Bonus Option Plan (BOP) that will operate in respect of the 2011 final dividend. For the 2011 final dividend, ANZ intends to provide shares under the DRP and BOP through the issue of new shares. The "Acquisition Price" to be used in determining the number of shares to be provided under the DRP and BOP will be calculated by reference to the arithmetic average of the daily volume weighted average sale price of fully paid ANZ ordinary shares sold on the ASX during the seven trading days commencing on 18 November 2011 less a 1.5% discount, and then rounded to the nearest whole cent. Shares provided under the DRP and BOP will rank equally in all respects with existing fully paid ANZ ordinary shares. Election notices from shareholders wanting to commence, cease or vary their participation in the DRP or BOP for the 2011 final dividend must be received by ANZ's Share Registrar by 5.00 pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 16 November 2011. Subject to receiving effective contrary instructions from the shareholder, dividends payable to shareholders with a registered address in Great Britain (including the Channel Islands and the Isle of Man) or New Zealand will be converted to pounds sterling and New Zealand dollars respectively at an exchange rate calculated at 5.00 pm (Australian Eastern Daylight Time) on 18 November 2011. There is no foreign conduit income attributed to the dividend.

Preference Shares

	Half Year			F	Full Year			
5)	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
Preference share dividend								
Euro Trust Securities	6	6	0%	12	11	9%		
Dividend per preference share								
Euro Trust Securities	€10.13	€8.11	25%	€18.24	€13.93	31%		

Dividend payout ratio calculated using proposed 2011 final dividend of \$1,999 million (not shown in the above table), which is based on the forecast number of ordinary shares on issue at the dividend record date. Dividend payout ratios for the March 2011 half year and September 2010 year calculated using gross dividend of \$1,662 million and \$1,895 million respectively. Dividend payout ratio calculated by adjusting profit attributable to shareholders of the company by the amount of preference shares dividends paid.

Earnings per share

Half Year			Full Year			
Movt	p 11 Mar 11 \$M \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt		
1%	29.0 2,596.4	2,629.0	2,559.7	3%		
1%	,691 2,664	5,355	4,501	19%		
0%		(12)	(11)	9%		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	* *			
1%	,685 2,658	5,343	4,490	19%		
1%	81.5 2,550.1	2,565.9	2,509.3	2%		
0%	04.0 104.2	208.2	178.9	16%		
1%	,685 2,658	5,343	4,490	19%		
0%	14 14	28	35	-20%		
-8%	22 24	46	51	-10%		
0%	84 84	168	134	25%		
-		.				
1%	,805 2,780	5,585	4,710	19%		
1%	81.5 2,550.1	2,565.9	2,509.3	2%		
-18%	4.1 5.0	4.5	4.8	-6%		
30%	41.6 32.1	41.6	37.2	12%		
25%	38.9 31.0	38.9	32.8	19%		
22%	58.7 130.1	158.7	112.9	41%		
3%	24.8 2,748.3	2,809.6	2,697.0	4%		
-2%	99.3 101.2	198.8	174.6	14%		
1	99.3 101.2 t 30 September 201 quisition Plan or issusted employee sharthe life insurance st 3 at the market price	-2% Mar 2011: 3 by the Com ased awards tory funds.	-2% 198.8 Mar 2011: 31.3 million; Sep by the Company to the ANZ ased awards). In addition, titory funds. These shares are f ANZ ordinary shares less 5			

The US Trust Securities issued on 27 November 2003 convert to ordinary shares in 2053 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 5% unless redeemed or bought back prior to that date. The US Trust Securities can be de-stapled and the investor left with coupon paying preference shares at ANZ's discretion at any time, or at the investor's discretion under certain circumstances. AASB 133 requires that potential ordinary shares for which conversion to ordinary share capital is mandatory must be included in the calculation of diluted EPS. The inclusion of these issues in EPS increased the diluted number of shares by 41.6 million for the half and full year ended 30 September 2011.

UK Stapled Securities (issued on 15 June 2007) are GBP denominated stapled securities that convert to ordinary shares on the fifth anniversary of the issue date at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 5% (subject to certain conversion conditions). AASB 133 requires that potential ordinary shares for which conversion to ordinary share capital is mandatory must be considered in the calculation of diluted EPS. The inclusion of this issue in EPS increased the diluted number of shares by 38.9 million for the half and full year ended 30 September 2011.

There are three "Tranches" of convertible preference shares (ANZ CPS). ANZ CPS1 are convertible preference shares issued on 30 September 2008 that convert to ordinary shares on 16 June 2014 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 2.5% (subject to certain conversion conditions). The ANZ CPS2 are convertible preference shares issued on 17 December 2009 that convert to ordinary shares on 15 December 2016 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares issued on 28 September 2011 that convert to ordinary shares on 15 December 2016 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares on 1 September 2019 at the market price of ANZ ordinary shares less 1.0% (subject to certain conversion conditions). AASB 133 requires that potential ordinary shares for which conversion to ordinary share capital is mandatory, must be included in the calculation of diluted EPS. The inclusion of ANZ CPS1 and CPS2 in EPS increased the diluted number of shares by 158.7 million for the half and full year ended 30 September 2011. However, the conversion of ANZ CPS3 did not have any dilutive impact for the half or full year ended 30 September 2011 and has been excluded.

8. Net loans and advances

	ı	As at (\$M)			ment	
Australia	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10	
Overdrafts	6,326	6,169	6,604	3%	-4%	
Credit card outstandings	9,062	8,912	8,502	2%	7%	
Commercial bills outstanding ¹	17,326	17,371	_	0%	n/a	
Term loans - housing	169,970	165,205	159,046	3%	7%	
Term loans - non-housing	74,206	72,777	69,868	2%	6%	
Lease receivables	1,769	1,510	1,600	17%	11%	
Hire purchase	9,549	9,603	9,974	-1%	-4%	
Other	891	981	878	-9%	1%	
	289,099	282,528	256,472	2%	13%	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America						
Overdrafts	739	694	689	6%	7%	
Credit card outstandings	1,053	1,036	1,060	2%	-1%	
Commercial bills outstanding	1,008	554	432	82%	large	
Term loans - housing	2,850	2,368	2,058	20%	38%	
Term loans - non-housing	33,011	26,285	23,114	26%	43%	
Lease receivables	130	144	116	-10%	12%	
Other	213	250	240	-15%	-11%	
	39,004	31,331	27,709	24%	41%	
New Zealand						
Overdrafts	1,068	1,179	1,378	-9%	-22%	
Credit card outstandings	1,074	1,020	1,056	5%	2%	
Term loans - housing	42,562	40,202	41,554	6%	2%	
Term loans - non-housing	29,170	28,247	29,602	3%	-1%	
Lease receivables	185	174	175	6%	6%	
Hire purchase	419	378	377	11%	11%	
Other	216	211	264	2%	-18%	
(U/J)	74,694	71,411	74,406	5%	0%	
Total gross loans and advances	402,797	385,270	358,587	5%	12%	
Less: Provision for credit impairment (refer note 9)	(4,873)	(4,894)	(5,028)	0%	-3%	
Less: Unearned income ²	(2,216)	(2,179)	(2,262)	2%	-2%	
Add: Capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees	629	615	600	2%	5%	
	(6,460)	(6,458)	(6,690)	0%	-3%	
otal net loans and advances ³	396,337	378,812	351,897	5%	13%	

In 2011 the Group ceased re-discounting commercial bill acceptances in its Australian operations resulting in reclassification of balances into net loans and advances

Includes fees deferred and amortised using the effective interest method of \$414 million (Mar 2011: \$398 million; Sep 2010: \$402 million)

Differs to net loans and advances including acceptances shown on pages 11, 12 and 31 as bill acceptances of \$970 million (Mar 2011: \$577 million; Sep 2010: \$11,495 million) are excluded

Provision for credit impairment

	F	lalf Year		F	ull Year	
Collective provision	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
Balance at start of period	3,177	3,153	1%	3,153	3,000	5%
Charge/(credit) to income statement	(58)	65	large	7	(4)	large
Provisions acquired	-	-	n/a	-	240	-100%
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations	57	(41)	large	16	(83)	large
Total collective provision ¹	3,176	3,177	0%	3,176	3,153	1%
Individual provision	•	•	•	•		
Balance at start of period	1,717	1,875	-8%	1,875	1,526	23%
Charge to income statement for loans and advances	599	594	1%	1,193	1,770	-33%
Provisions acquired	-	-	n/a	-	394	-100%
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations	51	(43)	large	8	(100)	large
Discount unwind	(82)	(103)	-20%	(185)	(165)	12%
Bad debts written-off	(718)	(703)	2%	(1,421)	(1,693)	-16%
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	130	97	34%	227	143	59%
Total individual provision	1,697	1,717	-1%	1,697	1,875	-9%
Total provision for credit impairment	4,873	4,894	0%	4,873	5,028	-3%

Provisions acquired	-	-	n/a	-	240	-100%
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations	57	(41)	large	16	(83)	large
Total collective provision ¹	3,176	3,177	0%	3,176	3,153	1%
Individual provision	<u>,</u>		•	•	·	
Balance at start of period	1,717	1,875	-8%	1,875	1,526	23%
Charge to income statement for loans and advances	599	594	1%	1,193	1,770	-33%
Provisions acquired	-	-	n/a	-	394	-100%
Adjustment for exchange rate fluctuations	51	(43)	large	8	(100)	large
Discount unwind	(82)	(103)	-20%	(185)	(165)	12%
Bad debts written-off	(718)	(703)	2%	(1,421)	(1,693)	-16%
Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	130	97	34%	227	143	59%
Total individual provision	1,697	1,717	-1%	1,697	1,875	-9%
Total provision for credit impairment	4,873	4,894	0%	4,873	5,028	-3%
	<u>+</u>	lalf Year			Full Year	
Provision movement analysis	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt
New and increased provisions	ΨW	ΨΙΝΙ		ΨΙΝΙ	ΨΙΝΙ	
Australia	694	668	4%	1,362	1,620	-16%
Australia Asia Pacific, Europe & America	694 120	668 92	4% 30%	1,362 212	1,620 171	-16% 24%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America						
11	120	92	30%	212	171	24%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand	120 237	92 222	30% 7%	212 459	171 559	24% -18%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	120 237 1,051	92 222 982	30% 7% 7%	212 459 2,033	171 559 2,350	24% -18% -13%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand	120 237 1,051 (322)	92 222 982 (291)	30% 7% 7% 11%	212 459 2,033 (613)	171 559 2,350 (437)	24% -18% -13% 40%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases	120 237 1,051 (322) 729	92 222 982 (291) 691	30% 7% 7% 11% 5%	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913	24% -18% -13% 40% -26%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97)	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34%	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227)	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143)	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1%	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31%	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4)	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement Charge to income statement	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65 675	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large -17%	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7 1,237	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4) 1,787 Movem	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31% sep 11
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement Charge to income statement	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65 675	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large -17% s at (\$M)	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7 1,237	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4) 1,787 Movem Sep 11 v. Mar 11	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31% sep 11 // Sep 10
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement Charge to income statement Individual provision balance Australia	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65 675	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large -17% Sat (\$M) Mar 11 938	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7 1,237	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4) 1,787 Movem Sep 11 v. Mar 11	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31% sep 11 /. Sep 10 -7%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement Charge to income statement Individual provision balance Australia Asia Pacific, Europe & America	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65 675 As Sep 11 908 387	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large -17% s at (\$M) Mar 11 938 373	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7 1,237 Sep 10 977 429	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4) 1,787 Movem Sep 11 v. Mar 11 -3% 4%	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31% -31% -7% -10%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America New Zealand Provision releases Recoveries of amounts previously written-off Individual provision charge for loans and advances Impairment on available-for-sale assets Collective provision charge/(credit) to income statement Charge to income statement Individual provision balance Australia	120 237 1,051 (322) 729 (130) 599 21 (58)	92 222 982 (291) 691 (97) 594 16 65 675	30% 7% 7% 11% 5% 34% 1% 31% large -17% Sat (\$M) Mar 11 938	212 459 2,033 (613) 1,420 (227) 1,193 37 7 1,237	171 559 2,350 (437) 1,913 (143) 1,770 21 (4) 1,787 Movem Sep 11 v. Mar 11	24% -18% -13% 40% -26% 59% -33% 76% large -31% sep 11 /. Sep 10 -7%

	A	s at (\$M)		Movement	
Individual provision balance	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10
Australia	908	938	977	-3%	-7%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	387	373	429	4%	-10%
New Zealand	402	406	469	-1%	-14%
Total individual provision	1,697	1,717	1,875	-1%	-9%

10. Deposits and other borrowings

	As at (\$M)			Mover	Movement		
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11 v. Mar 11	Sep 11 v. Sep 10		
Certificates of deposit	55,554	51,513	39,530	8%	41%		
Term deposits	153,200	142,668	135,467	7%	13%		
Other deposits bearing interest and other borrowings	132,812	114,539	111,391	16%	19%		
Deposits not bearing interest	11,334	10,631	10,598	7%	7%		
Commercial paper	14,333	10,769	11,641	33%	23%		
Borrowing corporations' debt	1,496	1,669	1,756	-10%	-15%		
Total deposits and other borrowings	368,729	331,789	310,383	11%	19%		

Issued and quoted securities

11	erm deposits	153,200	142,668	135,467	7%	13%
0	ther deposits bearing interest and other borrowings	132,812	114,539	111,391	16%	19%
D	eposits not bearing interest	11,334	10,631	10,598	7%	7%
C	ommercial paper	14,333	10,769	11,641	33%	23%
В	orrowing corporations' debt	1,496	1,669	1,756	-10%	-15%
	otal deposits and other borrowings	368,729	331,789	310,383	11%	19%
	1. Share capital					
	Issued and quoted securities					
\bigcirc		Number q	uoted	Issue price per share	Amount up per s	•
0	ordinary shares					
	ordinary shares As at 30 September 2011	2,629,034	4,037			
	5					
	As at 30 September 2011	2,629,034				
	As at 30 September 2011 Issued during the year	2,629,034				

On 13 December 2004 the Group issued \in 500 million hybrid capital. The instruments consist of Floating Rate Non-cumulative Trust Securities issued by ANZ Capital Trust III each representing a unit consisting of \in 1,000 principal amount of subordinated floating rate notes due 2053 issued by ANZ Jackson Funding PLC stapled to a fully paid up preference share with a liquidation preference of \in 1,000 each, issued by Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

	Half Y	ear	Full Ye	ear
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M
Profit as a % of shareholders' equity				
including preference shares at end of period (annualised) ¹	14.2%	15.2%	14.1%	13.2%

Profit attributable to shareholders

12. Shareholders' equity

	Half Year			Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Share capital							
Balance at start of period	21,465	20,757	3%	20,757	20,022	4%	
Ordinary share capital							
Dividend reinvestment plan	655	712	-8%	1,367	1,007	36%	
Group employee share acquisition scheme ¹	77	(32)	large	45	51	-12%	
Treasury shares in OnePath Australia ²	1	1	0%	2	(360)	large	
Group share option scheme	16	27	-41%	43	37	16%	
Total share capital	22,214	21,465	3%	22,214	20,757	7%	
Foreign currency translation reserve Balance at start of period Currency translation adjustments net of hedges after tax	(3,299) 881	(2,742) (557)	20% Iarge	(2,742) 324	(1,725) (1,017)	59% large	
Total foreign currency translation reserve	(2,418)	(3,299)	-27%	(2,418)	(2,742)	-12%	
Share option reserve ³							
Balance at start of period	42	64	-34%	64	69	-7%	
Share based payments and exercises	8	(21)	large	(13)	7	large	
Transfer of options and rights lapsed to retained earnings	_	(1)	-100%	(1)	(12)	-92%	
		(.)	.0070	(.,	(/	- 72 70	

As at 30 September 2011, there were 13,795,601 Treasury shares outstanding (Mar 11: 14,495,458; Sep 10: 11,472,666). Shares in the Company which are purchased on-market by ANZEST Pty Ltd (trustee of ANZ employee share and option plans) or issued by the Company to ANZEST Pty Ltd are classified as Treasury shares (to the extent that they relate to unvested employee share-based awards).

On acquisition of OnePath Australia, an adjustment was made for ANZ shares held by OnePath Australia. As at 30 September 2011, there were 16,469,102 OnePath Australia Treasury shares outstanding (Mar 11: 16,776,922; Sep 10: 16,710,967). OnePath Australia purchases and holds shares in the Company to back policy liabilities in the life insurance statutory funds. These shares are also classified as Treasury shares.

The share option reserve arises on the grant of share options/deferred share rights/performance rights ("options and rights") to selected employees under the ANZ Share Option Plan. Amounts are transferred from the share option reserve to other equity accounts when the options and rights are exercised and to retained earnings when lapsed or forfeited after vesting. Forfeited options and rights due to termination prior to vesting are credited to the income statement.

12. Shareholders' equity, cont'd

	F	lalf Year		Full Year			
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Mov	
Available-for-sale revaluation reserve ⁵							
Balance at start of period	57	80	-29%	80	(41)	large	
Gain/(loss) recognised after tax	83	(53)	large	30	112	-73%	
Transferred to income statement	(14)	30	large	16	9	78%	
Total available-for-sale revaluation reserve	126	57	large	126	80	58%	
Hedging reserve ⁶							
Balance at start of period	29	11	large	11	(90)	large	
Gain/(loss) recognised after tax	142	22	large	164	138	19%	
Transferred to income statement	(2)	(4)	-50%	(6)	(37)	-84%	
Total hedging reserve	169	29	large	169	11	large	
Transactions with non-controlling interests reserve							
Balance at the start of the period	-	-	n/a	-	-	n/a	
Transactions with non-controlling interests ⁷	(22)	-	n/a	(22)	-	n/a	
Total transactions with non-controlling interests reserve	(22)	-	n/a	(22)	-	n/a	
Total reserves	(2,095)	(3,171)	-34%	(2,095)	(2,587)	-19%	
Retained earnings							
Balance at start of period	16,766	15,921	5%	15,921	14,129	13%	
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company	2,691	2,664	1%	5,355	4,501	19%	
Transfer of options lapsed from share option reserve	-	1	-100%	1	12	-92%	
Total available for appropriation	19,457	18,586	5%	21,277	18,642	14%	
Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plans after tax ⁸	(43)	33	large	(10)	(4)	large	
Adjustments to opening retained earnings on adoption of revised accounting standard AASB 3R	-	-	n/a	-	(39)	-100%	
Ordinary share dividends paid	(1,631)	(1,860)	-12%	(3,491)	(2,667)	31%	
Dividend income on Treasury shares held within the Group's life insurance statutory funds	10	13	-23%	23	-	n/a	
Preference share dividends paid	(6)	(6)	0%	(12)	(11)	9%	
Retained earnings at end of period	17,787	16,766	6%	17,787	15,921	12%	
Share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Company	37,906	35,060	8%	37,906	34,091	11%	
Non-controlling interests	48	69	-30%	48	64	-25%	
Total equity	37,954	35,129	8%	37,954	34,155	11%	

The available-for-sale revaluation reserve arises on the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets. Where a revalued financial asset is sold, that portion of the reserve which relates to that financial asset is realised and recognised in the income statement. Where a revalued financial asset is impaired, that portion of the reserve which relates to that financial asset is recognised in the income statement

The hedging reserve represents hedging gains and losses recognised on the effective portion of cash flow hedges. The cumulative deferred gain or loss on the hedge is recognised in the income statement when the hedged transaction impacts profit or loss, consistent with the applicable accounting policy. The premium in excess of the book value paid to acquire an additional interest in a controlled entity from the non-controlling shareholder.

ANZ has taken the option available under AASB 119 to recognise actuarial gains/losses on defined benefit superannuation plans directly in retained earnings

13. Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

There are outstanding court proceedings, claims and possible claims against the Group, the aggregate amount of which cannot readily be quantified. Appropriate legal advice has been obtained and, in the light of such advice, provisions as deemed necessary have been made. In some instances we have not disclosed the estimated financial impact as this may prejudice the interests of the Group.

Refer to Note 44 of the 2011 ANZ Annual Report (when released) for a detailed listing of current contingent liabilities and contingent assets.

Exception fees class action

In September 2010, litigation funder IMF (Australia) Ltd commenced a class action against ANZ, which it said was on behalf of 27,000 ANZ customers (which may now be in excess of 30,000) and relating to more than \$50 million in exception fees charged to those customers over the previous 6 years. The case is at an early stage. ANZ is defending it. There is a risk that further claims could emerge.

Securities Lending

There are ongoing developments concerning the events surrounding ANZ's securities lending business which may continue for some time. There is a risk that further actions (court proceedings or regulatory actions) may be commenced against various parties, including ANZ. The potential impact or outcome of future claims (if any) cannot presently be ascertained. ANZ would review and defend any claim, as appropriate.

On 4 July 2008, ANZ appointed a receiver and manager to Primebroker Securities Limited. On 31 August 2009, an Associate Justice set aside some statutory demands served by the receiver and said that, among other things, ANZ's appointment of the receiver to Primebroker was invalid. The receiver is appealing the decision. ANZ has joined in the appeal.

Separately:

- On 14 April 2010, the liquidator of Primebroker filed an action against the receiver of Primebroker and ANZ, alleging (among other things) that a charge created on 12 February 2008 is void against the liquidators. The action initially claimed \$98 million and was subsequently increased to \$177 million (plus interest and costs) from ANZ.
- On 15 July 2010, Primebroker and some associated companies brought an action against parties including ANZ, seeking approximately \$150 million and certain unquantified amounts. The allegations include misleading or deceptive conduct, wrongful appointment of receivers, and failure to perform an alleged equity investment agreement.

ANZ is defending these actions.

14. Associates, joint venture entities and investments

	ı	lalf Year		1	Full Year		
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Movt	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Movt	
Profit after income tax	193	243	-21%	436	433	1%	

Contributions to profit1

		Contribution to Group post-tax profit					rest p
Associates	Half Y	'ear	Full Y	ear		As at	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M	Sep 11 %	Mar 11 %	Sep 10 %
P.T. Bank Pan Indonesia	29	40	69	79	39	39	39
Metrobank Card Corporation Inc	6	4	10	10	40	40	40
Bank of Tianjin	26	28	54	68	20	20	20
AMMB Holdings Berhad	61	53	114	114	24	24	24
Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank	71	102	173	80	20	20	20
Saigon Securities Inc.	(2)	2	-	9	18	18	18
Other associates	2	14	16	17	n/a	n/a	n/a
Joint ventures							
OnePath Australia Limited ²	-	-	-	28	100	100	100
OnePath NZ Holdings Limited ²	-	-	-	5	100	100	100
Diversified Yield Fund and Diversified Income Fund ³	-	-	-	23	99	99	99
Profit after income tax	193	243	436	433		•	

The results differ from the published results of these entities due to the application of IFRS, Group Accounting Policies and acquisition adjustments. This amounted to \$81 million in 2011 (Sep 2010 full year \$79 million), comprising \$61 million in the March 2011 half and \$20 million in the September 2011 half.

15. Exchange rates Major exchange rates used in translati joint venture entities were as follows:	on of results of offshore con	trolled ent	ities and bra	nches and i	nvestments	in associate	s and	
	Bal	Balance sheet Profit & Loss Average						
15		As at Half Yo		Year Full		ull Year		
	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 10	Sep 11	Mar 11	Sep 11	Sep 10	
Chinese Yuan	6.2149	6.7742	6.4687	6.8160	6.5906	6.7036	6.1242	
Euro	0.7194	0.7305	0.7111	0.7403	0.7303	0.7353	0.6632	
Great British Pound	0.6243	0.6415	0.6105	0.6513	0.6258	0.6386	0.5769	
Indian Rupee	47.599	46.083	43.414	47.663	44.844	46.258	41.509	
Indonesian Rupiah	8573.0	8997.5	8625.3	9075.9	8895.0	8985.7	8279.6	
Malaysian Ringgit	3.1052	3.1266	2.9850	3.1858	3.0679	3.1270	2.9582	
New Zealand Dollar	1.2727	1.3588	1.3139	1.2945	1.3158	1.3051	1.2603	
Papua New Guinea Kina	2.1794	2.6596	2.5920	2.4682	2.6148	2.5413	2.4570	
United States Dollar	0.9731	1.0333	0.9668	1.0544	0.9956	1.0251	0.8990	

16. Significant events since balance date

There are no significant events from 30 September 2011 to the date of this report.

Accounted for as joint ventures up to 30 November 2009 prior to full acquisition

Increase in fair value of securities held in the Diversified Yield Fund and Diversified Income Fund which were accounted for as associates up to 30 November 2009 prior to full acquisition of OnePath (NZ) Holdings Limited

The directors of Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited confirm that the condensed consolidated financial statements set out on pages 97 to 117 are based upon the financial information contained in the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 September 2011.

John Morschel

Chairman

2 November 2011

MA

Michael R P Smith Director

Average balance sheet and related interest

Averages used in the following tables are predominantly daily averages. Interest income figures are presented on a tax-equivalent basis. Impaired loans are included under the interest earning asset category, 'loans and advances'. Intra-group interest earning assets and interest bearing liabilities are treated as external assets and liabilities for the geographic segments.

	Full	Full year Sep 11		Full year Sep 10		
	Ave bal \$M	Int \$M	Rate %	Ave bal	Int \$M	Rate %
Interest earning assets						
Due from other financial institutions						
Australia	2,168	101	4.7%	2,951	117	4.0%
New Zealand	655	14	2.1%	717	19	2.6%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	7,252	106	1.5%	7,509	49	0.7%
Trading and available-for-sale assets						
Australia	32,685	1,520	4.7%	34,994	1,522	4.3%
New Zealand	7,212	336	4.7%	6,716	329	4.9%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	11,460	192	1.7%	10,897	209	1.9%
Loans and advances and acceptances						
Australia	280,821	21,534	7.7%	257,682	18,233	7.1%
New Zealand	73,736	4,654	6.3%	76,869	4,596	6.0%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	32,831	1,426	4.3%	24,056	1,123	4.7%
Other assets						
Australia	4,529	220	4.9%	3,284	144	4.4%
New Zealand	2,235	152	6.8%	2,980	174	5.8%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	11,863	113	1.0%	10,622	93	0.9%
Intragroup assets						
Australia	2,978	574	19.3%	6,069	480	7.9%
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	9,072	9	0.1%	6,638	51	0.8%
	479,497	30,951		451,984	27,139	
Intragroup elimination	(12,050)	(583)		(12,707)	(531)	
	467,447	30,368	6.5%	439,277	26,608	6.1%
Non-interest earning assets						
Derivatives						
Australia	28,506			28,580		
New Zealand	7,979			7,871		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	3,481			3,050		
Premises and equipment	2,163			2,163		
Insurance assets	32,448			27,081		
Other assets	26,691			22,151		
Provisions for credit impairment						
Australia	(3,046)			(3,049)		
New Zealand	(973)			(1,114)		
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(877)			(676)		
	96,372			86,057		
Total average assets	563,819			525,334		

		Full	year Sep 11		Full year Sep 10			
		Ave bal	Int	Rate	Ave bal	Int	Rate	
		\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%	
	sterest bearing liabilities							
H	me deposits	104.000		F F0/	00.040	4.070	4.007	
	Australia	124,080	6,863	5.5%	99,969	4,873	4.9%	
	New Zealand	29,310	1,305	4.5%	29,624	1,267	4.3%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America lyings deposits	46,364	549	1.2%	43,716	455	1.0%	
30	Australia	20,109	821	4.1%	19,458	660	3.4%	
	New Zealand	2,023	47	2.3%	2,094	41	2.0%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	5,097	23	0.5%	2,947	15	0.5%	
01	her demand deposits	5,071	23	0.576	2,747	15	0.576	
	Australia	66,053	2,646	4.0%	62,864	2,114	3.4%	
	New Zealand	13,696	379	2.8%	13,839	343	2.5%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	6,985	28	0.4%	3,312	15	0.5%	
Dı	ue to other financial institutions	0,703	20	0.470	3,312	15	0.570	
	Australia	8,312	367	4.4%	5,399	197	3.6%	
(0)	New Zealand	955	22	2.3%	1,100	27	2.5%	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	14,726	136	0.9%	10,722	103	1.0%	
Q (C)C	ommercial paper	. 1,720	.00	0.770	10//22	.00		
(U/)	Australia	7,570	378	5.0%	6,925	288	4.2%	
	New Zealand	3,384	111	3.3%	7,020	211	3.0%	
Вс	prrowing corporations' debt	.,			, -			
	Australia	519	34	6.6%	1,280	80	6.3%	
	New Zealand	1,190	68	5.7%	1,101	55	5.0%	
Lo	an capital, bonds and notes							
	Australia	67,517	4,102	6.1%	68,445	3,514	5.1%	
(UV)	New Zealand	15,042	725	4.8%	14,074	657	4.7%	
60	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	39	_	0.0%	-	-	0.0%	
Ot	her liabilities ¹							
	Australia	4,260	329	n/a	15,033	799	n/a	
	New Zealand	141	(77)	n/a	51	5	n/a	
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	745	29	n/a	427	20	n/a	
\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	tragroup liabilities							
00	New Zealand	12,050	583	4.8%	12,707	531	4.2%	
(U/)		450,167	19,468	·	422,107	16,270		
In	tragroup elimination	(12,050)	(583)		(12,707)	(531)		
		438,117	18,885	4.3%	409,400	15,739	3.8%	
N	on-interest bearing liabilities							
(())	eposits							
	Australia	4,947			5,000			
	New Zealand	3,718			3,586			
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2,034			1,780			
De	erivatives							
\bigcap	Australia	23,290			25,585			
	New Zealand	6,000			5,907			
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(775)			(1,830)			
(()I)n	surance Liabilities	29,285			23,855			
Ex	ternal unit holder liabilities	5,476			4,662			
Ot	her liabilities	15,861			14,133			
		89,836			82,678			
Tr	otal average liabilities	527,953			492,078			

^{1.} Includes foreign exchange swap costs

		Half	Half year Sep 11		Half year Mar 11		
		Ave bal \$M	Int \$M	Rate %	Ave bal	Int \$M	Rate
Ir	nterest earning assets	φivi	⊅IVI	70	ΦIVI	ΦIVI	70
	ue from other financial institutions						
	Australia	1,673	41	4.9%	2,666	60	4.5%
	New Zealand	734	8	2.2%	575	6	2.1%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	5,831	66	2.3%	8,679	40	0.9%
Tr	ading and available-for-sale assets						
	Australia	33,664	793	4.7%	31,700	727	4.6%
	New Zealand	7,621	175	4.6%	6,801	161	4.7%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	11,470	99	1.7%	11,449	93	1.6%
Lo	pans and advances and acceptances						
	Australia	284,053	10,979	7.7%	277,574	10,556	7.6%
	New Zealand	73,863	2,288	6.2%	73,609	2,366	6.4%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	35,340	724	4.1%	30,308	702	4.6%
0.0	ther assets				,		
015	Australia	4,664	117	5.0%	4,393	103	4.7%
	New Zealand	2,154	76	7.0%	2,317	76	6.6%
20	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	15,747	58	0.7%	7,958	55	1.4%
(U/)	stragroup assets	10,717	00	0.770	7,700	00	1.170
	Australia	3,012	300	19.9%	2,943	274	18.7%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	9,057	(2)	0.0%	9,086	11	0.2%
	Asia Facility, Europe & America	488,883	15,722	0.070	470,058	15,230	0.270
In	tragroup elimination						
- 111	tragroup emmination	(12,069)	(299)		(12,029)	(285)	, 50,
		476,814	15,423	6.5%	458,029	14,945	6.5%
[[]]]]	on-interest earning assets						
G Ob	erivatives	20.400			07.040		
	Australia	30,192			26,812		
	New Zealand	8,461			7,494		
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	3,459			3,503		
(())	remises and equipment	2,154			2,171		
	surance assets	32,119			32,780		
I(C/I)	ther assets	27,830			25,546		
U Pr	rovisions for credit impairment						
	Australia	(3,096)			(2,996)		
	New Zealand	(949)			(998)		
(a 5)	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	(849)		<u> </u>	(906)		
(() 		99,321			93,406		

		Half	year Sep 11		Half	year Mar 11	I
		Ave bal	Int	Rate	Ave bal	Int	Rate
		\$M	\$M	%	\$M	\$M	%
	terest bearing liabilities						
Tin	ne deposits						
	Australia	126,865	3,534	5.6%	121,281	3,330	5.5%
_	New Zealand	29,258	625	4.3%	29,363	681	4.7%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	47,980	293	1.2%	44,739	256	1.1%
Sa	vings deposits						
	Australia	20,211	417	4.1%	20,006	404	4.0%
	New Zealand	2,075	23	2.2%	1,970	24	2.4%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	4,354	10	0.5%	5,845	14	0.5%
Otl	her demand deposits						
	Australia	68,627	1,411	4.1%	63,464	1,236	3.9%
	New Zealand	14,373	187	2.6%	13,014	192	3.0%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	9,199	17	0.4%	4,758	11	0.5%
Du	e to other financial institutions						
75	Australia	8,241	187	4.5%	8,383	180	4.3%
	New Zealand	1,207	14	2.3%	702	8	2.3%
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	15,204	64	0.8%	14,246	72	1.0%
Co	mmercial paper						
	Australia	9,532	240	5.0%	5,597	138	4.9%
	New Zealand	2,744	43	3.1%	4,028	68	3.4%
Во	rrowing corporations' debt						
	Australia	448	13	5.8%	591	21	7.1%
	New Zealand	1,209	37	6.1%	1,171	31	5.3%
i,oa	an capital, bonds and notes						
(T)	Australia	65,532	1,988	6.1%	69,512	2,113	6.1%
$((\ \ \))$	New Zealand	14,780	353	4.8%	15,305	372	4.9%
90	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	54	-	0.0%	23	-	0.0%
Ott	her liabilities ¹						
7	Australia	3,909	160	n/a	4,615	168	n/a
	New Zealand	231	(47)	n/a	50	(30)	n/a
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	925	18	n/a	564	10	n/a
Int	tragroup liabilities						
20	New Zealand	12,069	298	4.9%	12,029	285	4.8%
(U/J)		459,027	9,885		441,256	9,584	
Int	tragroup elimination	(12,069)	(299)		(12,029)	(285)	
		446,958	9,586	4.3%	429,227	9,299	4.3%
No	on-interest bearing liabilities						
De	posits						
	Australia	5,018			4,876		
	New Zealand	3,782			3,653		
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2,239			1,828		
De	rivatives						
\bigcap	Australia	23,302			23,277		
	New Zealand	6,836			5,160		
	Asia Pacific, Europe & America	106			(1,661)		
(()Ins	surance Liabilities	29,382			29,187		
Ex	ternal unit holder liabilities	5,504			5,447		
Otl	her liabilities	15,973			15,749		
		02.142	•	•	07.547	•	
		92,142			87,516		

^{1.} Includes foreign exchange swap costs

	Half \	/ear	Full Year	
	Sep 11 \$M	Mar 11 \$M	Sep 11 \$M	Sep 10 \$M
Total average assets				
Australia	403,100	391,302	397,215	371,370
New Zealand	96,744	94,220	95,486	98,427
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	88,360	77,942	83,168	68,244
less intragroup elimination	(12,069)		(12,050)	(12,707)
	576,135	551,435	563,819	525,334
% of total average assets attributable to overseas activities	30.6%	29.6%	30.1%	30.5%
Average interest earning assets				
Australia	327,066	319,276	323,181	304,980
New Zealand	84,372	83,302	83,838	87,282
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	77,445	67,480	72,478	59,722
less intragroup elimination	(12,069)	(12,029)	(12,050)	(12,707)
75.	476,814	458,029	467,447	439,277
Total average liabilities				
Australia	378,053	367,962	373,021	348,793
New Zealand	90,457	88,099	89,283	92,442
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	82,659	72,711	77,699	63,550
less intragroup elimination	(12,069)	(12,029)	(12,050)	(12,707)
	539,100	516,743	527,953	492,078
% of total average liabilities attributable to overseas activities	29.9%	28.8%	29.3%	29.1%
Total average shareholders' equity¹ Ordinary share capital, reserves and retained earnings Preference share capital	36,164 871 37,035	33,821 871 34,692	34,995 871 35,866	32,385 871 33,256
Total average liabilities and shareholders' equity	576,135	551,435	563,819	525,334
Average shareholders' equity includes OnePath Australia shares that are eliminated from the closing states (Mar 2011: \$359 million; Sep 2010: \$360 million)	arenoiders' equity (palance of \$356	million	

	Half Y	ear	Full Year		
	Sep 11 %	Mar 11 %	Sep 11 %	Sep 10	
Gross earnings rate ¹					
Australia	7.46	7.36	7.41	6.72	
New Zealand	6.02	6.28	6.15	5.86	
Asia Pacific, Europe & America	2.43	2.68	2.55	2.56	
Total Group	6.45	6.54	6.50	6.06	
Interest spread and net interest average margin may be analysed as follows:					
Australia					
Net interest spread	2.23	2.17	2.20	2.23	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.38	0.42	0.40	0.38	
Net interest margin - Australia	2.61	2.59	2.60	2.61	
New Zealand					
Net interest spread	2.10	2.06	2.08	2.02	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.30	0.29	0.30	0.25	
Net interest margin - New Zealand	2.40	2.35	2.38	2.27	
(<i>(</i>					
Asia Pacific, Europe & America					
Net interest spread	1.39	1.64	1.51	1.56	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	(0.00)	(0.04)	(0.02)	(0.02	
Net interest margin - Asia Pacific, Europe & America	1.39	1.60	1.49	1.54	
		•			
Group					
Net interest spread	2.17	2.20	2.19	2.21	
Interest attributable to net non-interest bearing items	0.27	0.27	0.27	0.26	
Net interest margin	2.44	2.47	2.46	2.47	
Average interest rate received on average interest earning assets					

Average interest rate received on average interest earning assets

AAS - Australian Accounting Standards.

AASB - Australian Accounting Standards Board.

Collective provision is the Provision for credit losses that are inherent in the portfolio but not able to be individually identified. A collective provision may only be recognised when a loss event has already occurred. Losses expected as a result of future events, no matter how likely, are not recognised.

Customer deposits represent term deposits, other deposits bearing interest, deposits not bearing interest and borrowing corporations debt excluding securitisation deposits.

Economic profit is a risk adjusted profit measure. Economic profit is determined by adjusting underlying accounting profit with economic credit costs, the benefit of imputation credits and the cost of capital. This measure is used to evaluate business unit performance and is included in determining the variable component of remuneration packages.

Expected loss is determined based on the expected average annual loss of principal over the economic cycle for the current risk profile of the lending portfolio.

FRS – International Financial Reporting Standards.

Impaired assets are those financial assets where doubt exists as to whether the full contractual amount will be received in a timely manner, or where concessional terms have been provided because of the financial difficulties of the customer. Financial Assets are impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of a loss event that occurred prior to the reporting date, and that loss event has had an impact, which can be reliably estimated, on the expected future cash flows of the individual asset or portfolio of assets.

Impaired commitments and contingencies comprises undrawn facilities and contingent facilities where the customer's status is defined as impaired.

Impaired loans comprises drawn facilities where the customer's status is defined as impaired.

Individual provision charge is the amount of expected credit losses on financial instruments assessed for impairment on an individual basis (as opposed to on a collective basis). It takes into account expected cash flows over the lives of those financial instruments.

Liquid assets are cash and cash equivalent assets. Cash equivalent assets are highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity, are readily convertible to cash at ANZ's option and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Net advances includes gross loans and advances and acceptances and capitalised brokerage/mortgage origination fees, less unearned income and provisions for credit impairment.

Net interest average margin is net interest income as a percentage of average interest earning assets.

Net tangible assets equals share capital and reserves attributable to shareholders of the Group less preference share capital and unamortised intangible assets (including goodwill and software).

Operating expenses excludes the provision for impairment of loans and advances charge.

Operating income includes net interest and other operating income.

Pro forma results includes adjustments to restate the Group's underlying profit to assume the acquisitions of OnePath Australia and New Zealand, Landmark and RBS took effect from 1 October 2009. Pro forma results have also been adjusted for exchange rate movements. This enhances the comparability of financial information between reporting periods.

Repo discount is a discount applicable on the repurchase by a central bank of an eligible security pursuant to a repurchase agreement.

Restructured items comprise facilities in which the original contractual terms have been modified for reasons related to the financial difficulties of the customer. Restructuring may consist of reduction of interest, principal or other payments legally due, or an extension in maturity materially beyond those typically offered to new facilities with similar risk.

Revenue includes net interest income and other operating income.

Segment review description:

The Group operates on a divisional structure with Australia, Asia Pacific, Europe & America (APEA), Institutional and New Zealand being the major operating divisions. The Group manages Institutional APEA on a matrix structure. Accordingly, the results for Institutional APEA are included in both the APEA division and Institutional division.

Australia

Australia division comprises Retail, Commercial and Wealth segments, and Operations and Support which includes the central support functions for the division.

Retail

- **Retail Distribution** operates the Australian branch network, Australian call centre, specialist businesses (including specialist mortgage sales staff, mortgage broking and franchisees, direct channels (Mortgage Direct and One Direct)) and distribution services including the ANZ Affluent proposition.
- **Retail Products** is responsible for delivering a range of products including mortgages, cards, unsecured lending, transaction banking, savings and deposits:
 - Mortgages provide housing finance to consumers in Australia for both owner occupied and investment purposes.
 - Cards and Unsecured Lending provides consumer credit cards, ePayment products, personal loans and ATM facilities in Australia.
 - Deposits provide transaction banking and savings products, such as term deposits and cash management accounts.

Commercial

- Esanda provides motor vehicle and equipment finance and investment products.
- Regional Commercial Banking provides a full range of banking services to personal customers and to small business and
 agribusiness customers in rural and regional Australia, and includes the recent acquisition of loans and deposits from Landmark
 Financial Services.
- **Business Banking** provides a full range of banking services, including risk management, to metropolitan based small to medium sized business clients with a turnover of up to A\$50 million.
- Small Business Banking provides a full range of banking services for metropolitan-based small businesses in Australia with lending up to A\$550,000.

Wealth

- ANZ Private & Other Wealth specialises in assisting high net worth individuals and families to manage, grow and preserve
 their family assets. The businesses within ANZ Private & Other Wealth include Private Bank, ANZ Trustees, E*Trade,
 Investment Lending and Other Wealth.
- OnePath Consolidated was formerly the INGA JV entity between ANZ and the ING Groep and is now a wholly owned subsidiary of ANZ. OnePath Consolidated operates as part of ANZ's Wealth business. It provides a comprehensive range of wealth and insurance products available through financial advisers or direct to customers and includes ANZ Financial Planners. OnePath also includes ANZ Financial Planning and ANZ General Insurance.

Asia Pacific, Europe & America (APEA)

Asia Pacific, Europe & America division comprises Retail, Asia Partnerships, Institutional, and Operations & Support which includes the Central Support functions for the division.

- **Retail** which provides retail and small business banking services to customers in the Asia Pacific region and also includes investment and insurance products and services for Asia Pacific customers.
- Asia Partnerships which is a portfolio of strategic partnerships in Asia. This includes investments in Indonesia with PT Bank Pan Indonesia, in the Philippines with Metrobank Cards Corporation, in China with Bank of Tianjin and Shanghai Rural Commercial Bank, in Malaysia with AMMB Holdings Berhad and in Vietnam with Saigon Thuong Tin Commercial Joint-Stock (Sacombank) and Saigon Securities Incorporation.
- Operations & Support which includes the central support functions for the division.
- Institutional Asia Pacific, Europe & America matrix reports to the APEA and Institutional divisions and is also referred to in the paragraph below entitled "Institutional".

Segment review description, continued:

During the September 2010 full year, ANZ acquired selected Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC businesses in Asia. The acquisition of the businesses in Philippines, Vietnam and Hong Kong were completed during the March 2010 half, and the acquisition of the businesses in Taiwan, Singapore and Indonesia during the September 2010 half. The acquisition impacts the Retail and Institutional segments.

New Zealand

New Zealand comprises Retail, Commercial and Wealth segments, and Operations and Support which includes the central support functions (including Treasury funding).

Retail

- Provides a full range of banking services to personal customers under the ANZ and National Bank brands in New Zealand.

Commercial

- Commercial & Agri incorporates the ANZ and National Bank brands and provides financial solutions through a relationship management model for medium-sized businesses, including agri-business, with a turnover of up to NZ\$150 million. Asset Finance (including motor vehicle and equipment finance), operating leases and investment products are provided under the UDC brand.
- Business Banking provides a full range of banking services to small enterprises, typically with turnover of less than NZ\$5 million.

Wealth

- Private Banking includes private banking operations under the ANZ and National Bank brands.
- OnePath New Zealand (formerly ING NZ) manufactures and distributes investment and insurance products and provides related advice. It was formerly a joint venture between ANZ and ING whereby ANZ owned 49% of OnePath NZ and received proportional equity accounted earnings. ANZ acquired the remaining 51% interest to take full ownership during the 2010 financial year.

√nstitutional

Institutional provides global financial services to government, corporate and institutional clients with a focus on solutions for clients with complex financial needs, based on a deep understanding of their businesses and industries, with particular expertise in natural resources, agriculture and infrastructure. Institutional delivers transaction banking, specialised and relationship lending and markets solutions in Australia, New Zealand, Asia Pacific, Europe and America.

- Transaction Banking provides working capital solutions including deposit products, cash transaction banking management, trade finance, international payments, and clearing services principally to institutional and corporate customers.
- Global Markets provides risk management services to corporate and institutional clients globally in relation to foreign exchange, interest rates, credit, commodities, debt capital markets, wealth solutions and equity derivatives. Markets provides origination, underwriting, structuring and risk management services, advice and sale of credit and derivative products globally. Markets also manages the Group's interest rate risk position and liquidity portfolio.
- Global Loans provides term loans, working capital facilities and specialist loan structuring. It provides specialist credit analysis, structuring, execution and ongoing monitoring of strategically significant customer transactions, including project and structured finance, debt structuring and acquisition finance, loan product structuring and management, structured asset and export finance.
- Relationship and infrastructure includes client relationship management teams for global institutional and financial institution and corporate customers in Australia and Asia, corporate advisory and central support functions. The relationship management costs are allocated to the product lines.

Underlying profit represents the directors' assessment of the profit for the ongoing business activities of the Group, and is based on guidelines published by the Australian Institute of Company Directors (AICD) and the Financial Services Institute of Australasia (FINSIA). ANZ applies this guidance by adjusting statutory profit for non-core items that are not part of the normal ongoing operations of the Group including one-off gains and losses, gains and losses on the sale of businesses, non-continuing businesses, timing differences on economic hedges, and acquisition related costs. The adjustments made in arriving at underlying earnings are included in statutory profit, and are therefore subject to audit within the context of the group statutory audit opinion. The external auditor has informed the Audit Committee that the adjustments are based on the guidelines released by the AICD and FINSIA, and consistent with prior period adjustments.

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